FOR CYCLES
CONSULT
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOR CYCLES
CONSULT
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

FOUNDED BY SIR F. M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. X. NO. 282 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1922. TWO ANNAS

The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. In preparing MSS. for the Press, correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to address their communications to the EDITOR, and not to any member of the staff by name. Attention to this rule will save much inconvenience and delay.

In the absence of express agreement to the contrary the copyright of all literary or other contributions published in the "Bombay Chronicle" vests in the Proprietors of the journal.

The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected communications unless a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed for the purpose.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.,) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 5 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

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DAILY EDITION.

	Local.	Mofussil.
YEARLY	Rs. 30	Rs. 35
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QUARTERLY	,, 8	,, 9
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SUNDAY EDITION.

YEARLY	Rs. 5	Rs. 6

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WONDER OF THE WORLD.

If your hair is white or grey why feel shy or feel depressed.
I have prepared an oil Muzferi Kulph which will turn your white hair dark natural black at once.

MANY HAVE USED IT.

Try once sample box. Re. 1-8-0, Big bottle Rs. 5-5-0.
Write:—

HAZRAT MAWLANA HAJI PIR SYED NURSHA HAMDANI.
NURSHAH HAMDANI BUILDING,
Memonwada Road, P. N. 2.
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HOTELS.

Tel. 2710. *Telegraphic*:—"LODGE"
THE ONLY BEST AND COMFORTABLE HOME.
FOR RAJAHS AND HIGH CLASS HINDU FAMILIES.

Shri Narsinh Hindu Lodge

VITHAL SAYANA BUILDING, LOHAR CHAWL
Decent boarding and lodging accommodation guaranteed

For charges:—	Monthly	Daily
Special Class for kings	200—0	10—0—0
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		3—0—0
		2—8—0

STUDENTS GRANTED FOR CONCESSION UPPER CLASS.

SHIPPING

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA.
(Companies Incorporated in England).
MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICE.
P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.
All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.
1922		
2nd December ..	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
9th ,, ..	NARKUNDA †	16,227
16th ,, ..	CALEDONIA	7,622
23rd ,, ..	KARMALA *	9,098
30th ,, ..	CHINA	7,952
1923		
6th January ..	MOLDAVIA†	15,800
13th ,, ..	KASHGAR*	8,840
20th ,, ..	MANTUA	10,902
27th ,, ..	NALDERA †	15,825
3rd February ..	MALWA	10,941
10th ,, ..	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
17th ,, ..	KHYBER ..	9,01[illegible]
24th ,, ..	MACEDONIA†	11,089
3rd March ..	CALEDONIA ..	7,622
10th ,, ..	DEVANHA ..	8,092
17th ,, ..	CHINA ..	7,952
24th ,, ..	MOREA* ..	10,911
31st ,, ..	MANTUA ..	10,902
7th April ..	MALWA ..	10,941
14th ,, ..	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
21st ,, ..	NARKUNDA† ..	16,227
28th ,, ..	MACEDONIA ..	11,089

* Through steamers from China.
†Through steamers from Australia. Have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
P. AND O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN —A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Boulogne shortly after the mail steamer's arrival.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers	Tons.
1922.		
4th December ..	MATIANA	8,600
22nd ,, ..	MULBERA	9,100
1923		
5th January ..	MASHOBRA	8,324
19th ,, ..	GAZANA*	5,284
2nd February ..	GAMARIA*	5,255
16th ,, ..	MASULA*	7,261
7th March ..	MUNDRA	7,275
16th March ..	DOMALA	8,441
30th ,, ..	MATIANA	8,600
13th April ..	MULBERA	9,100
27th ,, ..	MANTOLA	8,963

* Cargo vessels only, will not convey passengers.

P. & O. SAILINGS BOMBAY TO AUSTRALIA and CHINA.

1922.		
14th December	MACEDONIA	Connects at Colombo with s. s. "Nellore."
28th ,,	SOUDAN	
1923		
12th January	MOREA	
22nd ,,	SICILIA	
9th February	NARKUNDA	Connects at Colombo with s. s. "Khyber."
26th February	SOUDAN ..	
9th March ..	MOLDAVIA	Connects at Colombo with s. s. "Karmala"
6th April ..	NALDERA	Connects at Colombo with s. s. "Kashgar"

P. & O. BOMBAY TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS

Date	Steamers.	Tons.
15th December .. 1923.	MACEDONIA	11,089
9th February ..	NARKUNDA	16,227
9th March ..	MOLDAVIA	15,800
6th April ..	NALDERA	15,825

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date about	Steamers	Destination.
29th Nov. ..	KARAGOLA	East & S. Africa.
30th ,, ..	BARJORA..	Basra via Karachi Coasting.
1st Dec. ..	VASNA ..	Basra via Karachi.
2nd ,, ..	LINGA ..	Karachi via K'war.
4th ,, ..	VITA ..	,, ,,

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE and Co,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.
P. O. Box. 123.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANTS MARINE, LIMITED.
AND
B. I. S. N. CO.'S JOINT SERVICE
CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.
Terms Rate of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
12, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box 123.
Telephone No. 1[illegible]

SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE.
Regular Semi-Monthly Service to Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamer	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival	Dep.
Moji Maru ..	Y. Tomioka	3,757	30 Nov.	11 Dec.
Tenshima Maru	T. Takeda	6,746	7 Dec.	14 Dec.
Wakasa Maru ..	M. Goto	3,674	14 Dec.	20 Dec.
Kamakura Maru	J. Fujieawa	5,829	27 Dec.	10 Jan.

All steamers, equipped with every comfort, and fitted with electric lights & fans in every cabin free of charge and wireless telegraphy. A qualified Surgeon and specially trained Chefs carried.
For particulars, apply to—
Y. YOSHIDA, Manager,
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Alice Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay
Phone Nos. 279, 4362. Telegrams "YUSEN."

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD

Fortnightly sailings between Bombay, Karachi and Calcutta, Burma calling at Galle, Tuticorin, Colombo and other coast ports according to demand

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Sailing about.
S.S. "Jalaputra",	8,310	30th November.
S.S. "Jalatarang"	4,300	15th December.

For freight and other particulars apply to
NAROTTAM MORARJEE & Co.,
Agents.
Ismail Buildings, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING

THE BANCO NACIONAL ULTRAMARINO.
(NATIONAL OVERSEAS BANK.)
ESTABLISHED 1864.
Authorised Cap. Esc. 48,000,000 $00—£10,953,080
Paid-up Capital Esc. 24,000,000 $00—£ 5,328,080
Reserved Fund Esc. 27,200,000 $00—£ 6,038,400
(At Par Exchange.)
HEAD OFFICE: LISBON.
STATE BANK OF PORTUGUESE COLONIES.
BOMBAY OFFICE: Bombay Club Building, Esplanade Road.
BRANCHES.
LONDON:
9, Bishopgate, London, E. C. 2.
NEW YORK:
91, Liberty Street.
PARIS:
9, Rue de Helder.
BRAZIL:—Rio de Janeiro, Campos, S. Paulo, Pernambucco, do Norte Para. Manaos.
PORTUGAL:—Aveiro, Beja Braganca, Castelo Branco, Coimbra, Covilha, Evora, Faro, Figueira, da Foz, Guarda, Guimaraes, Leiria, Olhao, Portalegre, Potimao, Porto, Santarem os Montes Mirou.
ADJACENT ISLANDS:—Funchal (Madeira), Ponta Delgada, (S. Miguel Acores), Angra do Heroismo (Acores).
WEST AFRICA:—S. Vincente and S. Tiago (Cape Vert) Eissau and Bolama (Guinea), Kinshassa (Belgian Congo), S. Thomo, Principe, Cabinda, Loanda, Malango, Novo Redondo, Lobito, Benguela, Belmonte (Bihe), Mossamedes, Lubango.
EAST AFRICA:—Lourenco Marques Inhambane, Beira Chinde, Tete, Quelimane, Mocambique Ibo.
INDIA:—Mormugao and Nova Goa.
CHINA:—Macau, TIMOR:—Dili.
Over 3,000 Correspondents in all Important Commercial Centres of the World.
Every description of EXCHANGE and BANKING business transacted.
C. de SEABRA,
Acting Manager

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882.)
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ... Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... ,, 1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... ,, 72,50,000
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.
A. G. GRAY.
Manager.

BANKING

BANK OF BARODA, LD.
Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.
(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.)
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 60,00,000
Capital Called-up ..... Rs. 29,90,390
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 18,00,000
HEAD OFFICE:
Mandvi, Baroda.
BRANCHES:
Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar, Navsari, Meshana, Surat, Bombay, Dabhoi, Petlad Patan and Amreli.
DIRECTORS:
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E., (Chairman).
Gunajirao R. Nimbalkar Esq., B.A., (Sar Suba, Baroda State).
Raj Ratna Sheth Maganbhai P. Haribhakti (Nagar Sheth, Baroda).
Sheth Durgaprasad Shambhuprasad Laskari (Mill Agent, Ahmedabad).
Bhaskarrao V. Mehta Esq., M.A., LL.B., (Bhavnagar).
Maganlal H. Kantavala Esq., M.A., (Agent, The Maharaja Mills Co., Ltd., Baroda).
Raoji Raghunath Shirgaokar Esq., B.A., LL.B. (Suba, Baroda State)
Anant Narayan Datar Esq., (Accountant General, Baroda State).
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of Rs. 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon. It also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rates on application.
C. E. RANDLE,
General Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1895.

	Rs.
Capital Authorised	100,00,000
Capital Issued	50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000
Capital Paid-up	25,80,130
Reserved Fund	18,00,000

HEAD OFFICE LAHORE.

Amritsar	Hapur	Ludhiana
Amballa City	Hoshiarpur	Multan City
Amballa Cant	Hyderabad	Montgomery
Bombay	(Sindh)	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jullundur	Patiala
Calcutta	Jammu	Quetta
Delhi	Jhelum City	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Karachi	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Kasur	Sialkot
Gujranwalla	Lahore City	Srinagar
Gojra	Lyallpur	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Re. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought collected and discounted.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to—
DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED
(REGISTERED IN JAPAN.)
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)
Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 65,000,000
HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES:

Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	London	San Francisco
Buenos Aires	Los Angelos	Seattle
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Singapore
Darien	Nagasaki	Shimonosaki
Frengtien	Newchwang	Sourabaya
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 10,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
H. YAMAZAKI,
Manager.
Hornby Road, Bombay.
Post Bag No. 397.

BANKING

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E. C. 2.
BRANCHES:

Amara	Calcutta
Baghdad	Colombo
Bahrein	Hillah
Basrah	Madras
Bombay	Mosul

Authorised Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £300,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £1,000,000
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Leigh-wood. K. B. E., C.B., C. M. G, Deputy Chairman.
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Brt.
J. H. Batty, Esq.
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq.
Emile Francqui, Esq.
Meyer Sassoon, Esq.
BOMBAY COMMITTEE:
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.
BOMBAY BRANCH:
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.
INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at the rate of 5½ per cent per annum.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on applicaion.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.
L. F. TUCKER.
Manager.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	2,97,61,500
PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 31-3-22 ...	59,82,112/8

HEAD OFFICE.
62-68, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
SUB-BRANCHES.
Zaveri Bazar, 289, Shaik Memon Street.
LONDON AGENTS.
THE LONDON COUNTRY WESTMINSTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES upto Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st. January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANKS.—Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.
LOAN AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities at favourable rates.
SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased and sold.
General Banking and exchange business of every description transacted.
T. C. ANDERSON,
General Manager.

THE BANK OF MORVI, LTD,
(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)
HEAD OFFICE: Fort, Bombay.
BRANCHES—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.
LONDON AGENTS—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital ..... ,, 40,00,000
Reserve Liability for Calls ,, 60,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds ..... ,, 89,000
CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest at 3 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Received at 4 per cent.
STERLING DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.
GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.
STOCK and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.
All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
P. M. PATEL,
Manager.

INSURANCE

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO. LD.
HEAD OFFICE:
7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.
A PROGRESSIVE INDIAN LIFE OFFICE.

	Rs.
Total Invested Funds Exceed	54,68,000
Total Claims Paid over	14,00,000
New Business—1921	55,58,500
New Business—Jan. to Aug., 1922 ...	66,23,000

A "National" Policy combines all that is best and latest for Life Assurance Protection. A specimen Policy form is enclosed with every Prospectus which will amply repay perusal.
For forms, Agencies, etc., apply to:
J. A. KIMBER, General Manager. S. N. BANERJI, Secretary.
or
Messrs. DHURANDHAR BROTHERS, Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency, C. P. and C. I., Esufally Buildings,
Opposite W. & A. Graham & Company, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE, LD.
Established 1891.
Funds and Assets over—Rs. 2,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 2,00,000.
Government of Bengal (Official Trustee) is Trustee of the Reserve Fund.
Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4,000.
LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.
This is the only policy-holders' office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign Office before insuring elsewhere.
For particulars apply to—
J. C. BOSE,
The Secretary or The Chief Agents,
289, Bowbazar Street,
Calcutta.
289, Bowbazar Street,
Calcutta.
Agency Applications Invited.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO. LD.
113, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.
CHAIRMAN.
MAHOMEDBHOY CURRIMBHOY, ESQR.
Attractive Plans for Life Insurance with lowest rates and with special advantages.
For particulars apply to—
JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.

THE NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO. LTD
(Incorporated in India 1907)
MARTIN & CO. Managing Agents

Insure under an Endowment Policy
The Company pays all incidental expenses—you pay the premiums —The Company pays you on maturity or your heirs if death occurs earlier.
NO VEXATIOUUS CONDITIONS
A SIMPLE CONTRACT.—PROMPT PAYMENT
For all particulars and forms apply to—
W. ST. JOHN CHURCH, Resident Manager,
CALCUTTA.
HEAD OFFICE 5/7 Clive St., CALCUTTA
OR, BRANCH SECRETARY, EXAMINER PRESS BUILDING, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

HIGH CLASS WATCHES
ACCURATE DURABLE
Silver Wrist Watch, Lever Jewelled, Rs. 16 Each.
Silver Wrist Screw Case, Radium, Rs. 18 Each.
TWO YEARS' GUARANTEE
SHREE MAHARAJA WATCH Co.
THAKORDWAR, BOMBAY No. 2.

AUCTION SALE.

GANDHI & CO.
AUCTIONEERS
52 Medows Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 4927.

SALE ON WEDNESDAY, THE 29TH NOVEMBER, 1922, AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.), ON THE GROUND FLOOR OF BUILDING NO. 41, NEAR IMPERIAL MANSION, COFFE PARADE, COLABA.

Auction Sale of specially made highly polished drawing, dining and bedroom furniture of the latest design, German-made Cottage piano, rich glass plated and crockery ware, etc.

Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 29th November, 1922, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the above-mentioned place specially made-to-order highly polished teak and black wood drawing, dining table, mealsafe, glass and plank dumb waiters, marble top cabinets, specially made rich satin lined black wood complete suite, Chesterfield sofa and chairs to match table, side teapoys, corner cabinet, very beautiful highly polished hall cabinets, sweet-toned Cottage piano of German make, very decent double teak and wood bedstead, iron cots, easy chairs, made-to-order double and single door almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, roll top office table, revolving book case, revolving chairs, hat-stands, big hall galicha, hall China flower vases, ice box, rich glass and plate ware, etc., etc.

Property of a private gentleman and others.

Catalogues will be published and the goods will be on view three days before sale.

AUCTION SALE OF AN ENGINE AND A BOILER.

Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY, the 10th December, 1922, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the Duncan Road Flour Mill, near Durgadevi:—

One 28 ft. long 7 ft. Dia. Thomas Belly's Lancashire Boiler with 160 lbs Pressure and filled with Hopkinson's fittings, now working with one John Cameron Vertical Donkey and one Feed Water Heater.

One Marshall & Sons 11" x 19" x 30" Drop Valve Belt Drive Tandem Compound non-condensing Engine 105 r. p. m. (Revolutions per minute about 130 H. P. with spare parts.

The Engine and the Boiler are of very best material and workmanship and are in exceptionally good condition.

The above are on view at Duncan Road Flour Mill.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 29th November, 1922.

BENNETT & CO.
129, Apollo Street, Fort.

This Day Wednesday, 29th day of November, 1922, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 8, Queen's Road, opposite the Church Gate Station, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass, crockery and platedware, large dining table arm and without arm chairs, sideboard and dumbwaiters, rich carpets, table ornaments, Chesterfield sofa and easy chairs, suite of sofas and chairs, fancy cabinets, vases, teapoys, single and double bedsteads, mirror almyrahs, cloth and gown presses, dressing and washhand tables, dressing chest of drawers, corner cabinet, ice-boxes, reclining sofas, cane furniture, writing tables, silver cabinets, glass door book cases, aluminium utensils, etc., etc. The property of Major E. Hall and others.

The property of another gentleman.

One DeDion Bouton Landaulette Motor Car, 15-20 H. P. in good running order.

One 15-20 H. P. Bicycle wheel two seater Buick Motor Car in perfect running order with Dickey seat, accessories, etc.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

On THURSDAY, the 30th day of November, 1922 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Wellington House Ormiston Road opposite Taj Mahal Hotel very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass crockery and platedware, large sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, side board, and dumb waiters, rich carpets, table ornaments, Chesterfield sofa and easy chairs, suite of sofas and chairs, fancy cabinets, vases, teapoys, single and double bedsteads, mirror almyrahs, cloth and gown presses dressing and wash hand tables, dressing chest of drawers, corner cabinets, ice boxes, reclining sofas, cane furniture, writing table, silver cabinets, glass door book cases, aluminium utensils, sale by Godrej & D quality etc., etc.

The property of C. A. Flower Esq., and others.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

AUCTION SALE OF WHITE JAVA SUGAR.

Under instructions from Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co., Ltd., Messrs. BENNETT and CO., will on FRIDAY, the 1st December, 1922 sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) at Khana Bazar at the shop of Mr. Venji Damji on account and risk of Mr. Meghji Permanand.

1293 bags white Java Sugar ex. s.s. "Pasha."

The above bags are lying at the B. P. T. Bonded warehouse.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF BIB COCK, PADLOCKS, WIRE GAUZE, PIPES, IRON BARS, GLASSES, MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS, COTTON TENTS, ALMAYRA, etc. etc.

On SATURDAY, the 2nd December at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and CO., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods etc. etc.

By order of the Banks concerned.

1 case Bib cocks, and padlocks, 2 cases galvanised iron wire gauze, 49 bundles steel hoops, 40 bundles Belgian flat iron bars, 172 bundles galvanised pipes, 12 cases scrap glass, 91 cases window glasses, 2 cases mathematical instruments, 9 cases wooden office furniture, 2 bales cotton tents.

By order of N. H. Moos, Esqr., the Receiver appointed in suit No. 1506 of 1922 (Laxmibai v Safiaboo) 1 Almayra.

AT 2-30 P.M.

1 secondhand rubber-tyred office shigram.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred canoe victoria.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred dogcart.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred English Brougham
1 Waler horse going in harness.
1 Arab horse going in saddle and harness.

Bombay, 29th November 1922.

BENNETT & CO.,
Bombay, 29th Nov. 1922.

GRAND AUCTION.
TO-DAY AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).
at COLABA CUFF PARADE.
Next to
Imperial Mansion.
whole Bungalow Furniture.
Do not miss golden opportunity.
GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE.

UNIVERSAL AUCTION.

Selling by Auction every day (Excluding Sunday) at 10 a.m., 5 p.m. and 9 p.m. Fresh and Selected Stock of many kinds of Silk, Cotton, Wool materials, X'mas presents, Crockery Hosiery. Furniture, etc., etc. in their magnificient Mandap at Byculla, opposite Municipal Office. E Ward near Fire Brigade. Do not miss to pay a visit.

MENESSE & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.
No. 35. Hummum Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 4983.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE AND UNCLAIMED BOOKED AND UNBOOKED ARTICLES.

Under instruction from the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act IX of 1890. Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, 9th December, 1922, at 12 noon (S. T.), at the Railway Company's Goods Depot, Colaba, next to the Tramway Company's offices:—

A quantity of booked and unbooked parcels, articles of clothing, umbrellas, etc., etc.

A descriptive list of booked articles can be seen at any important station on the broad gauge section of the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

AUCTION SALE OF 72 SOLID MOTOR LORRY TYRES.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 30th November, 1922, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), at their Rooms, 35, Humum Street, Fort, by order of the Office concerned, the following goods:—

72 Solid Motor Lorry Tyres of different sizes, manufactured by Messrs. Charles Mackintosh and Co., Manchester.

AUCTION SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE MATERIALS AND STORES, AT THE G. I. P. RAILWAY STORES, DEPOT; PAREL.

On THURSDAY, the 14th December, 1922, at 1-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MENESSE and Co, are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the G. I. P. Railway Company's Stores Depot, Parel:—

A quantity of old and unserviceable materials and stores consisting of empty Casks, Lamps of Sorts, Chunam Pans Drums, Paint Kegs; Varnish tins, G. I. Buckets, Forges, Bellows, Hoop Iron, Stoves of Cask, Trolley Wheels, Manilla Rope Leather and Cloth Cuttings, Canvas and Leather Pipes, I. R. Cuttings, Vaccum pipes, Clocks and Watches, Beaters, Hammers, Angers, Locks; Glass Scrap; Ink Bottles Tin Lining, Kerosene Oil tins and cases, lead lined Battery boxes, I. R. Rolling Rings, Steel Files Alluminium Scrap, large quantity of Cast Iron and W. I. Scrap, Empty Packing Cases, Wooden Crates, and Sundry other stores.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required when the lots are knocked down, and the balance must be paid and the materials removed within 14 days excluding Holidays from the day of sale failing which ground rent will be charged by the railway Company.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 29th November, 1922.

MISTRY & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.
9, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 5921.

GENUINE BONA-FIDE SALE.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO LOVERS OF CHINESE FURNITURE, ENGLISH PLATEDWARE, CLOISON AND SATSUMA VASES, OIL PAINTINGS AND HAND COLOURED PHOTOGRAPHS BY WELL-KNOWN ARTIST.

On SATURDAY, the 2nd December 1922, at No. 10, Adenwala Mansions, Chowpatty facing the sea, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MISTRY and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction Sale very valuable teak and black furniture, dining table, full-sized mirror back sideboard, blackwood drawing room suite, Chinese carved furniture, Chinese carved cabinets, writing tables, high back arm chairs, pedestals and palm stands, Sheraton styled iron framed Cottage piano by Alison, Chinese Cloison vases, real Satsumas, brassware, Electric table fan, oil paintings and hand coloured photographs in gold gilded and bronze frame with various subjects such as "Visit of Queen Sheba" "Salome", "Daphne", "Water Nymphs", "Pride of the Harem", etc., etc., by well-known Artists as E. Oberhauser, Otto Singer, Authur Thacker R. A. and Harington. Solid leather suites and attache cases and many other various ornaments, etc., etc.

The property of Capt. F. W. Holden (Retired).

Catalogues will be printed and property is open to view.

MISTRY & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 29th November, 1922.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
Auctioneers and Commission Agents
(123 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay).

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 29th instant, sell by Public Auction at their Sale Rooms, the following:—

SALE AT 4 P.M. (S. T.).

By order of the office concerned and on account and at the risk of the following:—

On account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, Mr. Kamalsey Purbhudas of Jakaria Musjid.

M N 0053 A Y 289—1 case blue border white twill 30 in., No. 300.
M N 0052 A Y 292—1 case blue border white twill 30 in., No. 300.
M N 0054 A Y 293—1 case blue border white twill 30 in., No. 300.
M N 0056 A Y 291—1 case blue border white twill 32in., No. 400.
M N 0055 A Y 294—1 case blue border white twill 32in., No. 400.
M N 0057 A Y 295—1 case blue border white twill 32in., No. 400.

On account and at the risk of the defaulting Indentor Mr. Tricumdas Mathuradas of Govind Gulley, Mulji Jaitha Market,

M N 0026 W T S 1/2—2 cases Cotton Trousering 46in.

SALE AT 3 P.M. (S. T.).

By order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of the concerned:—

17 cases each 100 pieces Chudri No. 525, 44in. by 27 yards piece.

By order of Mr. Mahomedalli Vulleybhoy and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Nazeralli Samsoodin, Jiwajee Suloobhai, Javi and Co., and Ebbrahimji Kadibhoy.

32 drums acetone oil each about 70 gallons.

Drums can be seen at the compound of Shroffwadi, Mount Road, Mazagaon, before the day of sale.

By order of the Bank concerned and on account and at the risk of Mr. Gulamalli Hassanjee.

8226 Bombay M 3/4—2 cases coloured duck, 28/29in.

By order of the bank concerned:—

2 cases razor strops.
1 case ladies and children straw hats.

SORABJI COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 29th November, 1922.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR
TO-DAY AT 6-30 p. m.
"KILDARE OF THE STORM."

THE EXCELSIOR
TO-NIGHT AT 9-30 p. m.
R. Courteneidge &
W. Holloway's London Co.
BULLDOG DROMMOND.
Plans at Rose & Co. Ltd.
To-morrow at 6-30 p. m.
Farewell Recital by
ALFRED MIROVITCH
The World famous Russian Composer—Pianist

THE EMPRESS
TO-DAY at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.
THE MILE-A-MINUTE SERIAL
"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"
BY THE THRILL-A-MINUTE STUNT KING
CHARLES HUTCHISON

Life means nothing to Hutch. The greater the risks the better he likes them.

NO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY WILL INSURE HIM.

"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"
"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"
"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"

EPISODES 10,—11,—12.

Under the distinguished patronage of
H.E. The Hon'ble LADY LLOYD

GRAND RED-CROSS FETE
AHMEDABAD
From 3rd to 9th December,
at Bhagubhai's Vanda.

SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS:—

H. H. THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAR'S STATE-BAND

THE FAMOUS INDIAN ORCHESTRAL BAND FROM BARODA

THE BOY BAG-PIPERS FROM JUNAGADH

"PALACE OF VARIETIES"

VAUDEVILLE SHOWS

BALIWALA DRAMATIC CO.'S PERFORMANCES;

INDIAN CONCERTS

EUROPEAN CONCERTS;

ALSO

NOVEL SIDESHOWS

ATTRACTIVE STALLS

AND

BEAUTIFUL ILLUMINATIONS.

Admission Ticket As. 8
Season Ticket Rs. 2-8

Note:—The Red-Cross Committee reserve the right of making alterations in the Programme.

THIS WEEK THIS WEEK

CINEMA MAJESTIC
OFFERS

A picture adaptation of one of the most interesting story from the Mahabhart Showing the final triumph of the Good over the Evil

VENEE BANDHAN
OR
The Fall of the Kauravas.

The Kauravas guided by evil forces left no stone unturned to usurp the throne of the Pandavas and brought untold miseries upon the Pandavas. See how even the last of the Kauravas was destroyed by the Pandavas by Krishna's Help.

LAVISHLY PRODUCED
by
BHARAT CINEMA FILM Co.
Popular Prices.

AMUSEMENTS.

HAVE YOU SEEN IT?
A Cine-History that has won golden opinions within the past 4 days.
IT IS A TWO-WEEK PICTURE

"THE DISCIPLE OF NAPOLEON"
12 Reels—12,000 feet—all told!

And this first week we screen the Opening 6 Chapters! Chapters with the verve and the velocity, with the grip and vivacity that you always find in that master delineator of human nature

SIR ARTHUR CONAN DOYLE

That internationally famous and popular author of that immortal work of "Sherlock Holmes."

Yes—this Cine-History is reproduced from a memorable great book of this very mastermind.

"THE DISCIPLE OF NAPOLEON"

The love "affaires" of Napoleon's handsome Lieutenant—and the supreme manner in which Napoleon interests himself in them—in spite of all his political and military responsibilities is indeed a treat to follow.

A rollicking Comedy in the programme. To-day: 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p.m. (S. T.)

NOVELTY CINEMA
(Grant Road Tram Terminus)

WEST-END CINEMA
TELL ALL YOUR FRIENDS—ABOUT
"FOOLISH WIVES"
"The Mightiest Spectacle Ever Conceived by the Mind of Mortal Man."
OPENING 8 CHAPTERS THIS WEEK!

Written and directed by
ERICH VON STROHEIM
who plays the leading part—so consummate an artist that he is willing to be known as
"A MAN YOU WILL LOVE TO HATE"

The Universal Super-Jewel, the stupendous Picture reproduction of the Monte Carlo where even saints are sinners.

"FOOLISH WIVES"
which cost more than a million-dollars
A TWO-WEEK PICTURE

Von Stroheim knows women. He is the most fascinating villain you ever saw on the screen.

No Advance in Prices—as we feel confident you will have to see this picture three times over and over again

"FOOLISH WIVES"
With Swaggering Swindlers,—Serene Highnesses,—Counts—Crooks—Snobs—Swells!

An epoch-making event is the presentation by Carl Laemmle of a vividnad realistic romance of Monte Carlo, screened amid scenic backgrounds of unequalled splendour, the turning point of screen art.

In sheer beauty—lavish magnificence—luxurious splendour that is REAL—beyond anything your wildest dreams ever brought you. The one picture you positively must see.

"FOOLISH WIVES"
The Most Wonderful Picture in the World!
To-night: 5-30; 7; 8-45; & 10-30 p. m. (S.T.)
WEST-END CINEMA
(NEW CHURNEY ROAD.)

THE EMPIRE.
TO-DAY 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.
HAROLD LLOYD
IN
"I DO"
Spend a laughter honey-moon with Lloyd and his Lloydy in Laff Land!
PATHE presents
The most sensational Boxing film of modern times.
SIKI
VERSUS
CARPENTIER

IMPERIAL
PRESENTS
SATI-TORAL
IN 7 ACTS
PRODUCED BY
KOHINOOR FILMS Co:-
WITH PATHE GAZETTE.
DAILY FOUR SHOWS
5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m.
EXTRA SHOWS ON SAT. AND SUN.
at 3-30 p. m.

THE EXCELSIOR
Commencing December 4th at 6 & 9-30
D. W. GRIFFITHS MIGHTY PHOTOPLAY
"WAY DOWN EAST"
A Stupendous Production.
Featuring RICHARD BAITLEMISS and LILIAN GISH.

Under Public Patronage.
LALITKALA DARSHA SANGIT NATAK MANDALI
Founded by
Late Mr. KESHAVRAO BHONSLE
will stage at
GRANT ROAD, BOMBAY THEATRE.
Benefit performance in aid of Prarthana Samaj Night Schools.
on
Wednesday 29th November 1922 at 8-30 p. m. (S. T.)
HACH-MULACHA-BAP.
No complimentary tickets will be allowed fo this play.
Saturday 2nd December 1922 at 8-30 p. m. (S. T.)
VIDYAHARAN.
Cast of Characters:—
Shukracharya—Mr. Pendharkar, Kach—Mr. Chapekar, Devayani—Master Shantaram
Sunday 3rd December 1922 at 3 p.m. (S.T.)
SATTECHE-GULAM.
Proprietors.

AMUSEMENTS

GLOBE CINEMA
Sandhurst Road,
UNDER AMERICAN MANAGEMENT
To-day
FINAL INSTALMENT OF
THE GREAT MYSTERY SERIAL
'A Woman in Grey'
EPISODES
No. 13. A Secret Chamber
No. 14. Pages of the past
No. 15. Exonerated
AND
Pathe Snub Pollard Comedy.

UNDER THE KIND PATRONAGE
OF H. H. THE
MAHARAJA GAEKWAD
OF BARODA
Gandharv Natak Mandali
Wednesday 29th November 1922
(Night 8 p. m.)
SWAYAVAR
Saturday 2nd December 1922
(8 p. m.) Night
MRUCCHAKATIK
Sunday 3rd December 1922 (2-30 p. m.) Noon
MANAPAMAN

INDIAN AUTOMOBILE Co
310 LAMINGTON Rd. OFF JACOB CIRCLE
BOMBAY.
Importers of Automobiles,
Repairers & Body Builders,
Stockists of Accessories,
Tyres, Petrol, Oils, Etc.
Motor Auctioneers and
Transport Contractors.
'Phone:
Agents:— 41995.
Laxmidas Haridas & Co.
Next Auction on Saturday
16th December 1922.

Telephone No. 543.
egraphic address: Velvet Leaf" Bombay.
THE HATTERSLEY MILLS Co. Ltd.
Is now producing in quantity lamp wicks (round or flat) domestic and other tapes, Nawar for Charpais and chairs, bandages, puttees, etc. etc. Enquiries are invited for any description of woven fabric in ½" to 4" width whether made from Cotton, Wool, Jute or Linen. Qualities are equal to the imported article and prices are competitive.
Large quantity orders can be supplied under buyers' own label and trade marks. Any imported quality matched.
Samples and prices obtainable from
DAMODAR HARIDAS & Co.,
Shop No. 3/4 Mungaldas Market, Princes Street, BOMBAY.

NOTICE,
THE MADRAS BRAHMINS HINDU RESTAURANT.
GRAND OPENING
FRIDAY, 24th NOVEMBER
at No. 81, Gunbow Street, Opp:—Lawrence Mayo and next to Parsi Agiari, FORT, BOMBAY.
Arrangements, Fitted with Electric Fans, Preparations Excellent.
Sweetmeats in pure ghee and other varieties prepared on up-to-date line by experts to suit everybody's pocket and taste. Coffee, Tea, Cocoa and other fine Cold Drinks ever at customers disposal. Ice Cream a speciality.
Public are requested to give a trial and extend their Patronage.
M. S. SITARAMIER, *Proprietor.*
The Madras Brahmins Lodge,
Gaswalla Building Parel BOMBAY.
and also we sell the world-Renowned Sovereign Ringworm ointment in our Restaurant.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Readers' Private Short advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rate:—

FIRST 20 WORDS—ONE RUPEE.
Every additional word—One Anna.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "apply Box No....." Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number..... Advertisement Department, "The Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A PARSI GRADUATE as a Clerk to do correspondence and to be a sort of general help in a family. Apply stating minimum salary required to Box No. 8750, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R5585

WANTED—A SHORTHAND TYPIST on Rs. 150. Apply personally Messrs. WADIA GHANDY & CO., Solicitors, opposite Rajabai Tower, Bombay.
A 14980

WANTED—PERSONS expert in collecting and forwarding cotton waste. Only those in the line need apply with particulars to Box No. 8755, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R5595

WANTED—Experienced CANVASSERS and AGENTS to sell medicines. Apply with testimonials to NARANJEE BHIMJEE & CO., Bombay 12.
A R5631

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—An experienced SHORTHAND TYPIST for a Solicitor's firm. Apply personally to Messrs. RAMANLAL AND HIMATLAL, Solicitors, 30, Esplanade Road.
A R5634

WANTED—A smart Male SHORTHAND TYPIST, must be experienced in Secretarial work and strong in English. Salary Rs. 150—10—200 with free quarters. Apply with testimonials to the SECRETARY, The "Retreat" Shahibag, Ahmedabad.
A R5609

WANTED—LOCAL AND TRAVELLING AGENTS to sell our Canvas Hand-bags and non-leather Boots and Shoes with rubber soles, which are very handsome, cheap and durable, and to earn from Rs. 40 to Rs. 100 p.m. with only a small investment. Write to JAGDISH HARI & CO., Bareilly.
A 14971

WANTED—AGENTS, having Insurance experience and good influence in their locality, on decent salary. No security deposit or other vexatious conditions to be complied. Apply for rules with particulars of experience to the INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT TRUST, LTD., Egerton Road, DELHI.
A 14837

WANTED—A METER REPAIRER for the Bandra Municipality with experience of Meter repairing, salary Rs. 50-2-60. The successful candidate will be expected to serve on probation for six months. Applications should reach the undersigned before the 4th December, 1922. K. G. GUNJIKAR, B.A., Chief Officer, Bandra Municipality. Municipal Office, Bandra, 27th November, 1922.
A15003

WANTED—Unemployed and others getting meagre pay to see Manager, STANDARD TYPEWRITER CO., 230/31, Hornby Road, opposite Messrs. COX & Co., to better their future prospects by learning in leisure hours, Pitman's Phonetic Shorthand and Typewriting by Touch System. Hundreds have been successfully coached up and are filling good posts as Stenographers and Typists. Why not you. Success Guaranteed. Join to-day.
A

SITUATIONS WANTED

AN Indian lady seeks employment as companion or governess in any respectable family. Apply Box No. 8766, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B R5624

WANTED.—Spare or Whole Time WORK by SHORTHAND TYPIST, knowing Accounts, Correspondence, General Office Work. Salary moderate. Knows Gujerathi, Marathi, Hindi, besides English. Apply Box No. 8739, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
B R5605,

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

TO BE LET.—For High Class Hindoos, just opposite Marine Lines Station, sea view. Apply THIRD FLOOR, between 12 to 3 (S.T.).
C R5600

TO BE LET in Sheriff mansion at Dongri Street, spacious godowns and rooms. Apply to JOOMABHOY SHERIFF & SONS, 205, Nishanpada Road, Bombay 9. Tel. No. 2389.
C R5628

TO BE LET.—A storied BUNGALOW, newly painted at Murzbanabad Road, Andheri, about 6 minutes walk from Station. Apply K. C. MARROTT, 189 Hornby Road, Bombay
C R5601

TO BE LET.—FOR HINDOOS ONLY:—A BUNGLOW open on all sides, airy well ventilated with a spacious garden, nearly twenty minutes' walk from Andheri Railway station Apply or see personally Messrs. CHENTHAM JESRAJ, 393, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.
C R5479

TO LET.—A BUNGALOW near Kalachowki quarries, situated on the Parel Tank Road. The bungalow is spacious and useful for godown and other purposes. Please inquire c/o. The TATA CONSTRUCTION COMPANY BUILDING DEPARTMENT, Love Lane, Mazgaon.
C R15001

TO LET.—Decent FLATS, In each flat, four bed rooms with gallaries and bath rooms attached, drawing room, dining room, kitchen and servant room all fitted with Electric light, very near Dadar, (G. I. P.) Station. Apply MAYASHANKER RATTONJI & Co., Bombay Improvement Trust Plot No. 17, Vincent Cross Road near Dadar (G I. P.) Railway Station.
C R5386

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

TO LET—In Elphinstone Circle, Lift available. Apply to DEVKARAN NANJEE & SONS, 17, Elphinstone Circle.
C R5490

TO BE LET from 1st January, 1923, whole first floor of 24 Mangalore Street, Fort, near British India Office for office use. Apply on the PREMISES.
C R5602

TO LET—To VEGETARIANS only—Two Rooms on Sandhurst Road, suitable for one couple only. Apply Box No. 8747, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
C R5579

TO BE LET.—Airy, commodious FLATS at Walkeshwar Road, facing compound of Government House. Apply personally at the Office of Messrs. DASTUR & CO., Solicitors, Ismail Building, Hornby Road.
C 14964

TO LET—Lock-up and independent, at 426-432 Girgaum Road, Thakurdwar; with facilities of Telephone, Electric Light, Wate and Pit. Apply to DEVKARAN NANJE & SONS.
C R5489

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

WANTED FURNITURES in small lots or large quantity. Good opportunity for those breaking their houses. Apply Post Box 3090, Bombay.

FOR SALE AND HIRE—Household office room, drawing room furnitures at reasonable terms. Apply ADAM SAJAN & CO., 364, Nagdevi Street, next to Mandvi Post, Bombay.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

NEAR Lower Parel Station, three thousand yards of LAND with a shed built near mill precincts. For factories or godowns. Inquire Manager, New Sun Mills.
G R5633

MOTOR & ACCESSORIES

FOR SALE,—1920, 6 Cylinder, BUIC CAR, 5 seater. Perfect mechanical condition. Insured for Rs. 8,000 till October, 1923. Owner must sell. Price Rs. 4,000 or very near offer. Apply to:—T. R. PRATT, Hughes Road Bombay.
R5621

FOR SALE—BRISCOE MOTOR CAR, Model 25 with electric fittings and self-starter. Recently overhauled, upholstered and painted. Price Rs. 3,000 or nearest offer. Please apply to D. D. Jadeja, Ford Expert, Vatcha Bros. Garages, Gaiwady, Girgaum.
J.A. R5590

FOR SALE—LANDAULETTE BIANCHI MOTOR CAR: Zenith Carburettor, C. A. V. Dynamo: Bos Magneto. Sound condition. Owner driven. Apply Box No. 8746, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
J.A. R5576

FOR SALE—One 1916 model seven seater HUPMOBILE TOURING CAR in excellent working condition. Apply to Box No. 8753 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
J.A. R5592

MACHINERY, TOOLS, Etc.,

FOR SALE—"6 Mules Asa lees 1-1/16in Gauge 750 spindles each. Can be seen in excellent working order at the KHATAU MAKANJI SPG. & WG. CO., LTD., Byculla.
K 14973

AVAILABLE NEW LANCASHIRE BOILER 28ft by 7½ft by 150lbs. pressure. Immediate delivery. For particulars apply Post Box 792, Bombay.
K R5604

FOR SALE—An up-to-date STUDIO for producing Cinematograph Films equipped with all up-to-date appliances and sceneries, etc., for sale. For further particulars apply to Box No. 8744, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
K R5570

POWER LOOMS AND COLOUR.—Power looms of 36" Reed space Brand, New English make, colours of genuine make to be sold at a very low price to clear the lots enquire immediately at THE BOMBAY WEAVING AND DYEING WORKS, 132, Parsi Bazar Street, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.
K. 4696.

FOR SALE.—New 16' long Gap Bed Screw cutting Loudon Bros., Lathe, second-hand 15' long Gap Bed Screw cutting Lathe, new hand power Screw cutting machines, new 11½ B. H. P., National Oil Engine, second-hand 9 B. H. P. Crossley, 10 B. H. P National, 11 B. H. P. National Oil Engines, 3' Radial Drilling Machine, new 34 B. H. P. Blackstone Special Crude Oil Engine, new 35 B. H P. Blackstone refined Oil Engine. Prices low to clear B D. BERY & CO., 58, Old Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay. Telegrams: "BLUEMOON". BOMBAY.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

WANTED.—BUYERS HOE AND CO'S DIARY 1923, also Basel Mission Checks and Banians S. RAMU AND CO., Parel.
P R5623

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

TWENTY SHARES of THE INDIAN NEWSPAPER CO., LTD., ("Bombay Chronicle") of the face-value of Rs. 50 each, offered at Rs. 30 each. Apply Box No. 100, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL.

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTIONS, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subject—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

BOOKS AND STAMPS

FOR SALE.—One almost new A. B. C. 5th Edition CODE BOOK. Write to CHIMANLAL DESAI, Damodar Building, Princess Street Bombay 2.
L R5622

WONDERFUL DREAM DICTIONARY, (In English.) No more astrological predictions: The marvellous first novelty unfathomed hitherto. Strictly based on ancient scientific principles and long experiences of the great Wishes. Foretells fortune and fate without horoscope. Price Re. 1 only. The GUPTA ASTRAL ACADEMY, Kasimkot Vizag Distt., South India.
L R5611

FINANCIAL.

WANTED.—A NON-COOPERATOR PARTNER to invest Rs. 20,000 in a lucrative business. Apply Box No. 8763, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R R5614

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

ALWAYS ASK for "SIGNAL" BRAND MILK. Purest and Richest in Cream, JOSEPH TRAVERS & SONS, LTD., 18, Ballard Estates. Bombay No. 1.
T R5629

AUCTION SALE of best furniture, etc., by BENNETT CO. on WEDNESDAY, 29th at 2-30 p.m. at Queen's Road, No. 8, opposite Church Gate Station, Property of Major E. G. Hall of Maharatha Regiment, see Auction advertisement.
T R5615

RARE OPPORTUNITY TO TYPEWRITER BUYERS—FOR SALE—New Oliver Typewriters No. 9 and 10 of any size of a very special reduced price. For particulars apply to THE ARYAN ELECTRO-PLATING WORKS, Picket Road, Kalbadevi, Bombay.
T R5632

ORANGES! ORANGES!! ORANGES!!!—Real Nagpur Oranges direct from the garden to your table. We have opened a department to supply to consumers oranges direct from our gardens at the following rates, subject to market fluctuations. A basket of 50 A quality Rs. 3; a basket of 50 B quality Rs. 2-8; exclusive of railway freight. Cash with order. SIDDIQUI BROS., Ganja Khet, Nagpur City.
T R5561

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE:—

	Rs.
Remington Portable with Case, New, ...	275
Blick 7, Rs. 75, Remington 7, 80, ...	90
Can, Visible, Portable, Back Spacer, ...	110
National Portable, Rs. 115, Fox Portable,	125
Oliver 3, Rs. 110, 5, B. S., 140, Brief, ...	140
Noiseless, Rs. 125, Multiplex Hammond, ...	150
Mercedes, Century Possible, new, Rs. 175,	200
Underwood 5, latest, Rs. 200, Brief, 185,	200
Yost 20, Brief, Rs. 200 Dec. Tabulators	225
L. C. Smith and Bros. 8, Brief, Silent,	225
Oliver 9, latest, Rs. 190, Policy Size, ...	250
Remington 10, Visible, Rs. 175, 200, 220,	275
Remington 11, Brief, Rs. 200, 10, Brief,	260
Remington 10, Factory Rebuilt, as new, ...	
Gujerati Remington 9, Brief, little used,	200
Nicolls and Company, Typewriter Experts,	

Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay.

TYPEWRITERS: Fox Portable Typewriters, improved models, complete with carrying case, all up-to-date devices, self-folding, visible, compact, durable, weight 7 lbs, List price Rs. 220. Now offered at a bargain price of Rs. 175 only. Buy early, few left. Also Standard Model (Office Fox) Typewriters, lowest prices. Investigate. Corona Folding Typewriters, latest model, Rs. 267, complete with case. Rebuilt and second-hand Typewriters from Rs. 100 upwards. Best Typewriter supplies. Repairs to all makes of Typewriters. THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.
T W

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NAROTTAM LIMITED

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the REGISTERED OFFICE of the NAROTTAM LIMITED will be removed to SUDAMA HOUSE, 31, Sprott Road, Ballard Estate, on and from WEDNESDAY, the 29th November, 1922.

By Order of the Board,
WALCHAND HIRACHAND, Director,
Narottam Limited.
C14979

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

FOUR PER CENT. DEBENTURE LOAN 1892.
Thirty years—Rupees 61,61,000.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Trustees of the Fort of Bombay will on THUESDAY, the 30th day of November, 1922, pay to the holders of the Debentures of the above Loan all principal moneys and interest then due in respect of such debentures upon presentation and surrender of the said debentures at the office of the said Trustees in Ballard Road, Bombay, between the hours of 10-30 a.m. and 5-30 p.m. on the said 30th day of November, 1922, from and after which date interest will cease to run on any of the said debentures not so presented and surrendered as aforesaid.

Holders are requested to lodge their debentures for repayment some time before the 30th November, 1922, so that the preliminary examination required may not operate to prevent payment being made on the due date.

Dated this 1st day of September, 1922.

By order of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay,
W. R. S SHARPE,
Secretary.
C C14311

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the REGISTERED OFFICE of the SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD., will be removed to SUDAMA HOUSE, 31, Sprott Road, Ballard Estate, on and from WEDNESDAY, the 29th November, 1922.

By Order of the Board,
NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents.
The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.
C14978

PUBLIC NOTICES

PRIZE VESSELS.

THE UNDERSIGNED VESSELS will be sold as they lie (without docking) and delivery taken at the port named.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be had on application to:—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi and Colombo
BULLOCH, BROS., & Co., Ld.,
Rangoon.
BINNY and Co. (Madras) Ld.,
Madras.

Name	TONNAGE Gross	TONNAGE Nett	Built	Position
KARA DENIZ Formerly "Darmstadt")	5012	3359	1890	Bombay.
WARTURM	9654	2127	1908	London from 26th Nov. till 2nd Dec. thereafter South-ampton

C14921

THE DWARKA "TEMPLE" BRAND PORTLAND CEMENT

GUARANTEED.
British standard tests and specifications.
Used by
GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS
and
Leading Firms in
REINFORCED Concrete Work.
For particulars apply to:—
PURSHOTAM VITHALDAS & CO.,
No. 2, Rampart Row, Fort, BOMBAY.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following temporary appointments:—

(1) Head Clerk ..... Rs. 200—250
(2) Accounts Clerk ..... Rs. 120—160
(3) Head Draftsman ..... Rs. 120—160

Preference will be given to applicants who have had experience in a Railway Engineering District Offices.

Apply in writing with copies of testimonials to:—

The EXECUTIVE ENGINEER,
CONSTRUCTION,
B. B. and C. I. Railway,
Ahmedabad.
C14961

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

DURING the RED CROSS WEEK in Bombay 1st and 2nd class return tickets will be issued to Bombay at 1 1/3 fares. The tickets will be issued between the 8th and the 20th December 1922 both days inclusive and will be available for completion of return journey up to 8-1-23.

This concession is allowed only provided accommodation permits.

E. TREVOR ROBINSON,
Ag General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 27th November, 1922. C14976

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for general information that, with effect as from the 29th of November, 1922, the Registered Offices of the following three Companies will be located on the Third Floor of the Sudama House, Sprott Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay:—

1. The Tata Construction Co., Ltd.
2. Marsland Price and Co., Ltd.,
3. The Bombay Hume Pipe Co., Ltd.

For The Tata Construction Co., Ltd.,
For Marsland Price and Co., Ltd.,
For The Bombay Hume Pipe Co., Ltd.,
P. J. KANGA.
C14994

NOTICE

THIS IS TO NOTIFY that Mr. BALCRISHNA VITHAL AMONEKAR has resigned his office of co-manager of the Shri Laxmi Venkatesh and Shri Samalyalal Temples, situate in the Fort and that we have appointed Mr. Mangesh Narayan Dhume our Agent to help us in the management of the said Temples, i.e. to collect rents, keep order at the temples, attend to Municipal requisitions and to control and improve worship therein. Dated this 27th day of November, 1922.

DATTATRAYA RAMCHANDRA BHENDE,
JAYAWANT DATTATRAYA BHENDE,
Managers, Shri Laxmi Vyanktesh Temples.
C1498

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following Excise licenses (except privileged shops) in the Town and Island of Bombay for the 15 months from 1st January, 1923, to the 31st March, 1924, will be sold by Public Auction as follows:—

SIR COWASJI JEHANGIR HALL.

I. Retail vend of Country Liquor, on Wednesday and Thursday, 6th and 7th December, 1922.
II. Foreign Liquor "on" Licenses on Thursday, 7th December, 1922.

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR OF BOMBAY, OLD CUSTOM HOUSE.

III. Intoxicating Drugs (Ganja, Bhang, etc.) on Saturday, 9th December, 1922.
IV. Opium on Saturday, 9th December, 1922.

2. The Auction will begin each day at 11 a.m.
3. The conditions of sale and the forms of licenses can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Salt and Excise, Bombay, at the Old Custom House, Bombay, during office hours on any working day.

B. W. KISSAN,
Collector of Bombay.
Bombay, 28th November, 1922.
C14999

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WANTED—A LADY DOCTOR for Lakhmidas Tekchand Dispensary. Pay according to qualifications. Apply with testimonials to the undersigned before 20th December, 1922.

HARCHANDRAI TAHILRAM,
President, Tatta Municipality.
C14937

TENDERS.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the following earth-works on the Island.

A. Filling in by Contractor's own light railway.
B. Filling in by Improvement Trust's broad gauge railway.
C. Filling in by cart.

The successful contractor will have to lodge a cash security deposit of Rs. 1,000 with this Office and a deduction of 10 per cent will be made every month from the contractor's Bill and retained by the Board to provide security against failure to carry out the work. The deposit and the amounts so deducted shall be paid to the contractor as soon as he has made good any shrinkage to the satisfaction of the Trust Engineer.

Further particulars and conditions can be obtained from the undersigned on work office, near Sion Station, G. I. P. Railway any morning between 8 a.m. and 11 a.m.

(Sd.) J. REID-SMITH, A. M. Inst. C. E.
Senior Assistant Engineer,
In Charge Scheme 56.
C14962

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the supply of the following articles for one year from 1-3-1923 to 29-2-1924 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on the 11th December, 1922:—

Tender No. I for Ooreed (about 45,07,750 lbs.), Gram (about 5,00,000 lbs.), Bran, Oil-cakes, Rice, Barley, Toor grain, Koolthi, Cotton Seed and Salt for the Municipal bullocks, heifers and horses.

Tender No. 1-A (alternative Tender to No. 1) for Gram (about 50,00,000 lbs.), Bran (about 5,50,000 lbs.), Oil-cakes, Rice, Barley, Toor grain, Koolthi, Cotton Seed and Salt for the Municipal bullocks, heifers and horses.

Alternative rates for the supply of Ooreed (1) as per sample, to be inspected in the office of the Executive Health Officer and (2) of the quality known as Rangoon Ooreed should be distinctly specified in Tender No. I.

Forms of contract, specification, etc., will be issued free of charge to any one deputed to receive them by the Undersigned, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
J. E. SANDILANDS,
Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Department,
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 27th November, 1922.
TA C14995

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited upto 4 p.m. (S. T.) on THURSDAY, the 7th December, 1922, for the construction of laying 6 in. Cast Iron Pine outfall for sullage water at Bunderwadi.

The forms of notice, tenders, conditions of contract and specification can be seen at the Store-keeper's Office.

The tender should contain a statement that the tenderer has seen the conditions of contract agreement and is willing to abide by them in case his tender is accepted.

(Sd.) K. G. GUNJIKAR, B. A.,
Chief Officer,
Bandra Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Bandra, 27th November, 1922.
TA C15002

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

TENDERS for filling in low-lying ground at Elphinstone Bridge North Low Level Road will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on FRIDAY, the 8th day of December, 1922.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and should be delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant.

Forms of contract, specification, etc., will be issued to any one deputed to receive them by the undersigned, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
T. K. RODDAN,
Executive Engineer.
Bombay, 28th November, 1922.
Executive Engineer's Office,
Bombay Municipality.
TA C14998

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

SHETH DEVKARAN MULJI, MOHANLAL CHUNILAL and CHIMANLAL NATHUBHAI were for some time past doing business in Mill Stores and also as General Importers at 88, Apollo Street, within the Fort of Bombay and at Ahmedabad under the name and style of Messrs. Mangaldas Chimanlal and Co. The said firm has been dissolved as and from this date. The said business has been continued by Chimanlal Nathubhai under the same name. The retiring partners Devkaran Mulji and Mohanlal Chunilal have nothing to do with the said new business and the liabilities arising therefrom or therein.

MOTICHAND AND DEVIDAS,
Attorneys for Sheth Devkaran Mulji and Mohanlal Chunilal and Chimanlal Nathubhai partners of the dissolved firm of Messrs. Mangaldas Chimanlal and Company.
Bombay, Nanabhoy Lane,
24th November, 1922. C14967

LEGAL NOTICES,

PUBLIC NOTICE.

OUR CLIENT MR. CHOWEKARAN KELOTH ASSANKUTY KEYI, the Karnavan and Manager of the Chowekaran Kalloth Tarwad of Tellicherry, North Malabar, instruct us to say that his attention has been drawn to a notice appearing in the issue of the "Times of India" of 16th November, 1922 alleging inter alia that our client the said Mr. C K Assankuty Keyi has no power in law to grant leases as he has purported to do and that the leases granted by him, are void and of no binding effect upon the Andravans and other members of the said Tarwad.

We are instructed by our client the said Mr. C. K. Assankuty Keyi to state that the allegations therein made, are absolutely false. Our client as Karnavan and Manager of the said Chowekaren Keloth Tarwad of Tellicherry has in law every right to grant such leases as have been granted by him and that the leases which have already been granted by our client upto now are good and of binding effect not only upon him and his successors but also upon the Andravans of the said Tarwad.

Our client has already given notice of the above fact to Messrs. Surveyor and Co. under whose signature the said notice appears and we are instructed to take such legal steps both civil and criminal against the clients of the said Messrs. Surveyor and Co., as may be necessary to protect our client's rights and interests.

SMETHAM BYRNE & LAMBERT,
Attorneys for Mr. Chowekaran Keloth Assankuty Keyi the Karnavan and Manager of the Chowekaran Keloth Tarwad of Tellicherry, North Malabar.
C14989

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 3264 of 1922.
SUMMARY SUIT.

Plaint filed this 25th day of July 1922.
Summons under O. XXXVII, r. 2, of the Code of Civil Procedure.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LTD., incorporated under the Indian Companies Acts having its Head Office at Simla and a Branch Office at Tamarind Lane within the Fort of Bombay. ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

(1.) M. KANJI & CO., a firm, carrying on business at Marwadi Bazaar without the Fort of Bombay. (2). HAJI ESMAIL GOOLMAHOMED & SON, a firm carrying on business at Kesai Lane, Khadak, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Defendants.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greeting. WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiffs have instituted a suit in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant under Order XXXVII, Rule 2, of the Civil Procedure Code for Rupees 5,010-0-0 for Principal and notarial charges due to them by the 1st and 2nd Defendants jointly and severally at the foot of Hundi dated 27th December 1921 for Rupees 5,000 as mentioned in the Plaint herein costs of the suit and interest on judgment at six per cent. per annum till payment The hearing is provisionally fixed for the 13th December 1922 at 11-30 a.m. of which a copy is hereto annexed, you are hereby summoned to apply to this Court within ten days from the service hereof exclusive of the day of such service, for leave to appear and defend the suit and to appear and defend in pursuance of such leave if granted. In default of your obtaining such leave or of appearance and defence in pursuance thereof, the Plaintiffs will be entitled to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rupees 5,010-0-0 and interest as aforesaid and the sum of Rupees 200 for costs.

Leave to appear and defend may be obtained on an application made within the time aforesaid to the Sitting Judge in Chambers upon your paying into Court the sum herein mentioned or upon affidavits disclosing such facts as the said Judge may deem sufficient to support the application within the meaning of Order XXXVII, rule 3 of the said Code.

WITNESS Sir LALLUBHAI ASHARAM SHAH, Knight, Ag. Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 3rd day of August 1922.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.
for Prothonotary.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

The 15th day of November, 1922.
Amended this 22nd of November 1922 per Postponement Precepie dated 20th Nov. 1922, Messrs. CRAWFORD BAYLEY & Co.
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

EX. A.
Bombay, 27th December 1921.
Due 1st March 1922.
Rs. 5,000.
HUNDI 4R. 8Ans.

(61) Sixty-one days after date we promise to pay Haji Esmail Goolmahomed & Son or order the sum of Five Thousand Rupees only for value received.

(Sd.) M. KANJI & CO.
Marwadi Bazar.

Alliance Bank of Simla Limited,
B. D. No. 28
Bombay
No. 154 1922.
N. N. P. (Sd) I.H.M.
3-3-1922. N. P.

Accepted payable at the
Alliance Bank of Simla, Ltd.
(Sd.) M. KANJI & CO.,
26-1-22.
(On the back).

Payable Alliance Bank of Simla Ld or order Per Pro. Haji Esmail Goolmahomed & Son
(Sd.) M. E. HAJI ABDULLA NURANI.
No. 154 of 1922 Stamp Re. 1.

Dishonoured this day by non payment on presentment for payment at the Office of the The Alliance Bank of Simla Ld. at Tamarind Lane within the Fort of Bombay when payment was refused by Mr. G. T. Wright, Assistant Accountant to the said Bank saying "No funds" and on the same day presented for payment to Mr. Canji Goverdhandas partner in the Promissors firm Messrs. M. Kanji and Co., at their place of business at Marwadi Bazar without the Fort of Bombay who refused to pay the same and said "we will arrange with Messrs. H. E. Goolmahomed and Sons.

Noted 3rd March, 1922, Bombay.

Notary's charges	Rs.	8 0 0
Stamp	Rs.	1 0 0
Conveyance Hire	Rs.	1 0 0
Rupees ...		10 0 0

(Sd.) I. H. MOSLEY,
Notary Public Bombay.
TRUE COPY.
Messrs CRAWFORD BAYLEY & Co.,
Notaries Public, Bombay.
CRAWFORD BAYLEY & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
C14997

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Meeting of the Bombay creditors of Seth Abdul Karim Haji Abdul Sakoor will be held at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on WEDNESDAY, next the 29th instant at Heera Bag near C. P. Tank to consider further important proposals made by Seth Abdul Karim Haji Abdul Sakoor about satisfaction of the debts due to the Bombay creditors.

Dated this 27th day of November, 1922.

DALLAS AND CO.,
Attorneys for the committee appointed by the creditors of Seth Abdul Karim Haji Abdul Sakoor.

C14977

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 3268 of 1922.
SUMMARY SUIT.

Plaint filed this 25th day of July, 1922.
Summons under O. XXXVII, r. 2, of the Code of Civil Procedure.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD., incorporated under the Indian Companies Acts having its Head Office at Simla and a Branch Office at Tamarind Lane within the Fort of Bombay. ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

(1.) MOHMAD USMAN & CO., a firm, carrying on business at Esplanade Road within the Fort of Bombay; (2.) HAJI ESMAIL GOOLMAHOMED & SON, a firm, carrying on business at Kesal Lane, Khadak outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Defendants.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greeting. WHEREAS the above named Plaintiffs have instituted a suit in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant under Order XXXVII, rule 2, of the Civil Procedure Code for Rupees 5,005-0-0 for Principal and notarial charges due to them by the 1st and 2nd Defendants jointly and severally at the foot of Hundi dated 12th January 1922 as mentioned in the Plaint herein costs of the suit and interest on judgment at 6 per cent. till payment. The hearing is provisionally fixed for the 13th December 1922 at 11-30 a.m. of which a copy is hereto annexed, you are hereby summoned to apply to this Court within ten days from the service hereof exclusive of the day of such service, for leave to appear and defend the suit and to appear and defend in pursuance of such leave if granted. In default of your obtaining such leave or of appearance and defence in pursuance thereof, the Plaintiffs will be entitled to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rupees 5,005 with interest as aforesaid and the sum of Rupees 200-0-0 for costs.

Leave to appear and defend may be obtained on an application made within the time aforesaid to the Sitting Judge in Chambers upon your paying into Court the sum herein mentioned or upon affidavits disclosing such facts as the said Judge may deem sufficient to support the application within the meaning of Order XXXVII, rule 3, of the said Code.

WITNESS Sir LALLUBHAI ASHARAM SHAH, Knight, Ag. Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 31st day of July 1922.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
For Prothonotary.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

The 15th day of November 1922.

Amended this 22nd of November 1922 as per Postponement Precipie dated 20th Nov. 1922.

Messrs. CRAWFORD BAYLEY & Co.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

EX A.

Bombay, 12th January 1922.
Due 19th March, 1922.

Rs. 5,000

HUNDI 4R. 8Ans.

(63) Sixty-three days after date we promise to pay Messrs. Haji Esmail Goolmahomed and Son or order the sum of rupees five thousand only for value received.

Alliance Bank of Simla,
Limited Bombay
B. C. No. 37

(Sd.) MAHOMED USMAN & Co.
126, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay

No. 201 of 1922
N. N. P. I. H. M.
2-3-1922 N.P.

Accepted payable at
The Alliance Bank of Simla, Ltd.
(Sd.) MAHOMED OSMAN & CO.,
18-1-22.

(On the back.)

Pay Alliance Bank of Simla, Ld., or order
Per Pro Haji Esmail Goolmahomed & Son.
(Sd.) M. E. HAJI ABDULLA NURANI.

No. 201 of 1922 Stamp Re. 1.

Dishonoured this day by non-payment on presentment for payment at the office of the Alliance Bank of Simla, Limited at Tamarind Lane within the Fort of Bombay when payment was refused by Mr. G. T. Wright, Accountant to the said Bank saying "No funds" and on the same day presented for payment to Mr. Kanji Gordhandas proprietor of the Promissor's firm Messrs. Mahomed Usman and Co. at their office at Esplanade Road within the Fort of Bombay who refused to pay the same and said "we have arranged with the endorser about this Promissory Note."

Noted 20th March, 1922. Bombay.

Notary's Charges	Rs.	4 0 0
Stamp	Rs.	1 0 0
Conveyance Hire	Rs.	0 0 0
Rupees	Rs.	5 0 0

Messrs. CRAWFORD BAYLEY & Co.,
Notaries Public Bombay.

(Sd.) I. H. MOSLEY,
Notary Public, Bombay.

TRUE COPY.
CRAWFORD BAYLEY & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

C14996

PORTABLE AEROTHRUST CENTRIFUGAL PUMPING SETS AND MOTOR OIL ENGINES.
Out Board Motors, Spraying and Lime-Washing Machines, etc.
Sole Agents. S. NAVALKAR & SONS.
Agricultural Merchants and Importers.
210, Princess St., Bombay, 2.

FINANCE AND ECONOMICS.

THE WEALTH OF INDIA.

Reviewing the Census Statistics of the Indore State the "Times of India" observed with its usual ponderous hompiacency: "It is frequently said that the total income per head of the population of India is only about two rupees a month. A different story comes from Indore where the State Census Officer has made some interesting investikations on the subject." After noticing that in Indore City the income per head is Rs. 120 per annum, and that in the districts it is between 30.97 and 37.76, the average for the State being Rs. 42 per head, the "Times of India" went on to observe: "An official calculation in Lord Curzon's day gave the avearge income per head throughout India at Rs. 36.1 per head per annum, but Mr. Rahalkar (the Indore Census Officer) shows that the Director of Statistics now reckons it to be Rs. 53 per head." On what basis the above figures have been arrived at? The Indore Census genius is mentioned by his admirer in the "Times of India" as "showing" the Director of Statistics to be reckoning the present income per head in India at Rs. 53. We cannot see how and where he "shows" if the phrase is used in its ordinary meaning of "demonstrates." The Indore Statistician (?) merely quotes a figure, and the only authority he vouchsafes is "Prof. Basu of Holkar College." But as to whether the new figure Rs. 53 is arrived at independently by the learned professor of the Holkar College, or whether he too has borrowed it from the Director of Statistics is conveniently omitted. Is it upon such slender authority that the "Times of India" will justify "a different story from the common belief in a 2 rupee-per-month-income-in-India theory?

The fact is that the "Times of India" has badly chosen its authority. It is the common faith of those who are more enthusiastic than careful in their observation. Mr. Rahalkar's figures are not worth the paper on which they are printed, as is patent from the figures of the gross annual income per head in the principal countries appended by him to the statement in question. Had the writer mon kate of those who are more enthusiastic in the "Times of India" exercised the least little bit of patience in studying the figures before rushing into print with "a different story" about actually much higher incomes in India than is generally believed to be the case, he would have noticed—we assume, of course, that our contemporary's leader-writers are usually well-informed persons—that a statement which makes Spain the richest country in the world with an income of £69 per head per annum and actually places the U. S. A. fourth in the scale of the rich nations of the world with only £39 per head without even a mention of England must leave a great deal to be desired on the score of accuracy as well as completeness. Mr. Rahalkar, the statistical prodigy of Indore, triumphantly informs the reader of his volume of staistical (save the mark) information:

"In order to accomplish the difficult task of collecting these statistics, I proposed in my Budget proposals for the year 1920-21 that the following special statistical staff should be sanctioned for the purpose, and the Government of His Highness were accordingly pleased to sanction the same with effect from the 1st of October 1920":—

2 Clerks at Rs. 40 p.m. each.
1 clerk at Rs. 35 p.m. each.
2 clerks at Rs. 25 p.m. each.

And the volume referred to is the result! It is a compilation without a plan or principle without system or significance in spite of its 450 odd pages and a hundred odd tables. But wheat can you expect from a staff of 5 clerks? The volume is an utterly undigested mass of absolutely uncoordinated information—quite suitable in places to be an authority for the pundits of the "Times of India." There would be, we are convinced, no injustice in assuming that Mr. Rahalkar and his "staff" are blissfully innocent of such authorities on comparative statistics as Mulhall and Webb's Dictionary. Even a casual glance at this standard, though somewhat absolete, production would have warned the Indore statisticians against the dangers of comparative statements, unsupported by any authority. We offer these remarks subject to the proviso that Mr. Rahalkar has wisely omitted to mention either the source of the table on Rs. 88 or the method of calculaion. But we feel convinced that he is utterly unaware of the labours of men like Sir Edgar Crammond, Sir Chiozza Money, Sir Josiah Stamp—to mention only English authorities—the last mentioned of whom in his paper on the "Wealth and Income of the Chief Powers," published in the Statistical Journal of July 1919 gives the following figures of income per head (pre war) which we earnestly commeced to the conideration of thse leader-writers of the "Times of India."

Country	Income per head	Mr. Rahalkar's figures
United Kingdom	£50	not given
United States	£72	£39
Germany	£30	£22
France	£38	£27
Italy	£23	£12
Australia	£54	£40
Canada	£40	£26
Japan	£6	not given.

We hope, but we cannot believe, that this will suffice for our contemporary. The authorities in India have made a most unnecessary secret of the relative income in India, though estimates have been made by Lord Cromer; Sir David Barbour, Lord Curzon's Finance Member, and the last Director of Statisics. We do not know why the process of these calculation has not yet received the publicity it deserves. Even in these calculations, however, the results, so far as they are known, do not show an income per head, in Lord Curzon's time, exceeding Rs. 36 per distinction of being the poorest country in head, thus leaving us the most unenviable true, must be taken with caution, since the the world. The later estimate of 53, even if value of money has fallen inordinately on account of the War and its aftermath. For our part we shall demand much stronger evidence than the assertions of our contemporary backed by the authority (?) of the Indore statisticians, before we consent to accept a figure larger than Rs. 25 per head. For, taking the land revenue as representing 10 p.c. of the gross produce from land on an average, the 35 crores of that revenue represents an annual income of Rs. 350 crores only. This represents the income of nearly 2/3 of our total population. If to that we add the profits of industry. (25 crores on a total capital of about 270 crores) and of trade: (50 crores at most) and wages of people engaged in industry, transport, trade and public services (125 crores) we get a total national income of about 550 crores in British India. Our estimate is, of course, a rough one but we believe, erring, if at all, on the side of undue liberalism. The income per head in British India thus works out at something less than Rs. 23 per year, and, until the authorities responsible produce sufficiently convincing proofs to induce us to revise our belief we shall continue to hold that India is not only the poorest country among the civilised nations of the world, but the one most heavily taxed for the benefit of a most wasteful and indifferent Government.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 4326 of 1922.
SHORT CAUSE.

Plaint filed the 20th day of September, 1922.
Summons to answer plaint under Section 27, O. V. rr. 1, 5, 7 and 8 and O. VIII. r. 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

THOMAS ELLIS and WALTER ELLIS, both of 23, Billiter Street, London, E. C., carrying on business in partnership under the name and style of J. and R. Grant by their duly constituted Attorney, Reginald Lawford Sharpe, Solicitor of Ewart House, Tamarind Lane, within the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs

versus

CARRIMBHOY JALALBHOY AND CO., a firm, carrying on business as General Merchants and Commission Agents, at 104, Bhosari Moholla, outside the Fort of Bombay .....Defendants

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith Emperor of India, Greeting.

Whereas the abovenamed Plaintiffs have filed a plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendants whereof the following is a concise statement, viz.

The Plaintiffs pray (1) that the Defendants may be decreed to pay to the Plaintiffs the sum of Rs. 12,753-8-0 with further interest on Rs. 5,946-14-0 thereof at 8 per cent per annum from the 4th day of September 1922 till judgment, and further charges and interest thereon incurred in connection with the goods in the Plaint mentioned from the said 4th September 1922 till the said goods are taken up and paid for and costs of the suit and interest on judgment at 6 per cent per annum till payment; and (2) for liberty to sell the said goods and to retain the sale proceeds after deduction of all charges costs and expenses incurred in connection with the said goods and with such sale in part satisfaction of the decretal amount.

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 12th day of December, 1922 at quarter past eleven o'clock (Standard Time) in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiffs and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must produce all your witnesses on that day, and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the Plaintiffs' case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case.

Witness Sir Lallubhai Asharam Shah, Knight Ag. Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 26th day of September 1922.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.
for Prothonotary.

W. J. HOWARD,

The 23rd day of November, 1922.

Messrs. CRAWFORD BAYLEY & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

C14999

WEEKLY REVIEW.

BY "KRISTODAS."

RETRENCHMENT COMMITTEE.

The Government of India have arranged for the Retrenchment Committee receiving written view of public bodies though oral evidence was voted out. This was perhaps natural looking to the scope of work of the Committee. In the first place the value of its report lay in expeditiousness, for the problem is an acute one and cannot wait to stand as problems like the tariff reform and railway management could afford to stand for months and months together. The Indian Merchants' Chamber has taken advantage of this invitation by sending a memorandum on the question to the Secretary of the Retrenchment Committee. In the first place it points out that the constitution of the Committee and the terms of reference to them are not altogether suitable under the circumstances of this country as they have been copied from the constitution and reference of the Geddes Committee in the United Kingdom. What is meant to be implied is perhaps that the Indian Retrenchment Committee should have been empowered to examine as to what is the tax-bearing capacity of the people, whether that capacity has been already reached or not, and what are in general the revenue-yielding sources of this country. All this is outside the purview of the Committee under its terms of reference and it can only examine the different heads of expenditure of the Government of India and point out wherein lies the necessity for retrenchment. Retrenchmeat is a relative term after all, and it is very difficult for a Committee, constituted as this Committee is, to make suggestions regarding retrenchment irrespective of the revenue -yielding capacity of the country. A rich nation can afford to spend, more on efficiency than a poor one, which cannot indulge in the luxury of making a shibboleh of efficiency. In the same way it depends upon the resources of a country as to how far it should spend for the upkeep and maintenance of an army and a navy. Any retrenchment Committee for India, therefore, cannot go on general principal which may apply to other countries but not to this country at all. Nor will a Retrenchment Committee be able to do much which has its scope restricted as that of the Retrenchment Committee has been.

EXPENDITURE ON THE ARMY.

The chief item of expenditure on which practically all the parties are agreed that a cut should be put, is the expenditure on the Army. This expenditure has been increasing tremendously even after the war due specially to the forward policy of the Government of India which is responsible for the sinking of money of the Indian taxpayers in Waziristan, as the Imperialist policy of the British Cabinet has been the instrument of squandering millions of pounds of British taxpayers in Mesopotamia which would have otherwise come in handily in the present depleted finances of that country. The Indian Merchants' Chamber well pointes out that India is called upon often to provide military aid in non-Indian wars or expeditions such as to China, Persia, Abyssinia, Egypt, France, the Dardaneles, etc. etc. A considerable part, if not the whole, cost of these expeditions has been borne by India and the Chamber States that the very fact that large new numbers of troops have sent out of India so many times, without endangering the safety of this country proves that Government have been maintaining a far large army than is required for the defence of India against foreign aggression. It is not only against the strength of the Army set up in India against which the Chamber protests but also against keeping a large British contingent as a part of the Army. The average cost of maintaining British soldiers is very much in excess of the scale of living of 95 per cent of the population of this country which should at once accept the position that the luxury of a British contingent is too much for its poor purse. The problem can only be solved by the evolution of an Indian militia which will be helpful in reducing the strength of the Standing Army as of volunteers. The principal of having Indian Officers for the Army has been accepted by the Government but like so many other principles, it will take them years and years for realising these in practice if the pace at which they have been going at present is too be kept up. At present the Government are sending about a dozen every year for training at the Sandhurst College. Out of the batches which have already been sent very few have been able to come up to his country to accept the commands, at least so far as my information goes. Such a half-hearted and halting manner is not what is required for solving the difficulty. Bold steps must be taken by the Government which should, as the British Government did during the time of war, proceed to train not a paltry dozen but at least a hundred officers every year. Then only can we see, say in a decade, Indian Officers controlling the Indian Army.

OTHER DEPARTMENTS.

With regard to other Departments the Chamber lays down a salutary principle that Government of India Departments which at present, by a singular anomaly, are retained to deal with subjects transferred to Provincial control should no longer exist. These departments are the following:—Local Self-Governent, Public Health and Sanitation, Education, Public Works, Agriculture and Excise. The Chamber suggests the abolition of the Department of Commercial Intelligence and the Department of Satistics as separate departments as also of the Criminal Investigation Department. The Department of Publicities should also have the are put to its roots and similarly the Ecclesiastical Department should no longer be charged on public revenues. The Committee suggest several other directions also in which the Goverment will be able to have wholesale retrenchment without in any way lessening the efficiency of the administration. Their suggestion that the India Council in the United Kingdom should be forthwith abolished should also meet with the heartiest approval of the Indian public, for it has come to be now merely a pasturage for the old and retired members of the Indian Civil Srvice who find it difficult to keep up their position in England after all the kudos which surrounded them in this country in the shape of dozens of chaprasis and special saloons. The India Council may, in fact, be fittingly said to be the trailing clouds of glory which attach to a retired Indian Civilian on leaving this country. It is an anachronism and should now go. The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber have, in their memorandum put up a pity but substantial case for effecting severe retrenchments in the administrative machinery of this country.

INDIAN LABOUR IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Indian Labour must congratulate itself on having as its spokesman Mr. Shapurji Saklatvala in the Imperial Parliament. Though connected with the princely house of the Tatas Mr. Saklatvala courted the North Battersea constituency in the interests of Labour with which he has identified himself for a very long time. Unfortunately, his absence from this country for over 15 years excepting during one short interval when he was here, has kept his countrymen ignorant of his power and potentialities. His abilities as a consummate orator for labour coupled with his high and conscientious sense of duty, his burning enthusiasm for the cause he holds his own, and the fire with which he takes up all questions which affect justice and fair-play, have made of him a power to reckon with in the Labour world of the United Kingdom. Unfortunately, we are living through times of transition when people's perspectives have been changed a good deal. The enthusiasm with which Mr. Dadabhoy Nowrojee's election to the Parliament was greeted by the Indian people would have been ten-fold more at Mr. Saklatavala's election had we been living in normal times; for, besides Mr. Dadabhoy's command of facts and figures Mr. Saklatavala has in him the captivating charm has made of him one of the leaders of the Labour Party which is in the position of a strong opposition and may be returned to power before long. His maiden utterance on the floor of the House of Commons conveys tersely his principal views. The present consitution of the Indian Government drafted outside India by people who were not Indians is, to him, an anachronism and the cause of much of the dissatisfaction which has resulted in the boycott movement. The miserable wages which the Jute mill owners and the colliery proprietors pay to Indian 'coolies' have always found in him an outspoken opponent and he has always done his best to show to his audiences how this under payment of Labour to Indian workmen has resulted in much of the unemployment that is now prevalent in the United Kingdom.

COTTON TRADE OF JAPAN.

Japan had in 1903 some 50 companies representing perhaps three to four times that number of factories with a total paid up capital of 34 millions Yen, with 1,381,306 spindles and over 5,000 looms. In 1913 she had 152 mills, their paid up capital was over 86 million Yen, and their spindles and looms totalled 2,414,499 and 24,224, respectively. In 1921 the figures were mills 217, paid up capital 182 million Yen, spindles 4,161,126 and looms 54,994. This means that in the course of two decades the capital emlployed in the cotten industry has almost increased five times, spindles have increased three times and looms more than ten times. Her production of yarn was about 800,000 bales in 1903, which increased to 1,811000 bales in 1921. Her production of piecegoods in yards was 76 million in 1903 while in 1921 it was 700 million yards. Japan figured rather largely in the bazar rumours and discussions with regard to the recent cotton embroglio in the Bombay market, It is interesting to see that Japan imported from India in 1903 cotton worth 38,588,000 Yen. This rose up to 357,581,000 Yen in 1920, the boom year, after which the imports dropped down to 181,707,000 Yen in 1921. During the last year her total import were worth 438,172,000 Yen from all countries including the United States of America with its 217,435,000 Yen. It will be thus seen that the import from India play an important part in the cotton industry in Japan. The total exports of cotton yarn from Japan in 1921 were valued at 80,568,000 Yen as against 154,981,000 Yen in the boom year, 1920. Of the e exports the portion of India was 11,991,000 Yen and the rest went to China and other countries.

JOTTINGS.

THE TRADE OF INDIA.

Though the Indo-British exchange has of late shown a rising tendency, the trade returns of the current year do not give any ground for the belief that exchange would continue to be firm even at 1s. 4d. the rupee for the rest of the current official year. The foreign trade of India, taken collectively, is in the gross better than last year; but though the balance of trade has, throughout the first seven months of this year, been in favour of this country, the last two months—September and October—have shown a substantial balance against this country. The figures are:—

(In crores of rupees).

1922	Imports	Exports	Re-Exports
September	15.25	20.57	1.22
October	22.91	20.66	97
The same figures for the 7 months of 1922.	163.39	155.24	7.97

Compared with the corresponding period last year the imports have fallen by Rs. 14.28 crores and the exports increased by 35.10 crores. But before we accept these figures as final and conclusive evidence of the return to prosperity, we must remember that the imports in the last two months have shown a rather alarming rate of increase. October shows a net balance against India of Rs. 3.86 crores, as against a favourable balance of Rs. 10 lakhs in the preceding months, and of 9.30 lakhs in the seven months of 1922. And this last figure is exclusive of Rs. 5.56 crores worth of railway material imported direct by State Railway working under company, which is presumably financed out of the heavy sterling loans floated in Britain. If the export trade languishes—after such a monsoon,—even in October we can scarcely consider the trade position as being eminently satisfactory.

PROSPERITY IN BRITISH INDUSTRY.

While on the one hand the British Press has of late been displaying symptoms of a nervous breakdown due to a rare combination of circumstances,—in which the Forchey Tariff in America and the Fiscal Commission Reports in India are the leading factors—there have been indications, on the other hand, of a distinct revival in the industrial position in general. Last week in these columns we published figures relating to the financial position of motor concerns in Britain, which, from the British standpoint, made somewhat gloomy reading. As an antidote, we subjoin this week statistics from the "Times" Trade Supplement of November 4, 1922, which indicates the return of a prosperous season for British trade. The "Times" has analysed the position of nearly 150 concerns in the principal industries of Britain, taking in each case representative concerns as nearly as possible, and discussed the position over a period stretching from the armistice right down to the latest returns. "It should be pointed out", says the "Times," "that as far as possible an attempt has been made to include under the heading of "profits" only *divisible* profits. These amounts do not, therefore, include charges under such headings as taxation, depreciation of fixed or floating assets debenture interest, directors' and auditors' remuneration; nor do they include reserves which are in the nature of provision against specific future liabilities,—such as reserves for depreciation, taxation etc.'

In considering a similar position last week we pointed out that and a good deal of prosperity, as measured by divided profits was the result of refund of excessive Income Tax. In the present instance it might be remarked that the above warning is no doubt necessary, since very often at least in Britain, dividends are paid from what they call dividend equalisation fund, which, in many of the best established concerns, has attained very respectable proportions. Industrial financiering is, it must be conceded, much better understood in Britain than in this country, and, though charges of "over-capitalisation" have not been infrequently been urged in specific instances even in Britain, a proper margin between share capital in all its forms, debenture capital and bankers' overdrafts has succeeded in carrying British industry fairly safely through one of the acutest periods of distribution on record. "Speaking very broadly" says the journal already quoted, "it would appear that the earnings of British industry as a whole were probably somewhere between 6 per cent and 10 per cent in 1920-21 and somewhere between 4 per cent and 8 per cent in 1921-22". It may also be noted as a reply to people most

Continued on page 10.

SHARE REPORTS.

BANKS.

Name	Paid up amount. Rs	Face Value Rs	Div. paid.	Nov. 28. Last Div. Rs.	Nov. 28. Quotations to buy. Rs.
Allahabad Bank	100	100	Feb-Aug.	8%	200
Alliance	100	100	Jan-Aug.	7½	135
Baroda	80	100	Jan-July	7½	72
Imperial	500	500	Jan-July	10%	1320
„ Contributary	123	„		10	340
India	80	100	Jan-July	7½	97/8
Central	28	80	Feb-Oct.	7½	33/8
Tata Bank	22 1/2	75	„	as. 6	15/8
Chartered Bank	£8 £8	Apr-Oct.		12/7 £ 13 1/2	
Eastern	£5 £10	„		6	75
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	$ 125	$ 125	„	£ 5	£ 116
Mercantile Bank of India	£ 12 1/2	„	„	10% £ 27/12	

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Prantij	500	500	Feb.-Oct.	11 1/2%	641
Amritsar Patty	100	100	„	8 1/4%	112
Central Provinces	100	100	„	6%	96
Chaparmukh Silghat	100	100	„	4 1/2%	52/12
Dond-Baramate	100	100	Feb-Aug.	2 1/2%	68
Khulas. Bagirhat	100	100	„	4%	109
Larkhana	100	100	„	4%	70
Mandhra Bhoa	90	100	Feb-Aug.	4 7/8%	82xd
Pachora Jamner	100	100	Feb-Aug.	5	per cent. 58
Sara Sirajgunj	120	100	Mar-Sept.	1 1/6%	66
Sialkote Narowal	100	100	Apr-Oct.	5%	78
Sindh Light	100	100	Jul-Jan.	8 1/2%	118
Tapti Valley	500	500	Mar-Sept.	„	696
Upper Sindh Light	100	100	Feb-Aug.	„	93

CEMENT AND MANGANESE COMPANIES.

Bundi Portland	18	18	July	1/8	29xd
Bamanikus	5	„	„	„	6
Central Mining	10	„	„	32 8%	24/8
Indian Cement	250	250	„	20	218
Katni Cement ord.	100	100	„	20	217/8
„ Defd	40	40	„	184 10	1070
Shivrajpur	19	10	„	4-2-4	29

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

	Rs.	Rs		Rs.	Rs.
Ah. Advances	500	500	Apr-Oct.	250	3400
Alliance. Cotton	100	100	„	40	260
Apollo	50	50	Feb.-Jan.	8	51/8
Birla Mills	100	100	Apl-Sept.	8	68
By. Cotton	500	500	Sept.-Dec.	100	850
By. Dyeing	250	250	Mar-Apl.	72/8	1185
Bradbary	250	250	June.-Nov.	80	980
Bombay Industrial	100	100	„	18	78
Century	100	100	Apl.-Sept.	40	575
Cent. India	500	500	May-Nov.	90	3380
Colaba Land	700	700	March	90	1750
Coorla	100	100	June-Dec.	10	190xd
Crescent	100	100	Mar-Sep.	30	395
Currimbhoy	250	250	„	50	—
David	250	250	Apl.Sep.	45	—
Dawa	250	250	Mar-Apl.	80	900
E. D. Sassoon United	11/2	16	Sept.	as. 8	4
Edward Sassoon	200	200	Mar-Aug.	25	375
Elphinston	100	100	June	23	102 8
Fazulbhoy	250	250	„	100	1175
Framji Petit	1000	1000	Mar,Sept.	125	1900
Globe	100	100	„	30	153/8
Gokak	100	100	„	15	210
Indian Bleaching	100	100	May	10	205
Indore Malwa	100	100	Aug-Feb.	40	552
Jamshed Mfg.	250	250	May-Oct.	15	290
Kastoorchand	500	500	July-Dec.	50	830
Khatao	100	100	Apl.-Nov.	25	605
Kilachand Mill's	25	25	Aug.-Jan.	as. 12	15/4
Kohinoor	500	500	Mar.-Aug.	72/8	1610
Laxmi Cotton	1000	1000	Apl.Oct.	250	4450xd
Madhavrao Scindia	100	100	„	28	160
Madhowji	100	100	July-Dec.	30	380
Mathuradas	500	500	May..Nov,	35	650
Manockji Petit	1000	1000	Mar-Sep.	250	3750
Meyer Sassoon	100	100	Mar.-Aug.	15	217/8
Morarji	1000	1000	Apr,-Nov,	500	8025
New Great	200	200	Mar.-Sep,	35	542/8
New City	102	100	„	25	315
Pabani	250	250	„	50	610
Pearla	250	250	July-Dec.	70	832/8
Phoenix	100	100	Mar-Aug.	65	725
Premier	100	100	May		120
Planet	100	100	Dec.-Aug.	15	150
Presidency Mills	125	125	Aug.-Jan.	25	168
Sassoon Cotton	100	100	Apr.-Aug,	15	—
Shapurji	102	101	Aug.-Sept.	20	195
Sholapur	2000	1000	Apr-Oct.	1800	14,400xd
Simplex	250	250	Jan.-Dec,	70	492
Standard	500	500	Apr.-Sept,	130	2000
Swan	250	250	Mar.-Aug.	70	940
Swadeshi	500	500	Apr-Oct.	200	3250
Tata Mill	500	500	May.-Oct.	80	832
Vishnu Cotton	500	500	Apr.-Oct.	100	1900x

ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

Ahd. Electicy	188	100	„	8%	169
Andhra Valey	1200	1000	„	2	60xd
Bombay Electric Supply Tramway	82	83	„	5	102/4
Tata Hydro	1022	1022	Jan.	38	742

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock	102	123	„	80	360
B. Burma T. Corp	125	125	„	10	450
B. Burma N.I.	50	125	„	4	130/4
By. Flour	500	500	Jan-Aug.	15 %	1450
Bt. Burma Pet	8	£.	„Mar-Oct.	as 3.	7/4
By. Steam	250	250	Oct. Rs. 41/2%		125
Komp & Co.	200		July.	25	140
Marcks	200		July	26	63
New India Insur.	25	250	„	„	10
Oriental Gov-t Life	50	200	April	80%	350
Phillips	48		July	10%	42
Port Canning	1000		Sept.	5 p/o.	610
Scindia Steam	30	30	„	„	6/8
Tata Iron & Steel Ord.	75	75	Sept.	4 %	36/4
Defd	30	30	Sept.	302	21
N. Ord.	75	75	„	„	—
N. Def	400	400	„	„	—
Tata Oil.	183	199	198	„	

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

Meeting of the Standing Committee at 3 p.m. (B. T.).

Mr. K. Dwarkadas' lecture on "Legislatures and Labour", the Sir C. Jehangir Hall, 6-15 p.m.

THURSDAY, November 30

Women's Council Parliamentary Sub-Committee lecture on "Women in the Legal Profession", at 5-30 p.m., at the Seva Sadan, Harvey Road, Gamdevi. Speaker: Miss B. A. Engineer.

The Bombay Engineering Congress, Board Room of the G. I. P. Railway offices, V. Terminus, 11 a.m.

1st day of the All-India vs. All-England Cricket match, the Esplanade.

FRIDAY, December 1.

Public lecture by Dr. Tagore on "A Vision of India's History", Excelsior Theatre, 6-15 p.m. (S. T.). Admission by tickets.

RAILWAY TIMINGS

G. I. P. (VICTORIA TERMINUS)

	Arr. H M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	17 0	12 30
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore)	13 15	21 0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	7 0	15 30
Madras Mail	8 40	21 20
Poona Mail	11 40	14 45
Inter & Ord. Poona Express	12 15	14 10
Poona Express	19 50	7 50
Delhi & Lucknow Express	9 0	22 0
Madras Fast Passenger	21 40	8 15

B. B. & C. I. (COLABA.)

	Arr. H. M	Dep H. M.
Bombay-Peshawar Mail	13 35	16 0
Gujarat Mail	11 10	20 20
Delhi Express	6 30	20 55
Kathiawar Express	7 45	21 30
Express	21 40	7 5

Delhi Express Trains will stop at Grant Road in both directions and at Dadar in the Down direction.

Domestic Occurrence.

DEATH.

A death of well-known safe maker in India Mr. Harichand Munchharam Tejoriwala died on Monday, 27th November 1922, at 5 p.m.

R5625

POSTAL NOTICE.

Mails for Mauritius, and Reunion per extra s. s. Sangola Via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. to-day Wednesday the 29th instant instead of on the 28th instant as previously notified.

TO-DAY'S MEETINGS.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The adjourned monthly meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held (to-day) Wednesday at 6 p.m. (S. T.) at the Congress Office.

LECTURE BY DR. TAGORE AT MOUNT PETIT.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Ladies' Branch National Indian Association. A lecture will be given by Dr. Rabindranath Tagore to-day Wednesday, at 5-30 p.m. at the residence of Mrs. J. B. Petit, Mount Pecit, Pedder Road, kindly lent for the occasion. Members have the privilege of bringing with them two lady friends and are requested to inform the hostess if they will do so.

PARSI RAJKEYA SUBHA.

Under the auspices of the Parsi Rajkeya Subha their will be a public meeting at the Marwadi vidyalaya Hall to-day at 6-30 p.m. (S .T.) to congratulate Mr. Gokuldas Raichura on his retiring from business and devoting himself wholeheartedly to Khaddur Propaganda in Kathiawar when Messrs. Pandya, Manji Govindji, Liladhar Roy Samput, Lalitji, Kooverben will speak and Miss Perin Nauroji will preside.

FORTHCOMING MEETING.

GIRGAON DIST. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The following 3 delegates have been duly elected from the Girgaon ward for the ensuing Gaya Congress:—

(1) Mr. R. S. Padbidri, (2) Mr. R. K. Golikeri, (3) Mr. V. D. Sathaye.

KAMGAR HITAWARDHAK SABHA.

Mr. S. K. Bole Hon. Secretary, Kamgar Hitawardhak Sabha has sent a message of congratulation to Mr. Ramsay MacDonald M. P. on his election as leader of the Labour Party in the House of Commons. Mr. Bole has expressed the desire that Mr. MacDonald will also espouse the cause of Indian labour.

NATIONAL MEDICAL COLLEGE.

Post-Graduate Course.—Programme for the second week. Monday 27th Nov. to Saturday 2nd December 1922.

Time 5 to 6 p.m.

Dr. S. K. Vaidya, M.R.C.S., D. T. M. D. P. H. (Cantab.) Monday. Dr. M. V. Mehta, F. R. C. P., L. M. (Ir.) Management of Normal Labour. Tuesday. Dr. S. R. Shirgaonkar, M. D. (Lond.) Medicine. Wednesday. Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, M. D. F. R. C. S Surgery. Thursday. Dr. A. P. Kothare, L. M. and S. Dentistry. Friday. Dr. B. P. B. Naidu, M. D. D. P. H., M. Hy. Tropical Diseases. Saturday.

"G" WARD DIST. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The Election of 2 Delegates to the Gaya Congress from the "G" Ward District will be held to-morrow (Thursday) at the offices of the "G" Ward Dist. Congress Committee, Top Floor, Chapra Building, opp. Hasali Tank, Dadar, and the West Matunga Mahim Taluka Congress Committee, Katni Building, Lady Hardinge Road, Mahim. Voting will take place between the hours 7 to 10 a.m. and 6 to 9 p.m. and Voting Papers will be supplied at the above offices.

The following 3 candidates have stood for Election:—(1) Dr. N. D. Savarkar, (2) Mr. V. N. Khanolkar, (3) Mr. J. C. Erunza.

A REMINDER.

The Minimum Fees facility offered by the School—to encourage students all over India to take full advantage of our Correspondence Courses in Accountancy, etc., on easiest terms—can only be obtained by those enrolling on or before 7TH DECEMBER.

We have successfully trained hundreds. Apply for particulars:—

THE INDIA SCHOOL OF ACCOUNTANCY, Post Box 2020. CALCUTTA.

THE LATE MR. D. V. RAO.

Mr. D. V. Rao, Captain of the Progressive Volunteer Corps breathed his last on Thursday the 23rd instant. Mr. Rao was the Captain of the corps since its establishment in 1917.

A condolence meeting of the membrs of the Progressive Volunteer Corps will be held on Sunday the 3rd December, at 9-30 a.m (S. T.) in the hall of Dr. M. B. Velkar, at 400, Girgaum, Bombay, to record the sad and untimely death of Mr. D. V. Rao, when members are earnestly requested to be present.

KHADI PROCESSION AT MANDVI.

A big khadi procession has been organised by the khadi sub-committee of the Mandvi District Congress Committee (to-day) Wednesday. The procession will start from the Congress Office at 2-30 p.m. (B. T.) and pass through the Muslim parts of the Ward. Seth Chotani, Seth Ahmed Haji Siddick Khatri, Messrs. Burjorji Framji Bharucha, Belgaumwala, L. R. Tairsee, D. G. Banker, B. N. Mehisheri and others have kindly consented to attend. It will also, be attended by the members of the Pydhonie and Nagpada Khilafat Commities, Halai and Cutchi Memon Anjuman, Hindu Commercial Club and other institutions.

All the Volunteers Corps of the Mandvi Ward are requested to attend half an hour before the time in their respective uniforms.

All the residents of Mandvi Ward are cordially invited to attend in time.

INSTITUTE OF BOOK-KEEPERS LONDON EXAMINATIONS.

Examinations of the institute will be held on Tuesday the 5th December 1922, in the following stages, (1) Preparatory (2) Elementary (3) Associateship and (4) Fellowship, Examinations. Communications regarding the above should be addressed to Mr. C. V. Parekh, Representative, Institute of Book-keepers, London, at victoria Buildings, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

A TRAM CAR FATALITY.

On 17th instant at 8-30 p.m. a tram car was proceeding along Ripon Road when a Mohmedan boy named Mohmed Bashir (10) was seen standing on its rear foot board. Suddenly an alarm was raised and the car was stopped when the boy was found lying behind the car with his ankles crushed. A mob soon gathered on the spot and assaulted the conductor and the driver. Mohmed Bashir was removed to the J. J. Hospital where he succumbed to his injuries.

On Tuesday the Coroner held an inquest touching the death of Mohmed Bashir and the jury returned a verdict of death from injuries sustained by his having been run over by a tram car on his falling apparently by accident from another car.

ROUND UP OF PATHAN SUSPECTS.

In view of the activities of Pathans in Bombay who for some time past are raiding dwelling houses in the northern part of the city, the Bombay police on Sunday raided a number of houses at Sankli Street, Kamatipura, Bellasis Road, Parel Road and Bhendy Bazar, etc., and arrested about a hundred Rampuris and Pathans. Some of the Pathans, it is alleged, are connected with the dacoity at Haji Bunder and the shooting of a ticket collector on the Masjid Bunder Station.

Fifty two Pathans were placed before Magistrates at Mazagaon and Esplanade Police Courts while the rest were allowed to go as apparently there was nothing against them.

SHRI LOKMANYA RASHTRIYA KANYASHALA.

The following contributions to the Lokmanya Rashtriya Kanyashala fund are accepted:—

Miss Dhanlakshmi Maganlal Prabhudas, Rs. 50; Seth Hirji Nansi, Rs. 15; Seth Jagjiwan Ugyansi, Rs. 25; Seth K. M. Munshi, Rs. 15; Shr. Lilaben, Rs. 5; Seth Khursetji Nariman, Rs. 51; Shr. S. N. Dabholkar, Rs. 10; Shr. Jaskorben Gulabchand, Rs. 11; Shr. Pulley, Rs. 10; Shr. Vijaya Ganekar, Rs. 10; Dr. M. G. Khare, Rs. 10; Shr. Anantram, Rs. 2; Shr. L. K. Dange, Re. 1; Shr. Ogale, Re. 1; Shr. L. V. Tikekar, Re. 1; Shr. S. Y. Joshi, Re. 1, Shr. Ben Bachubai D. Thakor, Rs. 21; Ganpati mela (public contribution), Rs. 120; Maha Rastriya Vyapari Parishad, Rs. 52-8-0; Shr. Jivandas B. Ruparel, Rs. 5; Shr. S. R. Athawlae, Rs. 25; Shr. Mayashankar Bhatt, Rs. 40; Shr. Divekar, Rs. 20; Dr. Sirdesai, Rs. 10; one sympathiser, Rs. 10; Shr. N. S. Kunte, Rs. 5; Shr. M. L. Pednekar, Rs. 5; Shr. W. S. Yande, Rs. 5; Shr. D. V. Rege, Rs. 5; Shr. R. B. Dalvi, Rs. 5; Shr. Well Wisher, Rs. 5; Mr. G. B. Rs. 5; Shr. Ladd, Rs. 25; Shr. S. B. Kalse, Rs. 5; Bhanumati Tarkhad, Rs. 5; Shr. Seth Dosabhai Maganlal, Rs. 50; Shr. Narsidas Ganji, Rs. 15; Shr. T. S. Kashalkar, Re. 1; Shr. T. Chandhari, Re. 1; Shr. Anandrao Thakur, Re. 1; Shr. Mohile, Re. 1; Shr. Bhasker Rao, Re. 1; Shr. Shabhang, Re. 1; Well Wisher, Rs. 2; Shr. S. J. Raje Re. 1; Gujrat Store, Rs. 2; Shr. B. V. Bhalkhande, Re. 1; Shr. Kunte, Rs. 5; Shr. G. Godbole, Rs. 5; Shr. Mahajani geo, Rs. 5; Shr. M. R. Pandit, Rs. 10; Shr. Ch. Pendarkar, Rs. 10; Shr. Varerkar, Rs. 5; Shr. Narayandas Rajiram, Rs. 15; and Chunilal S. Mehta, Rs. 2.

CALCUTIA SHARE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 28.

Market has been quiet with little activity in coal section as only outstanding feature. In jutes section, though Howrahs and Olives regained a weaker tendency, some inquiry was noted for several of higher priced shares notably Standards, Naihatis, Fort Williams, Khalisons, Kankinarras, Gourepores and Lansdownes. Benjamin had keen buyers up to Rs. 3-4. In Cotton Dunbars showed a further decline but business was confined to a few contracts. Kesorams were steady round Rs. 10-4. Coal section was again active. Baraboni claimed to Rs. 17-12 this afternoon and there were buyers for Sendra Jainty West, Highfield collieries, Jainty Central, Bilbera, Phularitand, Arrung, Imperial, Samla Govindpur, South Govindpore Bilbera, Union, Bansra, Nazira and New Tetturya. Burrakurs improved to Rs. 37-8, Standards were done at Re. 71 at closing. Miccellaneous section was dull. Carew and Co. were asked for up to Rs. 56, Marshalls were taken at Rs. 6-8, Indian Iron and Steels were reported at Rs. 50-8. Following were closing quotations:—

Government securities:—6 per cent bonds (1927) at 100-14, 6 per cent. Bonds (1930) at 101 s.l., 6 per cent. Bonds (1932) at 101.

Bank:—Calcutta Industrial Bank 6-4 discount s.l.

Railways:—Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar guaranteed 61 s.l.

Cotton:—Bengal Nagpur 370, Dunbar 284, Kesoram 10-2.

Jute:—Benjamin 5-4 discount Budge Budge 431, Clive 36-2, Delta (pref) 95, Empire (pref) 101, Howrah 46-8, Hooghly 56-8 s.l., Kankinarrah 465 s.o.l., Kelvin (pref) 100, Lansdowne 225 s.l. and (pref) 94, Naihati 334, Nuddea 51, Northbrook 53, Reliance 47-8 and (pref) 99 x.d., Union 427.

Coal:—Baraboni 17-8, Bilbera 6-C Bhulanbarareee 41, Bokaro Ramkurh 43-4, Burradhia radhamo 6-12, Burrakur 37-12 East India 33-4, Ghusick and Muslia 27, Gopalichuck 12-12, Imperial 14-3, Jainty West 10, Kesorams and Nyadee 26-12, New Beerbhum (pref) 9-10, Patmohna 8-12, Phularitand 6-4, Sendra 21-10, Searsole 14-2, South Govindpur 2-6, Standard 71, Talcher 9-4, s.l.

Miscellaneous:—Hume Pipe and Concrete Construction 1-2, Indian Galvanising 3-8, Indian Iron and Steel 50-8, Marshalls 6-12, B. I. Corporation 8-10, British Burma Petroleum 7-12, British Ceylon Corporation 4-12, Bengal Papers 28 f u.d., Titaghur Papers 10, Assam Sugar 12, Amasipur Sugar 10-4, Bengal Assam Steamship 220, Lacktoorah Tea 210 x.d., Chowringhee Property (debentures) 5½ per cent.) 80-8, Dalhousie Property (debentures 5½ per cent.) 80.

Exchange:—Bank telegraphic transfer one shilling three and thirty-one thirty-two pence and demand bills one shilling four pence.

Y. M. C. A. IN BOMBAY.

AN APPEAL FOR HELP.

The following appeal has been issued over the signature of the Hon. Sir N. C. Macleod, Chief Justice of Bombay, Chairman of the Red Triangle Fund of the Y. M. C. A., Bombay:—

"I making our Annual Appeal for your assistance in carrying on our various brances in the City, and throughout India, we would like to call special attention to our local work. This year we have eight Branches in different parts of the City, of which the one in Jacob Circle, and the one in Parel, are new burdens that promise to grow very rapidly and are worthy of all our help. The needs of the Student, Procter and Byculla Branches are as great as ever, and we could easily extend our work among the apprentice boys in the City if we had the necessary means.

Our Bombay 1922 Budget calls for at least Rs. 30,000, and our National work needs Rs. 20,000. We appeal to you to help us.

The Association seeks to benefit all races and creeds. It is by no means a charity, it is an investment. The Capital is not only the Young Men and Boys who compose its membership, but also all who come under its influence. The returns for this are to be seen in the more efficeft and improved lives of the young manhood of the City.

Despite the many calls that are being made on the Public about this time the Committee would ask for your most generous support.

All remittances should be sent to Hugh G. Cocke, Esq., the Honorary Treasurer of the Red Triangle Fund, at Allahabad Bank Building Bombay."

The Bombay Y. M. C. A., is one of the largest and the most Cosmopolitan men's clubs in the City, with a membership of more than 1,000 including men from all parts of the would. Nearly 200 men are accommodated in its hostels. A definitely Christian Association, yet its privileges and advantages are open to all creeds and classes. It has seven branches, two for Europeans, four for Indians, and one Army Branch.

The Procter Branch, situated in Rebseh Street, Jacob's Circle, provides facilities for Europeans living in the neighbourhood, but chiefly serves as a hostel at very small charges for boys who are away from home serving their apprenticeship in the Railway and Iron and Steel Workshops in the city. There are 42 apprentices in residence and 20 ordinary boarders.

The Student Branch at Lamington Road, Girgaum, constitutes a hostel under careful supervision for 42 students, who have come from all over India to study, and who need this kind of home. It has a splendid Reference Library and Reading Room.

The Byculla Branch at Reynolds Road, Byculla, has Hostel Accommodation 38 Men and is availed of by the young Indian business men, and students of law and Medicine.

At the Army Branch, up to September of this year regular work was carried on among the troops at:—1. Magine Lines Hut. 2 Marine Lines Hospital. 3. Colaba War Hospital. 4. St. John's Institute, and 5 The District Headquarters

This consisted of lette ing for men in the Indian Hospitals, supplies of newspapers and magazines, entertainments of various kinds including Cinema shows, and Band performances. The Employment Bureau is doing splendid work and up to date employment has been found for more than 1,200 exsepoys, thus rendering a valuable service to the men themselves and also the Business Houses in Bombay. With the establishment of this Bureau came also many Europeans who were out of work, and many were assisted into employment.

At the Central Branch, situated in Wodehouse Road, work is chiefly carried on among young business men from England also among the Anglo-Indians and the Domiciled Community. There are nearly 400 members. There is hostel accommodation for 62 men.

The Branch is practically self-supporting. This is possible only because of the fact that it is housed in a Building which is the property of the Bombay Association.

The Association has for years provided healthful recreation in the shape of Tennis, Cricket, Football, Hockey, etc., for a large section of the European population who would otherwise be uncatered for, including the men of the Army, Navy and Mercantile Marine. The Association has been well to the fore in the promotion of Athletics, and the well-known and well established All-India Open Amateur Athletic Meeting draws Champions from all over India, Burma and Ceylon. Every year the Association aids and assists many Schools, Colleges and Gymkhanas in running off their sports.

The Bombay Y. M. C. A. needs Rs 50,000, of which Rs. 30,000 are required for local work in Bombay and Rs. 20,000, for its share in the work throughout India. An appeal is, therefore made to all public spirited citizens to help the Y. M. C. A to carry on its landable work.

IMPROVEMENT TURST & RENT ACT.

An ordinary meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held on Tuesday afternoon, Mr. E. C. Turner presiding.

The Board considered a letter from the Land Manager with Chairman's minute dated 24-11-1922 regarding the proposed amendment of the Rent Act. The Land Manager suggested that the Rent Controller's certincate before ming suits for ejectment or recovery of rent be dispensed with. In support of this, he cited instances of tenants living in ricketty houses declared as unfit for human habitation in spite of warnings in the presence of police authorities would not vacate unless ejected by order of a Court of law on the strength of Rent Controller's certificate. This involved danger to life and property besides considerable waste of time.

The Chairman in a separate minute said that the Select Committee had provided certain facilities in this behali and if they were passed through the Legislative Council the Trust's trouble will be obviated.

It was resolved to represent Government in the terms of the Land Manger's letter.

Various aspecs of the housing problem were described—the plight of the poor, the lower middle, the upper middle and the well to do classes on each of whom the incidence of the rise in rents is weighing heavily. The idea of Co-operative housing schemes was welcomed as a sound measure to ease the situation, but the lecturer said, the difficulties of transport, the inefficiency of artisans and the recurrence of labourr troubles retarded building operations. The speaker also expressed that Novernment and the various trusts have by this time provided enough land for building and that new energies must be concentrated on stimulating building operations.

In an able summing up he put forward the following constructive suggestions:—

Provide for the poor. Make the lower and middle classes owners on hire purchase system. If this is not possible give facilities to builders and particularly to Housing Societies. Give loans to builders. Rent Act should be continued until Bombay is developed and the situation eased. Direct more energies to erection of buildings than creation of land. Control labour. Train artisans. Prepare cheap designs. Construct temporary sheds meanwhile.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

RASH MOTOR DRIVER FINED.

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Tuesday, before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Deshpande charged Vithal Babaji, driver of motor-car No. 5208 with driving his car in a rash and negligent manner.

The prosecution case was that on the evening of the 27th instant one Munchershaw Hormusji was proceeding on his cycle from Bori Bunder to Flora Fountain when the accused came from the opposite direction and suddenly swerved on the wrong side opposite Cook's Building and knocked down the complainant cycle.

The accused pleaded guilty. The magistrate convicted the accused and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 45. Out of the fine Rs. 20 was ordered to be paid to the complainant as compensation.

OROUS FOR THEFF.

Before the same magistrate, Suleman Ali a Manomcum and aged 15, was charged Sub-Inspector Sawaje with house-breaking by day and theft of cloths, etc., valued at Rs. 166 belonging to Hafez Mahomed Yusoof.

The prosecution case was that the complainant who resides in Sonapur Lane went out on the morning of the 22th instant, locking up his room. When he returned after some time, he found the lock removed and the property stolen from a box. In the afternoon the Police brought the property with the accused to the complainant.

The plea of the accused was that as he was hungry he committed the theft and prayed for mercy.

The Magistrate convicted the accused and sentenced him to suffer 1 year's rigorous imprisonment in the Dharwar Juvenile Jail.

SENTENCED FOR STEALING CURRENCY NOTES

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Tuesday, Mr. G. K. Khairaz, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate disposed of a case in which (1) Sayed Mohamed, (2) Bachu Mahomed and (3) Gulam Ahmed were charged with theft and abetment of currency notes of the value of Rs. 4,400 on the 31st ultimo from the person of Mr. Owen Jones, a commercial agent, on Esplanade Road.

Further hearing of the case was proceeded with on Tuesday.

Ahmedulla Khan Hyderkhan, a domestic servant deposed, that he knew all the accused. He recollected the day on which all the accused came to Esplanade Road with new articles. They came there on a Tuesday and remained there the whole night. They went away in the morning the next day. Accused No. 1 and the approver came back and removed the property in a Victoria. After sometime, he learnt that the accused were arrested.

Chesmal Motaji, a Marwari said he had his shop at Old Nagpuda, Tanda Gally. He knew accused No. 2. On the 1s instant accused No. 2 purchased from witness, a gold watch, a gold *kara* and two gold rings for Rs. 182. The accused gave witness two G. C. Notes of the value of Rs. 100. On the 5th instant the Police came to witness with the property and accused No. 2.

Karsandas Poonamchand, a Marwari, having his shop at Mumbadevi said he knew accused No. 2. The accused purchased from him four gold studs for Rs. 27.

Kaka Ramchandra, salesman, the Deccan Stores said he knew accused No. 1 who purchased three silk pieces for Rs. 125-8 at the Stores.

Sub-Inspector Shaikh said he arrested accused No. 1 and the approver at Colaba Station on the 1st of November in consequence of certain information received. He searched accusd No. 1 and found 4 G. C. notes of Rs. 10, one G. C. note of Rs. 5 and 27 G. C. notes of Rs. 100 and some silver coins. He also found two other G. C. notes of Rs. 100 from accused No. 2.

Accused Nos. 1 and 2 pleaded guilty. Accused No. 3 pleaded not guilty and said he knew nothing about the theft.

Accused No. 1 admitted three previous convictions and accused No. 2 admitted two previous convictions.

The magistrate convicted accused Nos. 1 and 2 and sentenced them to a period of two years. Accused No. 3 was ordered to be discharged. The Victoria-driver No. 2325 was given Rs. 100 by the complainant for giving information to the Police, and Rs. 300 were distributed to the Police by the complainant for arresting the accused.

CORONER'S COURT.

DEATH FROM FRACTURES OF SKULL.

The Coroner concluded the inquest touching the death of John Wainwright (33) who was removed to the E. G. Hospital from Dadar in consequence of injury he received in a Birth Day Party at Dadar, the facts of which are already reported. The jury returned a verdict of death from fracture of the skul resulting from his having been struck on the head by Frederick Lewis Beathy.

FATAL ELECTRIC SHOCK.

On Sunday afternoon Popatlal Runchordas (20) a cook was ironing his coat with an electric iron in his master's house at Colaba when he was found standing with the iron in his hand and suffering from electric shock. At the inquest it transpired that the iron had a slight leakage caused probably by the inner wire touching the metal iron. The jury returned a verdict of death from electric shock from an electric iron electrified by leakage.

BENGAL FLOOD RELIEF FUND.

	Rs. a. p.
Vishram Narsi and Brothers	10 4 0
A. S. Pillai	2 0 0
G. B. Vaikar (in memory of the late Mr. V. D. Rao, Captain of Progressive Volunteer Corps)	1 4 0

The Editor has received for the Bengal Flood Relief Fund the sum of Rs. 800, the proceeds of a collection made by Miss Kapila Merchant, daughter of the Civil Surgeon of Kaira, aged 16, and other young ladies in the town of Kaira, Gujarat.

FIRE AT ANJIR WADI.

On Tuesday afternoon at 12-30 p.m. a fire broke out at Anjir Wadi, Mazagaon, when smoke was seen issuing out of a corrugated iron roofed shed used for stabbling carts and bullocks. The Wallace Flour Mill which is situate close by brought out their fire extinguishing appliances and rendered assistance to being the fire under control. Fire engines from different stations of the city repaired to the scene immediately and put out the fire by 2 p.m.

The damage has not yet been estimated. The cause of fire is not known.

The Government of Madras have issued a G. O. approving the action of Inspector-General of Prisons in having substituted metal breast tickets in place of presneck tickets for prisoners. They have also sanctioned his proposal to abolish the use of ankle rings.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

REMOVAL OF HOUSES OF ILL-REPUTE URGED.

An adjourned meeting of the Municipal Corporation was held on Monday afternoon, Mr. A. M. Khan presiding. The Corporation had some important items for discussion among which were those regarding the drainage experts who are expected to arrive next month and the houses of ill-repute and professional dancing girls in the vicinity of places of worship and educational institutions.

The Corporation considered as an urgent matter a letter from the Commissioner informing the Corporation that Mr. John D. Watson and the other two experts engaged by the Municipality thought it necessary to examine the proposed sewerage scheme on spot and that they were expected to be here early next month. He proposed to arrange for a conference with the Port Trust representatives at which the matter could be discussed.

On the motion of Dr. K. E. Dadachanji the letter was referred to the Drainage Committee with a request that they should discuss the scheme with the experts appointed by the Corporation and also arrange for a conference with the Port Trust representatives.

The proposition was carried.

Mr. K. F. Nariman then moved:

"That the Municipal Commissioner be requested to ask the Commissioner of Police to take early steps to remove houses of illrepute including residences of professional dancing girls from the vicinity of places of worship and educational institutions, particularly of girls."

Dr. Vorah seconded the proposition.

Mr. Kanji Dwarkadas said the Police Commissioner had no power to remove professional dancing girls from their houses.

Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia said in the interest of morality dancing girls should also be removed from these localities.

The proposition was carried.

ECHO OF BOMBAY RIOTS.

Mr. K. F. Nariman then moved:

(1) "That this Corporation strongly disapproves of the action of the Government of Bombay in directing through the Chief Presidency Magistrate the Municipal Commissioner to recover additional general taxes as compensation for the injury and damage to persons and properties during the riots of November 1921, without formally obtaining the sanction of this Corporation. As the Municipal Commissioner is, under the Municipal Act, solely under the control of the Corporation alone, and as the Corporation alone has the right under the Municipal Act, to levy additional taxes, this action of the Government is a serious encroachment upon the rights and privileges of the Corporation. As the provisions of the City Police Act (Section 45, Cl. B.) are inconsistent with the rights and privileges of the Corporation conferred by the Municipal Act, this Corporation is of opinion that the said Clause of the Police Act should be repealed or amended so as to make the formal sanction of the Corporation necessary, before such levy is made. (2) That the Municipal Commissioner be requested not to employ the Municipal staff or to incur any additional expenditure for the purpose of recovering the taxes."

The President ruled the second part of the proposition out of order.

The debate on the proposition was adjourned.

(Continued from column 6.)

bales wool raw, C Ramsarap; 18 bales wool raw, S Kesarimal.

S S Mulbera for Antwerp:—4000 cwt. bones, The Bazulbhoy;

S S Circassa for Liverpool:—200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.; 100 bales cotton waste Chandulal and Co.; 82 bales wool raw, Bombay Co. 26 bales wool raw Narsoomal Gokuldas; 208 cases groundnut oil, Akmanji Ebrahimji.

S S Circassia for Marseilles:—4 cases dry casings, A D Meyer and Co.

S S Circassia for Barcelona:—5 cases dry casings, A D Meyer and Co.

S S Karoo for Liverpool:—50 bales cotton, Forbes Forbes and Co.

S S Kiderporе for Hull:—188 cwt caster seed Strauss and Co.

S S Kiderpore for Antwerp:—330 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.; 100 hemp, Doongoji; 100 bales hemp, M C Umrigar; 9 bales hemp, Samji Lalji.

S S Kiderpore for Humberg:—330 bales cotton, Forbes Forbes and Co.; 220 bales cotton G K Kaisha; 55 bales cotton N Rajaram; 1100 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 91 bales hemp G Mawji, 120 cwt. gum Arabic, P. Cooverjee.

S S Unizinto for Barcelona:—188 bales cotton, G K Kaisha.

S S Unizinto for Ghent:—220 bales cotton, Forbes Forbes and Co.

S S Landen for Genoa:—100 tons, old iron, Sapehet

S S Capri for Genoa:—100 bales cotton, G K Kaisha; 12 tons copperwire, L Naranji.

S S Aquileia for Port Said:—14 bales twist, R Motichand.

S S Kaisar-I-Hind for London:—19 cow hides, P Hassam; 20 bales cow hides, L Tharea and Sons, 250 cwt. khismis, E Verjee; 30 cwt. fish maws, E. Allimohomed.

IMPORTS.

Nov. 28.

S S Nykerk from Stamburg. Agents E D Sassoon and Co. Ltd.:—50 cases table salt, 30 cases beer, 112 casos salommoniac, 236 dram magnesium chloride, 53 cases sop, 180 cks. alum of potash, 25 cks. bichromate of potash, 81 kegs Aniline Salt, 520 drm. sodium sulphede 361 d/bags. sulphate of alumana, 40 cks. Oxalic acid, 151 d/bags carraway seed, 250 cases school slates, 50 cases slate pencils, 128 cases toys, 110 cases paper, 150 bdles Y M squares, 50 bags soda hyposulphide.

From Antwerp:—160 D/bag maize Pearl Starch, 300 bags sugar, 50 cks. white zinch. 71 cases playing cards 100 bales maize flour; 44 cases cotton tissues.

From Rotterdam:—20 cases cotton 2420 bags Ferina; 50 bales Ferina 64 cases toys, 625 cases cheese 70 cases Gin 160 cks. China clay, 42 cks. Aniline Dye, 150 bales Potato flour 100 bales paper, 924 acs. 'straw boards 117 cks. Dyeing materials, 318 cases dyeing materials.

S S City of Exeter from Liverpool. Agents Killick Nixon and Co.:—100 bales printing paper 186 old newspapers 109 bales paper; 64 cases cigarette 190 cases bobbin; 41 cases toilet soap; 66 bles toilet soap; 80 cases common soap; 21 bdles common soap; 22,785 bricks, 2,718 E'ware troughs, 806 box soap; 20 bags white deltime; 50 drm. disinfecting fluid, 328 cases cottons, 244 bales cotton, 50 bales cotton yarn.

From Glasgow:—110 cases cotton, 30 bales cotton, 126 paper, 30 cases ginger wine, 1214 cases whisky, 100 bales old newspapers, 10 kegs bichromate of potash, 316 D/bag Fire clay, 1000 pieces Fire Bricks.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 28.

S S Kronviken, Jensen, Saigon.

S S Ormara, Hancock, Melbourne.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—

S S Bembridge, Marrs, Australia.

S S Indo Maru, Kamitaka, Kobe.

S S Abydos, Milne Calcutta.

The followin,g vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Kilindini for Calicut.

Steamer Bamora for Persian Gulf.

Steamer Sumatra Maru for Kobe.

Steamer Songma for Hongkong.

Steamer Mulbera for Antwerp.

Steamer Kromiken for Hongkong.

S S Kronken:—The J M Coy's steamer Kronviken 1519 tons, Captain R. Jensen, arrived in harbour yesterday fro mSaigon, with a cargo of teakwood.

S S Ormara:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Ormara, 2978 tons, Captain W. Hancock, arrived in harbour yesterday from Melborne, with a general cargo.

S S Indo Maru:—The O S K steamer Indo Maru, 3566 tons, Captain M. Kamitaka, will sail to-day from harbour for Kobe etc., with a general cargo and 3 cabin passengers.

S S Abydos:—The Indian and Peninsular Coy's steamer Abydos, 1940 tos, Captain W A Milne, will sail to-day from harbour for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

Tuesday November 28, 1922.

Shed	Steamers	Tons.	Destinations.	Date	Agent.
1	Kaiser-i-Hind.	5989	London	2-12	P & O Co.
3	Mulbera	5520	Karachi	2- 2-22	M M & Co.
4	Karroo ..	3111	Karachi	30-11	K N & Co
5	Karagola ..	3647	Africa	29-11	M M & Co
6	Circassia ..	4327	Glasgow	2-12	Graham & Co.
7	Drachenfels	3678	Karachi	1-12	Graham & Co.
8	C Mackinlay..	3984	N. F. New York	4-12	J. Finlay & Co.
11	Brocktown	4708	Karachi	5 12	W & AG & Co.
12	Sirsa	3381	N. F. N. F. M. M.		& Co
13	Umzinto	3008	Antwerp	6-12	Graham & Co.
4	Kiderpore ..	3263	Antwerp	5-12	M M & Co.
5	Wandsbeck	3854	Madras N. F.		J. F. & Co.
	Jethy End Colaba	3899	N. F. N F M. M.		& Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Sumatra Maru	4272	Kobe	13-12 O. S. K.
2	Santhia ..	3353	Calcutta	28-11 M M & Co,
3	Barjore ..	808	P. Gulf	30-11 M M & Co.
4	Varsova ..	1957	Burren	2-411 M M & Co
5	Hejaz ..	2483	Reod Sea Ports	N F T M & Co.
6	Indo Maru ..	3552	Japan	29-11 O S Kaisha,
7	Acquica ..	4201	Trieste	1-11 L. Trestino.
	Glender ..	3023	Hull	8-12 Graham & Co.
	Tamba Maru	3553	Japan	28-11 N Y H Kaisha
12-13	Maur ..	649	Singapore	29-11 Campbell & Co.
14	Bamora	1878	Basrah	7-12 M M & Co.

PRINCES DOCK.

D & E	Upada ..	3382	N F. M. M. & O.	
B	Catri ..	2953	N F	10-11 M Italian.
G	Warora ..	1336	30-11	M M & Co
Gn	Sikh ..	3553	Calcutta	30-11 N F T M & Co.
N	Nagpore ..	3226	Japan	30-11 M M & Co

LIST OF STEAMERS EXPECTED IN BOMBAY.

FROM LONDON.

Gazana (not fix).
Caledonia due 1st December.
Khiva due 9th December.
Macedonia due 15th December.
China due 22nd December.
Delta due 30th December.
Matinana due 15th November.
Mashobra due 10th December.
Gazana (not fix).

FROM NEWPORT.

Clan Macnaughton (not fix.)

FROM CARDIFF.

Scottish Monarch (not fix.)

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Clan Morrison due 4th December.
Olympia due 2nd December.
Castalia (not fix.)
City of Adelaide 30th November.
Clan Buchanan 18th December.
Scindia (not fix).
City of Baroda 9th December.
City of Manchester (not fix).
Clan Mackinon (not fix).

FROM WELLS.

Mandalay.

FROM HULL.

Othello 29th November
Hindoo 15th December

FROM ANTWERP, ETC.

Okenfels due 6th December.
Wartenfels due 20th December.
Boyne (not fix).
Sana due 10th December.
Trantonfels due 5th January.
Lena (not fix).
Trelevan (not fix).

FROM CHRISTANIA.

Yeddo due 6th January.

FROM TRIESTE.

Pilsna due 20th December.

FROM NEW YORK.

City of Shanghai due 27th December.
Nanceric due 29th November.

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PUBLIC LECTURE
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RABINDRANATH TAGORE
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NATIONAL HOME RULE LEAGUE
PUBLIC LECTURE
BY
Mr. KANJI DWARKADAS, M.L.C.
ON
'LEGISLATURES & LABOUR'
TO-DAY at 6-15 P.M. (S.T.)
AT THE
SIR COWASJI JEHANGIR PUBLIC HALL, FORT.
Mr. JOSEPH BAPTISTA
will preside.

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WADI BUNDER GOODS DEPOT
G. I. P. RY.
TO-MORROW,
THURSDAY, the 30th November 1922
at 2 p. m. (S.T.)

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
Wednesday, November 29, 1922.

BENGAL'S CALL OF DISTRESS.

We have received the following appeal from Dr. P. C. Ray, President of the Bengal Relief Committee:—

Last year the people of Bombay (including Ahmedabad etc.,) laid me under a deep debt of gratitude by their timely help during the Khulna Famine. This year I naturally feel reluctant to appear once more before the public in the role of a beggar. The terrible widespread disaster which has overtaken North Bengal leaves me, however, no option and it is my imperative duty once more to appear before the public on behalf of the stricken victims.

Mr. W. Trotter of the Y. M. C. A., who has himself worked as a volunteer in the flooded area, reports that the damage done reminds him of the devastation in Belgium and North France.

The second Government communique says:

"An area of 1800 sq. miles had been traversed by the flood. Fifty-five lives were lost, 60 per cent. of the huts were demolished and in an area of 400 sq. miles sown with winter crop 75 per cent. of the crops was lost and 12,000 heads of cattle were lost."

The appeal speaks for itself. Bombay has during the last few weeks responded to the call for help from Bengal, but the response, we regret to say, is not commensurate either with the need of unhappy Bengal or the capacity of the people of this Presidency. There is no time to lose. The extent of the disaster and the depth of the misery can be measured by the brief but eloquent statement of Mr. Trotter that the damage done by the floods reminds him of the devastation in Belgium and North France. Such being the plight of the distressed, will the call for help go unheeded by rich Bombay?

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL FINANCE.

In introducing the budget estimates for 1923-4 for the Municipal Corporation of Bombay, the Commissioner observes: "While recognising the inevitable tendency to increased expenditure for the expansion and growing needs of the city, I have endeavoured to keep in view the necessity of meeting such needs at the lowest rates of taxation consistent with a reasonable response to the demands for increased efficiency in the growing needs of the city. . . In Bombay both the general incidence of the municipal taxation and the increases which have been introduced since the War are still light in comparison with those in European cities, and there are numberless directions in which money could be profitably expended." The Commissioner has, however omitted to state that the functions entrusted to the Municipality of Bombay are far inferior in range and variety and utility to those discharged commonly by the leading municipalities of Europe or America. We concur with the Commissioner that there are numberless directions in which money can be usefully spent; but we must emphatically observe that the Corporation will merely encourage the present-day tetndency of wasting the resources of this country, if it does not demand a radical revision and considerable enlargement of its functions. The entire problem of civic housing and civic development ought, by rights, to be a municipal concern; and yet the Corporation of Bombay has allowed the Government of the Presidency to usurp it without vigorous protest! The taxation of the race-course, to give another example of a totally different nature, ought, in justice, to belong to the Municipality; and yet even now the Government of the Presidency are devising a measure to deprive the Corporation of a legitimate and profitable source of income without a note of warning from our civic fathers.

In other countries municipalities own and conduct their own theatres and music halls; their own restaurants and public baths; their own tramways, and houses and gas and electricity supplies. These are excellent and perennial sources of income which do not prove burdensome because they are charged for commensurately with the service they render. But in Bombay our tramways are a private profit-making venture, which cares little about the real service to be rendered to the community and yet dares to ask for an increase in fares to cover up the folly of bad finance and over-capitalisation! The civic fathers mildly protest while the Government connive at the railways raising the charges for season tickets, thereby hampering the only reasonable solution of civic expansion. The Bombay Municipality has so far been packed with landlords and capitalists and their supporters. No wonder, then, that it has not occurred to this body that there are sources of municipal income—like a municipal theatre or music hall or hotel—which, judiciously handled, could yield far more than the needs of compulsory education would demand; and yet the Corporation has an income of 296 lakhs and an expenditure of 299 lakhs, giving a burden per citizen of Rs. 27 per annum. In the Administration Report for 1921-22 the incidence is worked out at Rs. 16-15-3 per head. But with a population of 11,75,914 and a revenue of Rs. 2,31,47,009 for 1921 22, it is difficult to see how the burden of taxation or incidence could be only 17 rupees per head. The explanation probably is that only tax revenues, as distinguished from other receipts, are taken for the purpose of calculation.

That the revenue and expenditure of the Municipality of Bombay have been steadily growing would be a welcome indication of the prosperity of this city, could we but believe that the activities of the Corporation were inspired and the adjustment of the tax burdens based on the most progressive and beneficial lines. The Commissioner has this year refrained from making any suggestion for an increase in taxation in view of the prevailing depression, though there is an estimated deficit, and though he himself estimates a probable additional outlay of Rs. 8,31,000 should primary education be made compulsory in the F and G Wards of the city. But the new Corporation will not, we trust, rest satisfied with such reasons for postponing provision for a most urgent civic need.

"VESTED INTERESTS."

The able and outspoken presidential address of Mr. C. F. Andrews to the Railway Conference has provoked the "Times of India" to a characteristic explosion. The claim of Indians to man services in the Railways or any other department is not to be admitted because, we are told, the safety of foreign capital in India demands the retention of the foreign element. And so it is clear this country and its resources are not for the benefit of the people of this country, but, forsooth, for that of the foreign capitalist. The case against the investment of foreign capital in India entirely without any restriction could not be more strongly or more tersely summed up than in the following remarks of the "Times of India": "Among other aims for which he (Mr. Andrews) declared he was out are "the entire abolition of all vested interests" and a railway administration that is "Indian through and through." The great vested interests in the Indian railways is the millions sterling of capital that English investors have subscribed for their construction. *When all this capital has been entirely abolished Indianisation will be mere child's play.*" (our italics). So it comes to this that India must submit to being exploited, until the last farthing of foreign capital is paid off. This declaration affects not merely the personnel of, but the spirit operating, the railways. For the vested interests of foreign capital will not be satisfied if railway rates, for example, are framed not so much with a view to increasing the net gain to the capitalist as with a desire to add to the real service to the country's trade and industry. And hence it follows that foreign capital, without due restrictions, is a menace not only to those Indians aspiring to public service in India, but also to other and larger interests of the country as well.

Notes of the Day

Mussolini's Coup d'etat.

The Fascisti triumph in Italy is the subject of stern criticism in the thoughtful section of the British Press. The "Outlook", for instance, describes it as "the *coup d'etat* which has converted a great constitutional monarchy into an autocracy, upheld by bayonets, against the overwhelming majority of the people of Italy." Italy has a respectable Parliamentary system of Government and the nearest approach to a challenge to constitutional authority an Englishman can recall, is the abortive march of crazy Gordon on London. But Italy is not England and "the overwhelming majority of the people of Italy" have not for their Parliament that veneration which an Englishman instinctively feels for the Mother of Parliaments. Between 1815 and 1870, France witnessed at least half-a-dozen times the exhilarating phenomenon of patriots running to the Hotel de Ville and proclaiming a new Government. In the "glorious days of July", M. Thiers "disposed of the French Crown by a handbill, and overthrew the dynasty by a placard." The Italians were robbed of their fun, for, by the time they got their Parliament, the progress of military science which made the executive all-powerful had rendered a revolution almost impossible. The Fascists could never have succeeded but for the fact that, during its initial stages, the *Fascismo* had the tacit support of the Government. Signor Mussolini and his Black-shirts came handy to fight the hated Communists and rich bankers and captains of industry encouraged them to take the law into their own hands. The appetite grew by what it fed on and, too late in the day, Signor Facta prayed to be saved from his friends. The only thing that could stand between the Fascists and power was civil war which the King of Italy rightly refused to sanction.

Future of Italian Politics.

For the delectation and edification of its readers the "Outlook" works up an analogy. "Suppose that Mr. Gwynn, Editor of the "Morning Post", organised his following into armed bands. . . . Suppose further a great Congress of Morning Postites at Brighton, followed by the march of 100,000 Die-hards on London, and then the refusal of the King to sign a proclamation of a state of siege." The Government resigns and Mr. Gwynn is received at Buckingham Palace as the new Prime Minister. As for the effect of the Fascist *coup* on Italian politics, we do not think Signor Mussolini will prove a particularly reactionary Premier. He has not swept off the existing forms of Government and the first thing he did when called into the royal presence was to apologise to his King for coming in a black shirt. This means that he will relapse in the old groove, he was out to destroy. Only ten per cent. of the Deputies are Fascists and Mussolini has already included in his Ministry some distinguished members from other parties, a course not unknown to Italian politics. He has the advantage of having come to power, practically with a blank cheque, but Italy expects certain things of him, particularly lesser taxation. Mussolini, it is recalled, talked of turning the Adriatic into an Italian lake and his programme included the seizure of Malta and driving the British out of the Mediterranean. But those were his salad days and it is too much to raise up the spectre of Italian legions marching for conquest when Italy is as much war-weary as any other European country.

Russo-British Trade.

Though apparently the Urquhart-Krassin Agreement has been dropped, there is good hope, according to information contained in the latest mail papers, of the negotiations being resumed. The absence of Britain from the Russian market is naturally availed of by commercial rivals like Germany, who is fast recovering her position in the Soviet Republic and becoming the medium for Russia's economic development and expression in Europe. Spurred by the rapid growth of German influence in Russia, British publicists of all parties are anxious to come to an understanding with Russia; though while the great capitalists are looking for adding to their own profits in Russia, the leaders of Labour are urging a Russo-British *rapprochement* for the sake of providing relief for unemployment in Britain.

The Bitter Truth.

We make a present of the following to our Liberal friends. The observations do not come from a "hot-headed Non-Cooperator", but from one who claims "detachment from political parties." Mr. T. V. Sheshagiri Aiyar, M. L. A., while criticising the report of the Civil Disobedience Committee, remarks:—

> "I have not much faith in Liberals; office and patronage have blunted the sense of responsibility of many of them. I do not think they are in touch with the people. The pulse of life that throbs in the people's veins is not understood by such men. They perpetually look back and feel aghast at the temerity of those who want a quickened and moving life. Nation-builders are not made of such stuff. The truth is they do not understand the world forces. I know there are exceptions; but my indictment applies to the major portion."

Guru-Ka-Bagh.

It seems the Punjab Government have had enough of the Guru-Ka-Bagh muddle and are only anxious to retire from the scene with as good grace as they can muster. A Press communique, frankly owning up their mistake and leaving the Mahant and the Shiromani Committee to make their peace, would be the best course under the circumstances. But such a course is hardly to be expected from a Government in this country. And so Sir Gangaram quietly takes a lease of the Guru-Ka-Bagh from the Mahant whose title to the land is the bone of contention, and the Akalis are told that they can take from it as much wood as they like without fear of being bludgeoned by the forces of law and order or charged with "theft." But close on the heels of this arrangement comes the letter of the Audasi Mahant Mandal to the Mahant of Guru-Ka-Bagh asking him what right he had to lease the lands to Sir Gangaram, when he had already made them over to them a few days ago. The Mahant, in his reply, admits of having handed his lands over to the Audasi Mahant Mandal, but denies all knowledge of any subsequent lease. He further states that a Tahsildar of Ajnala obtained his signature to certain papers without his cognisance of their contents and the announcement that they contain a lease has not been made by his permission. These are serious allegations to make and matters will not stand where they are. In the meanwhile, what of the main issue,—the claim of the S. G. P. C. to the Guru-Ka-Bagh? The following comment of the "Tribune" on the conversation between Sirdar Mehtab Singh and Sir Gangaram makes interesting reading: "In the course of the conversation there was some talk about the Garden being entered in the name of the Gurdwara in the Revenue papers, the discovery of other documents in favour of the Gurdwara and the completed compromise between the Mahant and the S. G. P. C. as early as in January 21. Sir Gangaram is reported to have remarked that all this came to the knowledge of the Government too late and added that the Government were misinformed as to the history of Guru-Ka-Bagh, the strength of the Akali movement and the backing the Sikh community was prepared to give to the S. G. P. C."

The Gurdwara Bill.

While the Punjab Government are thus engaged in doing penance, in their own clumsy way, for the Guru-Ka-Bagh affair, they have already got passed into law the Gurdwara Bill in the teeth of the unanimous opposition of the Hindu and Sikh members. The two official members representing the two principal communities who had anything to do with the Bill were neutral. In the keys affair as also in the Guru-Ka-Bagh bungle the Punjab Government have admitted the representative character of the Shiromani Committee and yet they have had the political bankruptcy to pass a Gurdwara Bill which has been denounced by the Shiromani Committee. Some day they will own up their mistake and scrap the Gurdwara Bill.

Dyarchy.

It was a Minister in the U. P. who in the first flush of power exclaimed that so far as his province was concerned dyarchy had ceased to exist. "It is not I who have changed, but the Government," said Sir Surendranath Banerji also when he found himself monarch of all he surveyed. During the initial stages of the New Era the Ministers showed such enthusiasm for fighting Non-Cooperation, the sense of "responsibility" made them so accommodating, that there was naturally no room for friction and the Montford machine seemed to work pretty smoothly, though the people, for whose special benefit it was invented, washed their hands of it. The orgy of repression caused a little flutter in Moderate dovecotes, led to a little searching of the hearts but the eight crore stake easily hushed the still small voice. Occasionally a a member of the Services makes an abstraction of the Minister and takes a fancy to driving his own carriage, but an *amende honorable* closes the incident and nothing more is heard of it.

A Rude Awakening.

It savours much of poetic justice that in the U. P. of all provinces the mask of the Reforms should have been torn to threads. The Moderates of the U. P. interested themselves in the question of agrarian reform and put up a plucky though vain fight in the Council last year. Their representative in the Cabinet, the Minister for Local Self-Government, drafted the District Boards Bill which touches the pockets of the Barons of Oudh. In ordinary circumstances we should have had a trial of strength between the Barons and the Moderates, but the officials made an open alliance with the landed magnates. Mr. H. N. Kunzru in an angry letter to the "Leader" writes:

> "Till 5 o'clock on the day on which the sub-clause relating to the increase in the land cess was put to vote, they canvassed almost openly against the Ministers. Many zemindar members were sent for and pressed to vote against it. I have been credibly informed that they were told that Government would not be displeased with them if they voted against it."

But that was not all. The Minister's own Secretary, Mr. Muir, voted, on one occasion, against his official superior, and moved an amendment to a clause without the latter's knowledge. Mr. Kunzru seems to be in a towering rage over this rude awakening, to judge from his letter. He actually calls the conduct of the officials, "treacherous." For ourselves, we are not inclined to waste a single angry thought over this squabble. Mr. Kunzru and men of his class would spare themselves further irritation if they recalled that the officials are the indispensable Steel Frame and all their fretting and fuming has to be conditioned by that fact. The wail of "New India" over the affair is characteristic. The important principle of Cabinet responsibility has been set at naught, it says. Well, more elaborate paper constitutions have been turned inside out before. As for Cabinet responsibility in our kindergarten parliaments, it never existed save in the imagination of "New India." The Councils are the gift of the Coalition Cabinet and our local Cabinets are evidently improving on the Coalition Cabinet responsibility.

The Late Prof. Gune.

The students of the Fergusson College, all over the province, will mourn the premature death of Dr. P. D. Gune. After a brilliant University career in India, Dr. Gune proceeded to Germany for prosecuting higher studies in Sanskrit and secured a Doctorate in Philology from the University of Leipzig. The young, promising Doctor cast his lot with the members of the Deccan Education Society who are pledged to serve the Society for a term of twenty years on a very small salary. Dr. Gune worked as a professor for fifteen years with remarkable success. Gentle and unassuming, he mixed freely with the students and won their esteem and affection. As one of the originators of the Oriental Conference Dr. Gune spared no pains to make it a great success. In the death of Prof. Gune, the Decean Education Society has lost a sincere and devoted worker, the Fergusson College an able professor, the students a genial friend, and the University an Oriental scholar of great merit.

Indian Commercial Graduates.

The Hon. Secretary, Sydenham College Graduates' Association, writes to us:—

"Sir,—It has come to the notice of my Association that whereas many prominent concerns in the city, such as the G. I. P. and the B. B. & C. I. Railways, the Port and the Improvement Trusts, the Development Department and various such other bodies, are largely handicapped in finding competent men for their Audit Department, and being blissfully ignorant of the existence of a faculty of Commerce in the University of Bombay, have to import from abroad high-salaried Incorporated or Chartered Accountants who have to be given allowances under various designations, on the other hand, many Bachelors of Commerce holding Government Diploma in Accounting, i.e. being on the same footing as the Chartered or Incorporated Accountants so far as India is concerned—have to shelve their specialised training for want of scope and turn to other fields less adapted to them such as import-export, indent business, banking, education and so on.

In the opinion of my Association, it is an economic waste of a serious nature of which the commercial houses and the Government may well take hint of. With so much cheap and efficient material at hand, it is the reverse of wisdom to load business with costly imported "experts". The Employment Bureau of my Association will be glad to receive enquiries from employers wishing to employ B.Coms."

CURZON INTRANSIGENT.

RUSSIA'S DEMAND FOR EQUALITY.

CHRONICLE REPRESENTATIVE INTERVIEWS RUSSIAN DELEGATE.

BLUFF OF YOGO-SLAVIAN INTERVENTION.

CAPITULATIONS INCOMPATIBLE WITH TURKISH SOVEREIGNTY.

(From our Special Correspondent at the Peace Conference.)

LAUSANNE, Nov. 27, 8-25 a.m.

A week has elapsed since the opening of the Conference but, in spite of numerous speeches, no step has been made towards peace and all the questions broached are still in suspense. After the discussion on the frontier of Thrace there was talk of the regime of the Aegean Islands; a Committee was appointed to consider the demilitarisation of the islands near the Asiatic coast Chios, Mitylene, Lemnos, Samos and Lucaria. Turkey demands recognition of her sovereignty over Imbros, Tenedos and other small islands situated at the entrance to the Dardanelles. Without continuing the frontier questions in order to avoid that of Mosul over which there was a risk that the Conference might come to grief, they passed on to economic questions which are being discussed this evening. It seems that Curzon whose *intransgeance* makes the situation strained sought to engage in a separate discussion, with Ismet, of the Northern Frontier of Irak. The Turkish delegate is said to have insisted on debates in the session of the Conference.

RUSSIA'S DEMAND FOR FULL PARTICIPATION.

Rakovsky, (the Russian delegate) who has arrived presented a note insistently demanding participation in the work of the Conference on a footing of equality with the other great Powers. In the note, addressed on Nov. 14 in the name of the inviting Powers by Poincare, Russia and her Allies, the Ukraine and Georgia are called, the note says, to take part in the discussion and settlement of the regime of the Straits, and to expound their point of view on questions connected therewith Now, territorial arrangements between States bordering on the Black Sea and adjacent seas cannot fail to have an influence on the regime of the Straits. It is directly related to the vital interests of Russia and her Allies that the sovereignty and independence of Turkey should be made firm. All decisions concerning the state of things in the Near East without the effective participation of the Government of Russia and its Allies in the discussions, work and decisions of the conference, are condemned before-hand to remain a dead letter. Besides, the note adds alluding to a declaration of Mussolini, one of the heads of the inviting States has pronounced in favour of this participation. It ends by recalling the declaration of the delegate of the United States that free discussion from nation to nation is necessary in order to arrive at a just and equitable peace. The Russian note, considered as against British *intransigeance* is keenly discussed.

RAKOVSKY INTERVIEWED BY "CHRONICLE" REPRESENTATIVE.

In an interview which he granted, he told me that, the political and economic interests of the Federative Republics of Russia, Ukraine and Georgia being identical with those of Turkey since Russia after the Revolution renounced all policy of conquest in Asia, this Power will show itself a sincere friend by supporting Turkey's claims. I asked the Russian delegate what he thought about the freedom of the Straits. He replied that the freedom of the Straits must be in conformity with the interests of the riparian States of the Black Sea which have need of free passage for their commerce, and should at the same time guarantee the safety of Turkey and the other riparian Powers. We shall fight against any "liberty" which signifies the predominance of any one power. I also wanted to know Rakovsky's opinion on the eventuality of the armed intervention of Yugo-Slavia discussed in certain newspapers with the evident aim of intimidating Turkey. "I do not think", Rakovsky said, "that the Yugo-Slav Government desires war, anyhow these rumours set about by irresponsible persons do not tend to clear the atmosphere necessary during a discussion of peace. For the moment I consider this news as bluff." On the subject of the Capitulations, the Russian delegate says that the sovereignty of the Turkish State is incompatible with their maintenance. Russia, who has recognised their abolition will support unreservedly the demand of Turkey on this subject. As for the question of Mosul he declared that Russia is interested in it in its relation to the consolidation of Turkey.

TURCO-AMERICAN TREATY.

A FORECAST FROM AMERICA'S ATTITUDE AT LAUSANNE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Nov. 28.

Washington.—The United States' intention to conclude a separate treaty with Turkey is foreshadowed by the announcement that since America will not be a signatory to the treaty now being negotiated there will be no other way to subscribe to agreements which may be reached at Lausanne.

BRITAIN NOT TO SURRENDER MOSUL.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Lausanne. A definite denial has been issued to the persistent rumour that Britain is negotiating with the Turks for the surrender of Mosul in exchange for the concession of an oil monopoly. British circles point out that Britain has mandatory duties towards the populations which are not entirely Kurdish or pro-Turkish.

The economic and financial commission has drawn up a plan for the formation of three sub-commissions to deal with communications and transport, commercial customs regime and economic questions.

REPARATION FOR DAMAGE DONE BY GREEKS.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Lausanne:—Ismet Pasha, in a speech to-day, reiterated his intention of demanding reparation for the damage done by the Greeks. He declared that the countries severed from Ottoman Empire had to bear their share of the Ottoman debt and their liability in this respect should be retrospective.

ANGORA'S STRONG FINANCIAL POSITION.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

A telegram from Angora says the Minister of Finance states that a foreign loan is unnecessary as the financial position is satisfactory.

FOREIGNERS IN SMYRNA.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Constantinople.—Replying to representations by Allied Commissioners regarding the restrictions placed on foreign commerce and foreigners at Smyrna and in other liberated districts, the Angora Government says that it does not recognise the capitulations and the treatment of foreigners must be governed by the laws of the National Assembly.

AMERICAN HIGH COMMISSIONER

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Lausanne.—Admiral Bristol, American High Commissioner at Constantinople, arrived here to-day and immediately conferred with the American delegation.

FATE OF GREEK EX-MINISTERS.

SENTENCED TO DEATH FOR "DEBACLE" IN ASIA MINOR.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

Athens.—The trial ex-Cabinet Ministers and officers here in connexion with the Greek debacle in Asia Minor has come to an end. Gounaris, Stratos, Protopapadakis, Theotokis, Baltazzis, and General Hadjianestis have been sentenced to death. Admiral Goudas and General Stratigos have been awarded imprisonment for life and degradation.

"HEIR TO THRONE OF UGANDA."

DETAINED BY U. S. IMMIGRATION AUTHORITIES.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Boston.—An African, giving his name as Stanley Kisingiri, aged fifteen, has arrived here from Calcutta and describes himself as a prince. He says he would have been king of Uganda if the British had not deposed his late father. The immigration authorities have detained him because the African quota has been exceeded and he is travelling without a legal guardian.

FREEDOM OF THE PRESS.

GOVT. INTERFERENCE CONDEMNED.

LABOUR ATTACK ON PREMIER

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Nov. 27.

A mass attack was delivered on the Premier at the conclusion of the debate. Commander Kenworthy, supported by Labour members moved an adjournment to discuss Government's attempt to interfere with the freedom of the Press," the allegation being that the Premier's Secretary on November 21st gave the representatives of selected news papers particulars of an alleged revolutionary plot by the unemployed, with the request not to disclose the source of the information. **Commander Kenworthy asked** why an official communique had not been issued.

Mr. Bonar Law replied that the "Daily Herald" had not been invited, though if he had been consulted an invitation would have been sent to the "Daily Herald." He maintained that Government's action was justifid by the necessity of preventing serious rioting of which there was real danger. He did not know formerly what he knew now, namely that the unemployed were exploited not by the Labour party, but by a party fostering revolutionary tactics. The motion was rejected by 292 votes to 152.

QUESTION OF INTER-ALLIED DEBTS.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

In the House of Commons, the Prime Minister stated that Government hold itself free to consider afresh the question of inter-allies debts and the policy outlined in the Balfour Note.

SALARY OF GOVERNOR OF NORTH IRELAND.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

After considerable criticism of the proposed salary of the Governor of North Ireland, viz £8.000 which was contrasted with the salaries of governors in other parts of the Empire, Mr. Ormsby Gore replied that the income tax would reduce the salary to some five thousand, out of which the Governor's staff had to be paid. The motion to reject the money resolution was defeated by 225 votes to 100.

NEAR EAST CRISIS.

BRITISH EXPENDITURE.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Replying in the House of Commons to Commander Kenworthy, Mr. Baldwin said that the additional expenditure above the original estimates hitherto incurred in connection with the Near East crisis was estimated at 2,425,000 sterling.

BRITISH LIABILITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF EX-SULTAN.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Replying to a question regarding British liability for the maintenance of the ex-Sultan, Mr. Ronald McNeill stated that the question of the extent to which the British Government would bear unavoidable expenditure caused by the Sultan's temporary stay at Malta was being considered. An enquiry was being made regarding the Sultan's private resources.

IRISH BILL.

MR. BONAR LAW'S OPTIMISM.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

In the House of Commons moving the second reading of the Irish Constitution Bill, Mr. Bonar Law pointed out that the only question before the House was whether the constitution complied with the Treaty. The Lord Chief Justice and the Government Law Officers thought that the constitution accorded with the Treaty. Mr. Bonar Law emphasised the danger of attempting to define inter-imperial relationships statutorily and recommended the Bill to the House without expressing fears at the result or exaggerated hopes, though he was very hopeful that it would be a success in every way.

Mr. Ramsay Macdonald associated himself with Mr. Bonar Law's remarks and said all the House could do was to pass the Bill.

MR. SAKLATWALA MOVES REJECTION.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

In the House of Commons Mr. Saklatvala moved and the Communist Newbold seconded the rejection of the Irish Constitution Bill. The Attorney-General in the course of a technical explanation stated that the ultimate authority on any question between the constitution and the treaty would be the Privy Council. The motion was negatived without division.

SECOND READING PASSED.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

The House of Commons has unanimously passed the second reading of the Irish Constitution Bill.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE WILLING TO SERVE UNDER MR. ASQUITH

LONDON, Nov. 28.

It was stated at a meeting of the Liberals and the National Liberals yesterday on the subject of reunion of these parties that Mr. Lloyd George was willing to serve under Mr. Asquith.

INDIA IN PARLIAMENT.

WHY INDIANS DISTRUST BRITISH STATESMEN.

MR. SAKLATVALA CAPITALITTIC EXPLOIATION.

(From our own Correspondent.)

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Misrepresentations are afloat regarding the speeches in the debate on the Address in the House of Commons on Thursday. It is essential that India should study the phraseology of the speeches. Commander Kenworthy (Independent Liberal) said that during the recess the country was within an ace of war in the Near East. The Lausanne Conference may conclude without a solution. Are we going to cease treating the Turks as moral outlaws and receive them at the Conference as a rejuvenated and victorious nation?

Mr. Newbold (Communist) asked: Why not withdraw from Mesopotamia? Let the Prime Minister ask his constituents if he should withdraw. His constituents are four-fifths of the shareholders of the Anglo-Persian Oil Company: that is why he will not do it.

Mr. Shaw (Labour) said that before the war 80 per cent. of British cotton products went to India and a large part of the remainder to the Near and Middle East. Everyone knows what transpired in India during the war. The Muslims heard of a speech by the then Prime Minister regarding Turkish rights to Thrace, Constantinople and Asia Minor. The declaration of the late Prime Minister has proved the Cabinet responsible for sending Greece to break that promise. The present Prime Minister also knew that Greece was being sent to take away lands from Turkey. The Hindus believe they have been tricked. They were promised liberal self-government yet the vote was given only to a small part of the population, therefore Hindus and Muslims combined for the first time against us in India, our greatest cotton market. Both sections believe they were tricked. Confidence can be restored by accepting the principle of encouraging the people to govern themselves and making them friends. In Turkey the same. The Turkish markets will not come to us as they would from a people friendly and trusting our words. We hold Egypt after all in the same way. Absolute reversal of the policy of the past four years is essential.

Mr. Saklatwala (Labour, Indian) said one speaker stated that the European continent was impoverished by capital going abroad. If it was considered a disservice to the country for an enterprising man to take his capitall abroad, why have 74 jute mills been erected in Bengal by British capitalists with capital won in Britain and taken abroad? Loss of trade with India is due to two causes—one the growth of private enterprise, large corporations and trusts; secondly the desire of the British Government always priding itself on constitutional principles, to try the unconstitutional method dictating to peoples from outside. No Britisher would tolerate a constitution for Great Britain written outside England by people not British. The constitutions for India, Ireland, Egypt, Mesopotamia should be written by men of and in the countries without outside interference. A Catholic procession had once been stopped in the streets of London by the authorities because the Protestants objected; therefore it was evident that Britishers should look to toleration at home and talk less of protecting minorities in Armenia, Mesopotamia, Ireland and elsewhere.

ENGLISH OFFICIALS IN INDIA.

RISE IN PRICES & FAMILY BUDGETS.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Sir Thomas Bennett also asked a question with regard to the household budgets of the families of officials in India indicating a condition of penury incompatible with the efficiency of the services and suggested that the question should be inquired into by a Committee fully representing official and non-official opinion, so that people in India and England might have an opportunity of knowing the conditions under which the servants of State in India were compelled to live. Earl Wintrton replied that he had seen a note on the cost of living in one of the provinces containing particulars of houshold budgets. It was not an official document and he regretted he could not table it. The difficulties of members of the services, added Earl Winterton, owing to rise in prices were fully recognised and Lord Peel was most carefully and sympathetically considering the whole question.

INDIAN UNIVERSITIE.

IMPROVEMENT OF STANDARD OF DEGREES.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Col. Yate asked: "What steps are being taken to improve the standard of degrees of the Calcutta and other Indian Universities? Failing improvement, will discontinuance of Government grant be ordered?"

Earl Winterton replied that general information on the matter was contained in the annual report on Indian education and he was unable to supply more detailed information. The Educaion Ministers in the provinces and provincial legislatures were now responsible for the matter.

"SWARAJ FLAG" INCIDENT.

QUESTION IN PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Replying to another question of Col. Yate's Earl Winterton said that he had no official information as to whether the Governor of the Central Provinces was present in the station when a Swaraj flag was hoisted in Jubbulpore on the occasion of the visit of the Civil Disobedince Enquiry Committee. He was informed that the visit attracted very little public interest and it was decided not to take any action which might give undue notoriety to insignificant individuals, but he gave an assurance that consideration was being given to action that should be taken if such incidents recurred.

INDIAN PRINCES AND PARLIMENTARY ELECTIONS.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

The Jamsaheb of Nawanagar's assistance to the candidature of Mr. C. B. Fry for Brighton was evidently the origin of a question by Sir Thomas Bennett, in House of Commons who asked if there was any rule, expressed or implied, bearing upon the right of an Indian feudatory Prince to assist a Parliamentary candidate in England. Earl Winterton replied that so far as he was aware three was no rule that could be said to have any bearing on the subject.

INIDIAN ARMY OFFICIALS

NO MORE FREE PASSES FOR FAMILIES.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

The India office announces that the concession of free passages to India under certain conditions for wives and families of Indian Army Officers, departmental officers, and warrant officers of India (Unattached) list who have been on active service outside India during the war, will cease with effect from the close of the present trooping season in March. No applications for concession will be entertained after January 1st 1923.

ANTI-KEMALITS REFUGE IN IN BRITISH EMBASSY.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Paris.—A telegram from Constantinople says a hundred and forty prominent anti-Kemalists have taken refuge in the British Embassy and will be sent to Malta.

SALAH-ED-DIN LEAVES FOR CONSTAINTINOPLE.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Salah-ed-Din., Under Secretary for Defence, has left for Constantinople to assume the post of Military Governor.

CRICKET IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

East London.—In the match against the Border here M. C. C. made 271 for 6 and then declared. Of this Sandham contributed 102. The Border then went in and made 120.

AMERICAN INTERVENTION AT LAUSANNE.

"OPEN DOOR AND EQUALITY OF TREATMENT."

WILL U. S. PREVENT THE SPOLIATION OF TURKEY?

(From FELIX VALYI.)

PARIS, Nov. 27.

American intervention has stopped for the present the attempts to reach a private Anglo-Turkish agreement. The open-door principle may be interpreted in different manners. The old European diplomacy, animated by vile appetites, interprets the spirit of the American declaration mainly as an attempt to share with England Eastern privileges. The Standard Oil Company has been negotiating with the Turkish Petroleum Company for years. As I pointed out in the "Chicago Tribune" a few days ago, the question is whether America understands the new spiritual forces in Turkey based on American principles of 1776 against absolutism of any kind political or economical, and admits the absolute necessity of a programme of Islamic policy for the U. S. A. on the same plane as in the Far East. The oil fields in Asia Minor are behind all the humanitarian theories of foreign interferences in Turkey. Ismet Pasha declared to the "Chicago Tribune" that Turkey seeks to escape from the fetters binding her through foreign Governments always squeezing for special rights. Turkey's wish is to negotiate a separate treaty with the U. S. A. She prefers to give concessions to American capital if the U. S. A. will not intrude with political pressure and will recognise Turkish sovereignty and independence. I am very glad to see Ismet Pasha takes this step as I am convinced that understanding statesmanship both in America and in Turkey can moderate the appetites of European competitors whose egoism must lead to the worst consequences for the whole world. If America does not understand the real significance of European intrigues in Asia Minor which continues to play the role of the melting pot for all world problems, hopeless ruin will follow the Lausanne Conference. European diplomacy will only get the opportunity to remain uncontrolled master of the game and to satisfy America by sharing with her some oil concessions. The open-door and equality of treatment cannot be only the pretexts of American participation in the spoil of Islam, but must become things entirely different from European methods. American friendship and economic help based on a separate treaty with progressive Turkey is the only alternative to brutal spoliation. If the U. S. A. are able to start such an Islamic policy in spite of racial and religious prejudices; if Admiral Colby Chester and Admiral Mark Bristol are listened to by President Harding, America can save the world from ruin. Admiral Chester peaded the cause of Turkey in New York "Current History" and Admiral Bristol signed a report full of good faith for Turkey. Three years ago England had a splendid opportunity to gain Turkish friendship for ever, which was the principal object of William Pitt's and Beaconsfield's Eastern policy. Islam was the strongest pillar of the Empire in Asia under the effective statesmanship of great men. To-day it seems premature to say if any chance exists of convincing Turkey and Islam that England has changed her mind and definitely given up Lloyd-Georgian crusade. Only American endorsement of the new open-door policy, if honestly conceived, can contribute to real reconciliation between Europe and Asia. Anglo-Turkish friendship seems only conceivable by recognising full Turkish sovereignty. Human peace cannot be established on earth without giving full and equal opportunity to Muslims to develop their own civilisation and make their own future. Such work demands absolute freedom for Turkey to accomplish fundamental reforms of Islamic institutions. She took the first step in this direction by proclaiming her own American principles of 1776 against foreign absolutism. The National Pact of Angora means that or nothing. If Europe will follow and give up methods of spoliation which are condemned by common sense it will be all right. Turkey may be reorganised by foreign capital on the same plane as **Poland or Hungary or other independent** States without any character of foreign privileges. If the Lausanne Conference refuses to endorse such fundamental new truths it will completely run aground. That means European failure. Turkey and Islam are the keypoints of Europe's destinies and only America can save both from a catastrophe.

'RISH HUNGER STRIKERS.

MACSWINEY SISTERS REMOVED TO HOSPITAL.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Mary Macswiney who has been hunger-striking in Mountjoy Prison, Dublin, since her arrest on November 4th, has been released and taken to hospital. Her sister Annie who has been hunger-striking outside the gaol has collapsed and has been taken to hospital.

SITUATION IN IRELAND.

MR. COSGRAVE'S OPTIMISM.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

In the course of an interview in Dublin, Mr. Cosgrave said that possibly next week or ten days would provide the experience of the greatest intensity in the present warfare. Mr. Cosgrave considered that afterwards the Irregulars would gradually if not immediately collapse. He was afraid that there would have to be further executions before the trouble came to an end. Executions had already had effect. He was unable to make exception in the case of Mr. Childers. The Free State Government were anxious to cease from carrying out executions, but that would only be possible when the Irregulars were completely disarmed. More important captures were made during the last month than in the preceding two months. That the Irish Ministers realise the dangers to which they are exposed is shewn by the fact that offices where five work has been converted into regular fortress, guarded by sentries with fixed bayonets, machineguns and barbed wire. The National Army numbers thirty thousand and the Irregulars' effective strength is estimated at three thousand.

FUEL SHORTAGE IN RUSSIA.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

A telegram from Reval says owing to shortage of fuel and money twenty thousand miles of Russian railways are being closed down depriving thirty millions of population of the means of communication.

GENERAL BOOTH LEAVES FOR INDIA.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

General Bramwell Booth, Salvation Army, left Victoria Station for India, this morning. He will join the P. and O. "Macedonia" at Marseilles. The General said that he was going to stay in India for three months. Large crowd cheered as the train left.

SIDDICK COLLIERY EXPLOSION.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Three have been killed and six injured by a colliery explosion at Siddick, in Cumberland.

RED CROSS CRICKET TOURNAMENT

PARSI-EUROPEANS' SPLENDID SCORES.

HINDU MUSLIMS' POOR SHOW.

1ST INNINGS	runs.
EUROPEANS AND PARSIS ...	... 302
HINDUS AND MAHOMEDANS	... 163
2ND INNINGS.	
EUROPEANS AND PARSIS (For 5 wickets)	 279
HINDUS AND MAHOMEDANS (For 2 wickets)	 21

The second day's game which commenced with the over night not-outs of the 1st Innings of the Hindu-Muslim team was as bad as that of the previous day for the Hindus and Mahomedans. They could only raise their scores upto 163, leaving their opponents a wide margins of 139 in the 1st Innings. In the Second Innings the Parsis and Europeans declared their innings closed after 5 wickets had fallen scoring 279 to their credit. Late in the evening the Hindus and Mahomedans opened their Second Innings and scored 21 for the loss of 2 wickets before the stumps were drawn for the day.

The second day's game in the Red Cross cricket tournament commenced yesterday at 11 a.m. in fine dry weather. The over night not-outs H. H. the Thakore Saheb of Rajkot and Vithal opened the innings for the Hindu Moslems and Kalapesi began the attack from the Police Court end.

VITHAL'S FINE PLAY.

Vithal opened the score with a leg-hit for two and then a single to Kalapesi in the third man. Jamsedji the Parsee Parrant as he is called took charge of the ball from the Gymkhana end and Vithal got a fine sneak at point for two for the very first ball. 120 appeared on the board and it was now H. H. the Thakore Saheb hit Kalapesi for two, a splendid drive to and off and then for a single to the point. The Royal batsman next hit Jamsedji for a forcible drive but got only one. Vithal opened his arms next and got the first four for the day to Jamsedji sending him clean to the Gymkhana pavilion. Thakore Saheb seemed to be very free and got two more from Kalapesi by stylish play but he soon got into disaster, Kalapesi having clean bowled him (131-6-9). His Highness had played a very decent and graceful game and although his score stands only a meagre figure, his way of playing was most attractive and dashing. Shivram joined Vithal and opened with a single to the leg to Jamsedji. This brought Vithal to the wicket who hit Jamsedji for four to mid-on. Vithal was playing to-day in a splendid easy style and successively hit Kalapesi twice, each time for a four, towards third-man. 150 soon appeared on the board and the score secured rising very fast, over 35 runs being scored in only a quarter of a hour. Vithal seemed to be getting strokes quite as he liked but Kalapesi who was keeping up a five length and speed over the ball soon got him behind the wickets, safe in the hands of the fielder in the slips (150-7-67).

HINDU-MOSLEM TEAM'S COLLAPSE.

Vithal had played a most dashing game and his 67 consisting of 9 fours was the most valuable contribution for his side. He played quite upto his standard and the spectators appreciated his game by occasional cheering. Aziz Khan joined Shivram but came only to retire having been clean bowled by Kalapesi who was having splendid work with the ball. (150—8—0.) Nazir Hussein came in place of Aziz Khan but a further disaster occured to the side and Shivram from whom some thing at least was expected went down to Jamsedji's bowling being held in the slips by Kalapesi (150-9-3).

PARSEE BOWLER'S SPLENDID WORK.

Rana the bowler joined N. Hussein as the last man and when only two runs were required to save the side from a "follow-on" Nasir Hussein got a fine boundary to Kalapesi at the point. Rana opened his account in a hesitating manner, as, usual, and got a single to Kalapesi's bowling. He was trying for all that he was worth to save his wicket and managed the complete over of Jamsedji. No fast scoring was expected, but an occasional one from each player caused much trouble to Umpires and fielders in changing their fields as Rana is a left-hander and his partner a right-hander. Rana next got two Kalapesi and Nazir Hussein sent Jamsedji almost for a sixer to the pavilion. He didn't however stay any longer and Jamsedji, the tricky bowler, soon tempted him to come out of the crease and the man behind the wickets was also quick enough to snatch off the bails before N. Hussein could get into the crease. The innings thus closed at 11-35 a.m. for a poor score of 163, Nazir Hussein having scored ten. (163—10—10.) Rana, the ever-not-out player, was undefeated this time also. The Paris-Europeans thus got a lead in the first innings of 139 runs to start with in their second venture. The tail of the Hindu-Moslem team failed absolutely and after Vithal, the last four batsmen added only 13.

PARSI-EUROPEAN SECOND INNINGS.

At ten minutes to twelve Hosie, the Hampshire amateur, opened the 2nd innings, and Rana began the attack from the Police Court end. For the third ball Hosie got a single to leg thus giving chance to his partner Kalapesi who opened his account with a hit for two to leg. Shivram took charge of the ball at the Gymkhana end, and began with a maiden over. The batsmen who had started with confidence played quite freely and Kalapesi brought off two successive hits for four to Rana's bowling and the first decade was put up on the board. An appeal for l-b-w against Hosie was made by Chanda Rana, but was not granted. Shivram looked to be rather effective causing much discomfiture to the batsmen; Rana was also keeping a good length and three maidens consecutively resulted. Nazir Hussein here got charge of the ball from Shivram, but Hosie who was now getting an eye over the bowling sent him to the leg by a beautiful leg-glance for which stroke he is so very conspicuous; a hit for two from the same batsmen to the same bowler brought the score to over 20. One more hit for four at the point and a sharp glide to the leg for two followed, Hosie being responsible for both the strokes. Rhodes here changed to Rana and gave a single to Kalapesi at cover-point. Hosie got four more runs in the same over and 30 appeared on the board. Naidu here took the ball from Nazir Hussein. For the very third ball of Naidu lifted him to the cover-point, but Vithal failed to hold him being just out of reach to try the catch with both hands. Rhodes next got Hosie l-b-w with a successful appeal. (56—1—23.) Hosie was playing a most dashing all-round game when the mishap occurred to him. Higgins was the next man in and opened with a single to the leg. With 50 minutes' play only 40 runs had been scored. A few singles and a forcible drive for four by Higgins to Naidu, resulted in 50 runs being hoisted up amidst cheers. A very tame play eventuated for a time. Kalapesi having absolutely slowed down his vigour with which he had started the game, and Higgins who had joined him at least half an hour later had almost overtaken him in score. But Rhodes who seemed to be determined to-day to do what he couldn't do on the previous day soon got him, Rana having caught him in slips. (62—2—17). D. Kapadia, the top-scorer of the 1st innings, came in place of Higgins and Phiroz Khan took over the ball from Naidu at the Gymkhana end. Dolly opened with a single to Rhodes. A few more runs here and there were made and the game closed for luncheon at 1 p.m., when the score stood at 77, Kapadia and Kalapesi still playing.

AFTER LUNCHEON.

The Parsi not-outs of the morning opened the game at exactly 2 p.m. Kapadia hitting Phiroz Khan to the boundary for four and causing 80 to be put up on the board. Aziz Khan bowled from the Police Court end and Navle allowed a clean bye-boundary to his second ball. Any way Navle was not doing his work quite upto his usual standard and since the beginning he was found to be rather slack. Phiroz Khan with his fluttering shirt and a rather peculiar delivery seemed to puzzle the batsmen and in his second over cleaned-bowled Kalapesi by a fine leg-break. (56—3—29). The retiring Parsi youth had played a dogged steady game and had done his own duty quite loyally in tiring out the opponents and thus laying a solid foundation for players to follow him.

FAULTY FIELDING.

R. Kilner, who had disappointed the spectators yesterday now joined Kapadia and opened with a single. The play slowed down a good deal, only singles being scored. The bowlers were having a good command over the ball and even Kapadia the "dreadnought" was afraid of taking any liberty. 100 was seen on the board after 25 minutes' play. Rhodes now relieved Aziz Khan. A few singles were put up here and there and at exactly 2-30 p.m. the first century appeared amidst loud applause. The very next ball of Phiroz Khan was sent for four by Kapadia by a full drive. Kilner next lifted Rhodes twice in succession but the fielders were not in the right places to hold him. He next sent Rhodes twice for four amidst deafening cheers and 110 was immediately registered. Rana once more appeared at the wickets for bowling but the change was of no avail. Runs were coming in at a grand speed and two decades after 110 came out within five minutes. Rhodes at last broke through his defence by a fine well-pitched leg-break. (143—4—34) Kilner's 34 was made in about a quarter of an hour and consisted of 6 fours. He gets the advantage of being a left-hander batsman and the fielders cannot manage his strokes as the ball often travels with a peculiar revolving spin.

FINE CATCH BY THAKORE SAHEB.

Vajifdar joined Kapadia and began with a single and afterwards a four to the leg. This brought the store to 150. Shivram now took charge of the ball and began attack from the Gymkhana end and obtained a maiden over. Both the batsmen seemed quite set and Kapadia had already crossed 40. He next sent Shivram for a sixer where he could have been caught by Rasul but the fielder found himself just a little short in his height to get the ball, which he only touched and dropped outside the boundary. 60 and 70 came in quick succession. Once again Kapadia lifted Shivram but Rasul who was this time quite in the right place to hold him allowed the ball to be dropped, a really easy catch for him! Kapadia started his new life with a four to leg from Shivram and reached his half century amidst deafening cheers from the Parsee tents. Kapadia once again made a wrong stroke and lifted to Shivram's bowling to the cut-point. H. Thakoresaheb was too good to let him go this time and finely held him. (181—5—56). Kapadia's 56 was marked with all-round hard-hitting and consisted of 5 fours and 1 six. He was making occasional faults in this innings but was more or less lucky.

FINE DISPLAY BY TRAVERS.

Travers, the captain of the side was the next man in and began quite cautiously. He opened his account by a fluky sneak to the leg and got three from Rhodes. Naidu now took charge of the ball from Shivram. Vajifdar sent Naidu for four by a fine drive and Travers followed suit causing the second century to be hoisted. Since Kapadia's dismissal the game had grown tiresome. A new ball was sent in and Naidu had the privilege of putting it into play. Navle once more failed to stop the ball behind the wickets and a bye-boundary resulted. A fine drive for four to mid-on by Travers followed. 210 appeared on board. Rhodes next tempted Vajifdar to play a wrong ball which he lifted up to cover-point but somehow or other Rana happened to be the man to drop the easy catch. The fielders were gradually losing their enthusiasm. Fortunately it was 4 p.m., and the game closed for tea for a score of 230, Vajifdar and Travers still batting.

AFTER TEA.

When the game resumed at 4-30, Aziz Khan opened the attack from the Police Court end and Vajifdar faced him at the other end. Only a single came out in the first over. Rhodes commenced attack from Gymkhana end and Travers hit his third ball for a four. Both batsmen had scored 52 at this time. Shivram replaced Aziz Khan and Travers sent a hard drive to mid-off and Rasul failing to stop the shot gave four. Travers next hit a straight sixer to Rhodes and 250 was soon put on the board, Travers then secured two fours in succession and one more in the same over. The England all-rounder seemed to be quite at his wits end and was too puzzled to know how to tackle. Travers who reached his 60 and 70 in no time. The side declared their innings closed at 10 minutes to five Travers and Vajifdar being undefeated till the end with 71 and 36 to their credit respectively. Travers had made his 71 in a very short time with an all-round dashing play and had 10 fours to his contribution.

PARSI-EUROPEAN SECOND INNINGS.

B Kalapesi b Phiroz Khan	 29
A L Hosie, l-b-w, b Rhodes	 23
J. Higgins, c Rana b Rhodes	 17
D Kapadia c Thakoresaheb b Shivram	... 56
R. Kilner b Rhodes	 34
Vajifdar, not out	 36
Travers (capt.) not out	 71
G T Harvey, J P King, F Kapadia, R. Jamsedji, did not bat.	
Extras	 13
(Total (for 5 wickets)	 279

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
C. Rana	8	2	33	0
P. Shivram	13	4	40	1
N. Hussein	2	0	14	0
W. Rhodes	26	3	99	3
Naidu	8	0	44	0
Phiroz Khan	8	1	21	1
Aziz Khan	8	1	15	0

HINDU-MOSLEM 2ND VENTURE.

At precisely 5 p.m. The Thakore Saheb opened the Hindu-Moslem second innings in partnership with Rasool. Kalapesi opened the attack from the Police Court end. H. H. got a few fine drives to Kalapesi making five runs in all. Jamsedji took charge of the ball at the Gymkhana end and tempted the Rajasaheb to come out of the crease to a hanging ball, which the batsman missed and the wicket-keeper smartly put it to the bails. Some how or other the appeal for crease-out was not granted and the decision of the empire looked doubtful. H. H. further added two or three more runs and Jamsedji soon broke through his defence. (13—1—8).

Rana joined Rasool and began in his "beginner-style" as usual being applauded by the crowd for every ball that he stopped. Kalapesi got a maiden and Rana got two at the third-man to Jamsedji in the next over. Kilner replaced Kalapesi and soon dismissed Rasool who was caught very smartly behind the wickets by F. Kapadia. (15—2—5).

Rhodes came in place of Rasool and opened his account by a single to mid-off. Jamsedji next obtained a maiden all six of his balls having been successfully stopped by Rana. Rhodes next hit a four to mid-on to Kilner and twenty appeared on the board. Stumps were drawn for the day only 21 having been scored by the Hindu-Moslems for the loss of 2 wickets.

When the stumps were drawn for the day the score stood as follows:

HINDU-MOSLEMS.

2nr Innings.

H H Thakore Saheb b Jamsedji	 8
Rasool c F. Kapadia b Kilner	 5
Rana, batting	 2
W. Rhodes batting	 5
Rest to bat.	
Extra	 1
Total (for 2 wkts)	 21

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Kalapesi	4	2	11	0
Jamsedji	0	0	0	1
Kilner	0	0	0	1

LORD WILLINGDON AT BERHAMPORE

(Associated Press.)

BERHAMPORE, Nov. 27.

Their Excellencies on arrival this morning at Berhampore were given a hearty reception. The Collector of Ganjan had, as a precautionary measure, issued an order under section 144 Criminal Procedure Code prohibiting the holding of public meetings, processions, hartals etc. from the 23rd to the 30th both days inclusive.

HARTAL AT BERHAMPORE.

(From our Correspondent.)

MADRAS, Nov. 28.

The special correspondent of the "Hindu" wires under yesterday's date:—"The whole town of Berhampore observed complete and peaceful hartal on the occasion of their excellencies visit to-day. The hartal was voluntary. No business was transacted in the big Bazar Street, the market place and in other important trade centres. Coffee hotels were closed. Very few *jatkas* plied for hire. There was no decoration and no arches were put in streets, except near the railway station, town hall and the weaving quarters. The Municipal Council it is reported tried its best to prevent hartal and on 11th instant passed a resolution deprecating the hartal announced by the local Congress Committee and asking the Committee to cancel their resolve. In Big Bazar Street armed reserved police were seen marching shortly before his excellency passed along. The people collected in streets and shouted "Mahatma-ki-jai."

The District Magistrate Mr. C. D. A. Crofton has issued a notice prohibiting meetings and hartals from Nov. 22nd to Dec. 1st.

During last week of November and whereas this calculated to cause excitement which may lead to disturbance of public tranquility and possible breaches of peace it is hereby forbidden under provisions of section 144 Cr. P. C. from 23rd November 1922, to 1st December 1922, both days inclusive to organise any public meeting procession of hartal or to interfere in any way with shopkeepers or drivers of vehicles for hire to inconvenience of general public. Rumours are current about arrests of leading non-cooperators of this place after their excellencies would leave the place.

LEPER SETTLEMENT AT CHINGALPUT

(Associated Press.)

BERHAMPORE, Nov. 27.

A new site of over 300 acres has been chosen at Chingalput for a leper settlement and Red Cross Society have promised rupees one lakh to start it.

MADRAS POLICE UNION.

POLICE COMMISSIONER'S CIRCULAR.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Nov. 27.

It is understood that the Commissioner of Police has expressed his disapproval at the publication of a letter in some local dailies regarding the Police Union and in this connection he sent a circular to the men censuring them. The circular, it appears, states that he does not recognise the Union as it is constituted at present, and if the men desire to have the Union at all, it should be on the line suggested by him some time back and that he would depute a gazetted officer to formulate rules and regulations. Further, no outsiders should be elected as office-bearers or as advisers. They are also warned against admitting press representatives to report the proceedings of Union's meetings nor could they themselves send any communications to the press. Any contravention of these principles will be dealt with very severely in the interest of discipline and the morals of the force.

AMRITSAR NEWS.

THIRD MILITARY PENSIONERS' JATHA

(Associated Press.)

AMRITSAR, Nov. 27.

The dead body of an Akali, Parkash Singh, who died of pneumonia having been discharged from the Lahore Borstal Jail, was brought to Amritsar and taken round the city in a grand procession attended by many jathas and large crowds.

Swami Vicharanand of the Home Rule League, after his release from the Lyallpur Jail addressing at the Jallianwala Bagh, gave his impressions of jail life.

The third military pensioners' jatha left to-day for Tarntaran. Their object is still unknown.

PATNA UNIVERSITY.

(Associated Press.)

PATNA, Nov. 27.

The Patna University Convocation was held on Saturday afternoon. The Vice-Chancellor welcomed His Excellency Sir Henry Wheeler as the new Chancellor and speaking of the University, he said that the convocation was a unique one because for the first time some students who had passed the Matriculation of the Patna University were taking Degree, thus completing their severance with the Calcutta University.

MR. G. K. NARIMAN AND MALABAR.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—There is an inspired movement in Malabar backed up by the "Madras Mail" and other reactionary press to discredit the personnel of the Congress Malabar Enquiry Committee. In connection with this, I am much amused rather than angered to read a long letter from a courageous writer styling himself "a Malabar Hindu" in the "West Coast Reformer" of the 24th instant. In the course of his letter the writer says: "During the darkest days of the rebellion when some of the signatories (of that now-notorious manifesto of the Hindu "leaders" of Malabar) like Mr. K. Appu Menon were working day and night for the relief of the helpless refugees, the victims of Gandhi's non-violent followers, we heard of one P. Ramunni Menon who was engaged in spreading flagrant falsehoods in Bombay and elsewhere about the incidents taking place in Malabar, *falsehoods to expose which Bombay journals had to send Mr. Nariman all the way to Calicut.*" (italics mine). The untruth of this statement is only surpassed by the animus of the writer. Mr. Nariman, an experienced journalist and a gentleman as he is, will, I trust, come forward with a disclaimer as early as possible as the statement is calculated to prejudice the ignorant public against Mr. Ramunni Menon who was sent to Bombay at my request as the Secretary of the Malabar Residents' Committee and whose sacrifices in the cause of the Congress and the country are too well-known to the readers of the "Chronicle".

Mr. Nariman has himself expressed on the platforms in Malabar and in the local Press that he went to Malabar *not* as a representative of any Bombay journal or of any political organisation, but to study personally the conditions in Malabar. I hope Mr. Nariman will repudiate in the press the statement above quoted. I have already wired to the "West Coast Reformer" most emphatically repudiating the statement regarding Mr. Ramunni Menon's Bombay activities.—Yours, etc.

E. R. MENON.

Simplex Building,
Girgaon, Bombay, Nov. 28.

MR. SAKLATWALA'S MAIDEN SPEECH.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The election of Mr. Saklatwalla suggested that Battersea was Bolshevised or Karl Marxianised for Mr. Saklatwalla is reputed to be an extreme Communist. I am, therefore, disinclined, to believe that his maiden speech has been correctly cabled to India. He attributed the loss of trade and the Dundee closure partly to "the capitalist system" which exploits labour in the jute mills of Bengal. His object may be to denounce Capitalism by exposing its cut-throat policy, but so far as the Indian industry is concerned it is difficult to differentiate his voice from the voice of the Manchester magnates, concerning wages and conditions of Labour in India. It may be that Mr. Saklatwalla is animated by humanitarianism and would prefer the closure of the jute mills in Bengal to present exploitation just as Sir Thomas Holland did in dealing with the mill of Bombay. But thereby he has not improved the case of Dundee, whereas he has made our task much more difficult. A dividend of 100 to 400 per cent. indicates that the Dundee prices cannot compete with the Bengal prices, and Bengal wages would have to increase appreciably to make the cost of production in Bengal sufficiently high to allow Dundee competition to tell on the Bengal out-put. He has strengthened the contention of our mill magnates who suspect Manchester humanitarianism and characterise it as a mere cloak to increase the cost of production in India to facilitate Manchester competition in the Textile Industry. The hand-looms are practically gone except for superior kinds of sarees and cloths. The power loom has survived the struggle in the lower counts, and is still struggling in the higher counts. I do not believe that Mr. Saklatwalla would wish to help British capital against Indian capital, or even against British capital in India, for this would mean depriving a number of Indians of work and bread. I am the more inclined to suspect the accuracy of the report because only recently he wrote to us exhorting us to organise jute Labour and jute help from Dundee But after his maiden speech the jute workers would suspect such support as the gift of the treacherous *Denai* whose object was to kill the goose that laid at least silver eggs for the jute farmers and mill-workers of Bengal. I trust Mr. Saklatwalla will take an early opportunity in Parliament of confirming or correcting the cables.. Meanwhile I would ask our Labour friends to suspend judgment.—Yours, etc.

JOSEPH BAPTISTA,
President,
All-Indi aTrade Union Congress.

Matharpacady, November 26.

MRS. BESANT AND SRIJUT DAS

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I read a letter in the "Chronicle" under the above mentioned heading over the signature "A. T. Wilson" I am too ill to attend to any controversy, if one is desired by the signatory. The attitude of Mrs. Besant towards Non-co-operation or Mahatma Gandhi is not, however, an independent subject for me, and therefore, I am not going to trouble your readers, with any lengthy composition. Besides, the signatory has simply levelled two charges against me alternatively, namely, complete ignorance, and deliberate vilification. Such caarges, do not constitute any argument, I am too hardened to abuse to take such charges seriously. Your readers also understand the value to be attached to such charges and it would be an insult to their intelligence if I took up their time in connection with them.—Yours, etc.,

P. R. LELE.

PROF. K. T. SHAH.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to an Associated Press telegram published in your columns of Monday announcing that the undersigned was appointed to the Benailli Readership in the Patna University, will you kindly allow me to point out that the Readership in question only refers to a series of 6 to 12 lectures. My acceptance is conditional upon the Bombay University permitting me to do so, and in any case it would not entail my ceasing to be the Professor of Economics in the University of Bombay.—Yours, etc.,

KHUSHAL T. SHAH.

AN APPEAL TO DIRECTORS OF TRAMWAY CO.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—This being an urgent matter, I should esteem it a favour, if you would kindly publish this short letter, in your Wednesday's issue.

I am ready to prove, that hundreds of unluckly men have both individually and collectively suffered a loss of Rs. 45 for the third year of their service and Rs 75 per annum from the sixth year ever since 1914. The total comes to over two lakhs of Rupees I appeal to the Directors to reinstate all the 3rd year conductors and also those conductors who have completed five years' service and more, as their grievances, which deserve being considered favourably, have not yet been redressed. Ordering these men to start on Rs. 27 per month, as beginners, is certainly most unjust. Will the Directors do justice? Yours etc.

NARAYAN RAO KULKARNI.

GOVERNOR AT SANGLI STATE.

(Associated Press.)

GOVERNORS CAMP, SANGLI, Nov. 28.

Their Excellencies the Governor and Lady Lloyd paid an official visit to Sangli State this morning and received an address from the municipality of Sangli. Formal visits were exchanged with the Chief and the Ranisaheb and local institutions were visited. In the afternoon His Excellency opened the Jain Hostel for stunents and presided at the prize distribution in the High School. Their Excellencies attended the police and Risala sports and in the evening were entertained at a banquet followed by a display of fire-works. Their Excellencies leave Sangli for Jamkhendi tomorrow morning.

MAHARASHTRA P. C. C MEETING.

SEQUEL TO DISPUTED ELECTIONS.

(From a Correspondent.)

The first meeting of newly elected Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee will be held at Virar on Wednesday 29th instant to elect office bearers for the new year and for declaring the results of the election of sixteen representatives for the All-India Congress Committee from Maharashtra. The election of representatives from the Poona district have been challenged. Elections from East Khandesh and Satara are also in dispute. Arbitrators are investigating disputed elections.

Several whose elections have been disputed have expressly stated their intention of attending the meeting whether their election is upheld or not. In view of their threatened Satyagraha special precautions are being taken to admit only those persons whose elections are certified by the Provincial Secretary. The admission of visitors is also specially restricted.

GAYA CONGRESS.

ENLISTMENT OF VOLUNTEERS.

(Associated Press.)

PATNA, Nov. 27.

A large number of applications for enrolment as Congress volunteers have been received from all parts of India. The Reception Committee have decided to consider the cases of volunteer corps and Associations only as far as the applicants outside the province are concerned and not to consider individual cases. Volunteers have been asked to come to Gaya on or about 16th December. The uniform consists of Khaddar kurta and Gandhi cap which volunteers should provide themselves. The Reception Committee will supply badges.

DELHI PROVINCIAL CONFERENCE.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Nov. 27.

The Delhi Provincial Conference has decided to convene a special meeting at Muttra by the middle of December to consider the Civil Disobedience Enquiry Committee's report including the question of capturing councils. Among those elected for the All-India Congress Committee were Hakim Ajmal Khan, Dr. Ansari, Shaik Mahomed Taqui and Sardar Gurbux Singh.

"THE NEW BENGALEE."

The "Bengalee" writes:—

We understand that the ministerial moderates of Bengal will start from the New Year a new journal under the name of "The New Bengalee" to rpresent their views and of the brown advocates of white interests belonging to the Club of Birjitalao. The names of Messrs. Charu Chandra Biswas, B.C. Chatterjee, a relation of Sir Surendranath Banerjee, and Sachinda Prasad Basu, son-in-law of Mr. Krishna Kumar Mitter, Secretary of the Indian Association, are mentioned as possible Editors. "The New Bengalee" will start with a large number of official advertisements. We wish the new enterprise good luck.

BRITISH UNEMPLOYED.

PREMIER REFUSES TO RECEIVE DEPUTATION.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

There was a meeting of the Cabinet unemployment committee to-day to consider the late Government's relief schemes. It also discussed a proposal by the railway companies to push forward their schemes for railway, road and dock development. The Premier will shortly meet the railway managers and discuss the subject.

A deputation of the unemployed to-day handed a letter in at Downing Street, asking Mr. Bonar Law to receive the deputation. The Premier subsequently announced in the House of Commons that he declined to reconsider his decision. The best thing the poor men could do was to return home.

ONLY ITALIANS IN ITALIAN CONSULATES.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

Rome.—An official decree has been issued ordering the dismissal from 1st January of all Italian Consuls, vice-Consuls and agents abroad who are not Italians and their replacement by Italians preferably ex-servicemen. The appointment of foreigners will only be considered in the event of difficulty of finding suitable Italians.

AUSTRALIAN CRICKET.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

Sydney.—M. C. C. made 121 and New South Wales 333 for five wickets. The latter won by five wickets; Macartney scoring eightyfour and Andrews seventyfour.

CABLE ITEMS.

The death is announced of Alice Meynell.

Major Cayzer, Conservative, who was elected for Portsmouth, South, by a majority of ten thousand, has resigned and Colonel Leslie Wilson has been invited to contest the seat, but another strong local Conservative intimates that he has similar intention.

The death is announced of Mr. Henry John Elwes.

CAUSE LIST.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

(WEDNESDAY, 29TH NOVEMBER, 1922.)

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MARTEN.

(In Division Court No. 40.)

LONG CAUSES.

806-22—Jamshedji R and D, Motilal Lalubhai Marfatia v Premji Vardhman, Shah and Chinu.

1712-22—Shah and Ch, Patel Atmaram Hirala v The Great Fire Insurance Co Ltd, Chitnis Kam and M.

2455-20—Craigie B and C, The Sir Waghji Wadhwan Camp Manufacturing Co Ltd v Moti Jetha and Co, Mulla and M, Edgelow G W and Co.

2277-22—Sukhtanker and G, Bhalchandra Sitaram Sukhtanker v Abdur Rehman Haji Mahomed Abba, Edgelow G W and Co.

2090-22—Ferreira and V, Vohra Abdullabhai Dawoodbhai Kurwa v Mahomedally Tajbhoy Dana, Khunderao L and M.

1652-22—Purnanand Clubwalla and J, Nusserwanji Hormusji Desai v Cawasji Pestonji Perry, N C Dalal and Co.

2008-12—Chitnis K and M, Nariman Hormusji Patel v Kagdi Jenumiya Haji Miya, Dallas and Co.

1693-22—Ramanlal and Co, Albert Carbal v Pascoal Rodrigues and anr, Mansukhlal H M and Co.

612-12—Mantri and Co, Bai Ratanbai widow v Valli Mahomed Abdulla and anr, Judah and S.

1435-12—Edgelow G W and Co, Eastern United Assurance Co Ltd v Jetha Dewji Nagdu and anr, Mulji Th and Co, Mehta L and Co.

2685-22—Payne and Co, Shivdas Mulchand v Nanalal Parbhuram, Mulji Th and Co.

2382-20—Daphtary F. and D, Charles Perrett v. Gerard Wilson, Payne and Co.

2297-22—Purnanand and C, Vithalji Jethabhai v Sukhlal Monji, Shah and C.

1536-22—N C Dalal and Co, The Mercantile Bank of India Ltd v Fazalbhai Jumabhai and Co, Wadia G and Co.

1380-22—N C Dalal and Co, The International Banking Corporation v Fazalbhai Jumabhoy and Co, Wadia G and Co.

1396-22—N C Dalal and Co, The Eastern Bank Ltd v Ibrahimbhoy Fazalbhai and others.

1916-20—Madhavji and Co, K N Choksey and Co. v. Bhimji Khimji, Mehta L and Co.

2194-20—M B Chothia, Dayashanker Lakhminarayan v. M. Esoofali and Sons, Payne and Co.

2454-20—Wadia G and Co., Gangaram Assaram v Ganpat Karnaji nd others, Mehta L and Co.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE PRATT.

(In Division Court No. 53.)

AFTER THE APPELLATE SIDE COURT WORK IS OVER.

For Judgment on motions.

SHORT CAUSES (Rent Suits).

720-16—Payne and Co, N H Moos v Mahomedali Adamji Peerbhoy and others, Madhowji and Co., Medwanji K. and Co, Edgelow G W and Co.

1956-18—Merwanji K and Co., Raja Bahadur Bansilal Motilal v Govindlal Bansilal and others, Ardeshir H D and Co. Little and Co., Munchershaw and N., Payne and Co.

5081-22—Payne and Co., E D Sassoon and Co., and others v Alimahomed Gulamhusein, Matubhai J M, Ardeshir H. D and Co.

For Judgment.

4986-22.—Payne and Co, E D Sassoon and Co. and others, v K S Potch, Ardeshir H, D and Co.

2747-22—Hiralal and Co, Damoder Sawalram Yande v The National Democratic Publishing Co and ors, Rustamji and Ginwalla, Motichand and D.

3089-22—Tyabji D and Co, Ratanlal Mulchand and others v Sadashiv Rajaram and Co. nd another, Payne and Co.

SHORT CAUSES.

3738-22—Rustomji and G, Rattansey Sarayanji v Laxmibai widow and another, Pandia and Co.

3835-22—Bhaishanker K and G, Tarachand Lal chand v Anubhai Kalidas and others, M B Chothia and Co.

4278-22.—Vachha and Co, Ambalal Narsidas v. Motilal Dayaram Kang and S.

Short Causes (Rent Suits.)

2552-22—Mansukhlal H M and Co, Ebrahim Mahomed Hatia and ors v Cooverji Cursetji Bhesania, Merwanji K and Co.

4850-21—Captain and V, Haji Yosoof Haji Esmail Sobani v J V De Souza and anr, Manilal and Kher.

5195-21—Daphtary F and D, Rangildas Laloobhai v Baburao Ganesh and ors, Manilel and Kher.

5199-21—Daphtary F and D, Rangildas Laloobhai v Vinayak Babaji and ors, Manilal and Kher.

5200-21—Daphtary F and D, Rangildas Laloobhai v Govind Atmaram and ors, Manilal and Kher.

127-22—Dastur and Co, Hamid bin Ali and anr v Najamae widow and ors, Unwalla P and P. Daphtary F and D.

1035-22—Payne and Co, Mulraj Khatao v Furdoonji Ardeshir Cursetji, Captain and V.

2307-22—Merwanji K and Co, Jethabhai Kallianji and anr v Muccadum Thakoo and ors, Rustomji and Ginwalla.

2829-22—Thakordas and D, Jwaladut Motilal and ors v Harakhji Dayabhai.

2836-22—Thakoredas and D, Jwaladut Motilal and ors v Jamnadas Gordhandas.

2998-22—Manilal and K, Kikabhoy Jafferji Abdulalli v Shaik Fayazuddin Shaik Yakinudin and anr.

3131-22—Shroff and Lam, Feroze Faredoon Daboo and anr v Cawasji Khursetji and ors.

3132-22—Captain and V, Ardeshir Bomanji Dubash v M K Hiramaneck.

3163-22—Purnanand and Clubwalla, Kakalbhoy Bhuderbhai Vakil v Shivlal Totaram, Raghavaya N and Co.

3174-22—Mulla and M, Mathuradas Maganlal M G Jayaker.

3178-22—Ardeshir H D and Co, Chhotalal Mulchand and anr v Lawsenca Ras Mendonca Gomes. Mansukhlal H M and Co.

2799-22—Crawford B and Co, Bhagwandas Goverdhandas v Hormusji Seervai, Merwanji K and Co.

2801-22—Mulla and M, Cassum Mahomed Mitha v Bhagwandas Ramdayal and others, Pandia and Co.

2803-22—Shamrao M and H, Shamsudin Mahomedalli v Nazaralli and Cumroodin Vachha and Co

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSE.

5107-21—Mansukhlal H M and Co, Shrikrishna Dinanath Dandekar v Jerup Teja and others, Dabholker and Co.

REFERENCE.

1. A Reference 13-22—J C G Bowen—In Re Government v Jehangir S Daji, Shamrao M and H

FOR HEARING ON EXCEPTIONS ON COMMISSIONER'S REPORT.

Ap 76-21—393-13—Hiralal and Co, Elias Haji Ahmed v The Hon Khan Bahadur Haji Esmail Seth, Dharamsey D and Co.

SHORT CAUSE.

2495-22—Jehangir and S, Gulamali Noorbhai v Nichaldass and Co, Dikshit M and Co

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE KAJIJI.

(In Division Court No. 43.)

4352-22—Purchottamrai and Co., Dharamdas Nagardas v S R Shrigaoker and another, Madhowji and Co., Thakoredas and Co.

COMMERCIAL CAUSES.

3859-21—Wadia G and Co., R. Sanghani and Co v. J F Karaka and Co, Little and Co.

3860-21—Wadia G and Co., R Sanghani and Co. v. J F Karak and Co, Little and Co.

LONG CAUSES.

659-'8—Mansukhlal H M and Co, Maganlal Ramdas and ors v Amichand Panalal and ors, Ardeshir H D and Co.

1994-19—Ardeshir H D and Co, Amichand Panalal and ors v Maganlal Ramdas and ors, Mansukhlal H M and Co.

3423-19—Malvi M R and Co, Rai Bahadur Kalianji Tillock v Gulabchand Hiralal Amin and Desai.

1776-20—Surveyor and Co, Dolichand Pannaji and Co v Satyabhamabai widow, Pandia and Co

496-18—Unwalla P and P, Akberally Jivaji Master and anr v Kulsumbai widow and ors, Little and Co, Amin and D.

1688-23—Rustamji and Ginwalla, Himatlal Manji and Co v Barjorji Sorabji Shroff, Vachha and Co.

3629-22—Malvi M R and Co, Nandkishore Haridas v Kaka Dossabhoy Hirachand and anr, Ramanlal and Co, Ardeshir H D and Co.

4616-21—N C Dalal and Co, Malsi Kanji v Nandulal Ramdhan and ors, Madhowji and Co.

3196-22—Jehangir M and S, Motilal Fulchand v Jamshedji Nowroji Gamadia, Mulla and M.

1275-22—Mulla and M, Lalji Dayal v Mathuradas Haribhai, Soonderdas and Co.

3821-22—Kanga and S, Motilal Dayaram Yeshwant Ghansham Nadkarni, Ardeshir H D and Co.

2558-21—Wadia G and Co, Kedarmul Bharmal v Burjorji Bomanji Jussawalla, Edgelow G W and Co.

3757-22—Craigie B and C, The Gaekwad Industrials Ltd v Hamed Haji Dada, M B Chothia and Co.

3763-22—Craigie B and C, The Gaekwad Industrials Ltd v Gani Mahomed Jetpore-walla, M B Chothia and Co.

4116-21—Tyabji D and Co, Prataprai Mulji Mooni v N S Trustworthy and Co., Soonderdas and Co., Chitnis K and M.

898-20—Malvi M R and Co, Jatashanker Manishanker Dave v Bai Awabai widow and another, Mulla and M.

1292-22—Matubhai J and M, The Bank of Morbi, v Currim Jivan, Payne and Co.

1193-22—Little and Co., Shaw Wallace and Co v Damoder Devidas, N C Dalal and Co.

1406-22—Little and Co., Shaw Wallace and Co v Bhagwandas Cullianji, Ferreira and V.

3176-22—Payne and Co, The Indian Construction Co., Ltd (In Voluntary Liquidation v. Khan Bahadur Mahmedali Abdul Kadar, Wadia G and Co.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE FAWCETT.

(In Division Court No. 49.)

FOR DISMISSAL.

3216-21—Cragie B and C, The Yussa Cotton Trading Co., Ltd. v. Palji Bhanji, Mehta L and Co.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

1896-19—Patell and Ezekiel, D Mohanlal and Co a firm v Chambamal Divanchand and ors, Jamshedji R and D.

84-21—Merwanji K and Co, Surajmal Badrinarayen a firm v Nanalal Bansidhar a firm, Mulla and Mulla.

2075-21—Dubash and Co, Chunniram Motilal a firm v Narrottamdas Motichand a firm, Jamshedji R and D.

4164-22—Chitnis K and M, Dr Eruchshaw Jamshedji Hakim v Shamsudin Mahomedali Bandukwalla, Khanderao L and M.

747-22—Motichand and D, Fulchand Tricumji v Govindji Vassunji and anr, Mulji Tha and Co.

1150-22—Madhowji and Co, Gordhandas Khetsey v Rahim Ramjanally and ors, Malvi M R and Co, Mulla and M, Matubhai J and M, M B Chothia and Co.

1339-22—Madhowji and Co, Karsondas Ranchoddas a firm and anr v Rahim Ramjanali and ors, Malvi M R and Co, Matubhai J and M, M B Chothia and Co.

3474-20—Motichand and D, Wadilal Purshotamdas and Co v Tulsidas Tejpal a firm, Jamshedji R and D.

4734-22—Little and Co, The Autogenous Welding and Repair Works v Maneckshaw Framji Mistry, Pandia and Co.

1716-22—Dabholker and Co, Dattatrya Hari Tendulkur and ors v Radhabai widow and ors, Manilal and Kher.

2999-20—Mehta L and Co, Damodhar Dharamsey and Co a firm v Esufally Allibhoy, Shroff and V.

2548-20—Merwanji K and Co, Maneckji Rustomji Oliji v Kawasji Burjorji Ghadially.

2765-20—Purnanand and Clubwalla, Vithaldas Thakerseydas a firm v Pratapchand Gulabchand Zaveri, Hiralal Tha and Co.

3055-20—Raghavaya N and Co, Nanabhoy Hormusji Moos v Rajabally Joomabhoy a firm, Smetham B and L.

3118-20—Jehangir and S, Chimanlal Mansukhram Shah v Messrs Need and Co a firm.

2695-22—Merwanji K and Co, Tyebbhoy Abdul Kadar Vasi v Shaik Adam Hassonally Vasi, Payne and Co.

2706-20—Ardeshir H D and Co, R M Dordi v A P Bhawnagri and anr, Captain and V.

2905-20—Amin and D, Madhowji Kanji v Vithal Atmaram a firm and anr, Malvi M R and Co, Judah and S.

2990-20—Kanga and S, Mulchand Vrijvallabhdas Kinkhabwalla v Natwarlal Keshavlal Zaveri.

2992-20—Wadia G and Co, Abdul Husein Abdul Karim and ors v Haji Ismail Haji Noor Mahomed Chandiwalla.

2991-20—Raghavaya N and Co, Hiralal Veniial Mehta v Edulji Jivanji Sopariwalla, Merwanji K and Co, For postponement.

3285-20—Payne and Co, Wardhman Amarchand and another v Nathumal Gambhirmal, Malvi M R and Co.

1143-22—N C Dalal and Co, B N Lang v Rupchand Rangildas, Motichand and D.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MULLA.

(In Division Court No. 37.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

SUMMARY SUITS FOR DISPOSAL IN CHAMBERS.

3262-22—Crawford B and Co, Alliance Bank of Simla Ltd. v. Vallimahomed Hasan and others.

3275-22—Crawford B and Co, Alliance Bank of Simla Ltd. v. Haji Mahomed Dawood and another.

3266-22—Crawford B and Co., Alliance Bank of Simla Ltd. v. Ruttabali and Co. and others.

3270-22—Crawford B and Co, Alliance Bank of Simla Ltd v. Joosab Noormahomed Nurani and others.

CHAMBER MATTER FOR DISPOSAL (IN CHAMBERS.

4835-22—Thakoredas and Co, Manilal Bhagirath v. Rokhilal Burmji, Malvi M R and Co.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL

Commercial Cause.

1997-22—Raghavaya N and Co., Badrinath Sitaram v. Khushaldas Nagindas, Fereira and V.

CONTESTED SHORT CAUUSE.

3526-22—Edgelow G W and Co, Parwatibai, widow v. Ramkrishna Madhavrao Chonker and others, Jehangir M and S.

2992-22—N C Dalal and Co, Laxmidas Tribhowandas v H Pestonji and Co, Edgelow G W and Co.

3677-22—Craigie B and C, Ranchhoddas Purshottam and Co v Gulamhussein Mithwani, Purshotamrai and Co.

1754-20—Wadia G and Co, Shivsamal Shivdayal v Narandas V Dossa, Amarchand and M.

FOR TRIAL OF ISSUE.

2551-21—N C Dalal and Co, Yeshwantrao Anandrao v Hari Anand Thatti and anr, Manilal and Kher.

LONG CAUSES.

3491-20—Jamshedji R and D, J K Shah a firm v Hargowandas Ranchhordas a firm, Soonderdas and Co, 2-10-22.

462-21—Matubhai J and M, Hirji Hormusji Kanga v Syed Hussein Syed Karmali alias Bassu Miya, Judah and Solomon.

2314-19—Unwalla P and P, Kaikhusru Framji Shroff v Khoja Velsi Deoraj, Mulla and M.

3725-20—Bhaishanker K and G, C Framji and Co a firm v Noor Mahomed Hussein and Co a firm, Edgelow G W and Co.

289-18—Shroff and B, Bai Nimatbai widow v Nazaralli Shamsoodin and ors v Tyabji D and Co, Manchershaw and N, Jehangir and S, Little and Co, Bhaishanker K and G.

1861-21—Forbes and Co, Rustomji Pallonji Kalapes v Nasserwanji Bapooji Laskari, Patell and E, Edgelow G W and Co.

3394-19—F K Dadachanji, Sha Dalichand Vanarsidas v Sha Baba Khanchand and ors, Amin and D, Mulji Tha and Co.

3618-19—Wadia G and Co. Husseinbhai Mulla Abdeally v Mathurdas Bhanji and Co.

1200-20—N C Dalal and Co, Bisweshwardar Sheksaria v Tarachand Lalchand, Motichand and D.

3591-22—Crawford B and Co, The Allahabad Bank Ltd., James Keith Fisher and another, Payne and Co., Craigie B and Co.

2659-22—Ardeshir H D and Co, Sunderrao Gopinath Jayakar v Ramchandra Vinayakrao, Dabholker and Co.

3411-22—J P Wallace and Co, The Porcupine Foundry and Co Ltd v The Cutch Steam Navigation Co Ltd, Malvi M R and Co.

1673-22—Payne and Co, N H Moos, Ahmed Abdul Karim Gaya and anr v M B Chothia and Co, Ardeshir H D and Co.

JALLIANWALA BAGH.

MONEY WANTED FOR RAISING MEMORIAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Nov. 27.

The balance sheet of the Jallianwala Bagh Memorial Fund shows that more than 5½ lakhs were spent in purchasing the Jallianwala Bagh property and cash and investments now amount to over Rs. 2,34,000. A plan of the memorial which it is proposed to erect has been prepared. But the fund at the disposal of the Committee is stated to be quite inadequate for the purpose; and patriotic ladies and gentlemen are requested by the Congress Committee to collect the promised, but still unrealised, donations as early as possible and remit the same to the acting treasurer. It appears from the list of donors that out of nearly eight lakhs of the total subscription more than four lakhs came from Bombay, the Punjab ranks next with nearly 2½ lakhs and then the United Provinces and Bengal and Assam with Rs. 40,000 and Rs. 33,500 respectively. The smallest amount was received from Bihar and Orissa, which was about Rs. 4,000 only.

THE INCHCAPE COMMITTEE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, Nov. 25.

Taking advantage of the time given to several departments of Government of India to prepare their answers to the questionaire put to them, the members of the Inchcape Committee who held a sitting to-to-day are with the exception of Mr. Purshottamdas Thakurdas leaving to-night for their respective stations to return to Delhi by 5th of December when the Committee will again assemble. Sir Rajendra Nath Mukerjee, Sir Thomas Catto and Sir Alexander Murray are proceeding to Calcutta, while Mr. Dalal has left for Bombay. The movements of Lord Inchcape are uncertain, but in all probability he will visit Calcutta.

Mr. Arthur Page, Bar.-at-Law, has been appointed an Additional Judge of the Calcutta High Court.

EMBARGO ON COAL.

EXPORT RESTRICTIONS REMOVED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 25.

The joint committee on the Covton Transport bill will sit here on Monday. The Government of India have to-day announced their provisional decision to remove with effect from 1st January the embargo on export of coal. The considerations which led them to arrive at this decision are lucidly set forth in a Government communique. A description also was given of a new system which has been introduced for distributing wagons for coal-in Bengal Bihar and Orissa coal fields in a communique which was issued on October 23, 1922. This scheme was formulated as a result of a conference held by Hon'ble Mr. Innes member for Commerce and Industry in Calcutta in July last, when he discussed the position with representatives of the Indian Mining Association, the Indian Mining Federation, the Calcutta Port Commissioners, the two chief railways concerned and with consumers as represented by a committee of the Bengal Chamber of commerce and by various affiliated associations. Questions of removal of the embargo was also discussed and as stated in a communique of October 23rd it was decided that the question should lie over for reconsideration three months after the introduction of the new scheme then being formulated. It was at that time anticipated that it would be possible to introduce this new scheme of distribution almost immediately. Unfortunately this anticipation could not be realised and the scheme only actually came into effect on November 15th.

ALTERED CONDITIONS.

In the meantime the general economic conditions connected with the coal trade have so altered as to justify an earlier reconsideration of the question of embargo. The Calcutta Port Commissioners state that they anticipate no difficulty in handling any coal destined for export. The stock of coal on the railways are ample and a comparison of prices of coal in Singapore and Colombo with those for similar qualities in Calcutta renders it doubtful whether any large export trade will be possible. Thus conditions are entirely different from those prevailing in July 1920 when the embargo on export of coal was imposed. Then stocks for industries and the railways were exceedingly short and much difficulty was experienced by them in obtaining deliveries of coal sufficient for their immediate requirements. The world price of coal was very high and most countries had prohibited the export thereof, India being one of the few free markets. In the first six months of 1920, therefore, there was a considerable export of coal from India greater indeed than the Kidderpore docks could handle expeditiously.

Now the position has changed and India is importing coal freely. Considering these facts, as well as the probability that sometime must necessarily elapse before Indian coal trade will be able to re-establish its position in neighbouring foreign markets such as Singapore and Colombo, the Government of India are of opinion that this opportunity should be taken of applying to the coal trade the same policy of free export as has already been adopted in respect of food grains. They have ascertained that the same view is taken by important consumers' interests in Calcutta and they have decided, provided that the new system of distribution works on the whole satisfactorily to remove the embargo on export of coal from 1st January next.

"WHY I RESIGNED."

MR. DIXIT EXPLAINS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Nov. 27.

Mr. Dixit of Nagpur has wired the following statement explaining the circumstances under which he resigned the Deputy Presidentship of the Central Provinces Legislative Council:—

A requisition for the adjournment of the House to consider the Retrenchment Committee's unanimous recommendation was signed by twenty members. While making the motion at 1-15 p.m., Mr. Dixit pointed out to the President that there were twenty signatories and that there would be no need to ask members to get up. The President called members to stand and 25 stood up. Exactly at 4, Mr. Dixit claimed the right for the possession of the House. The President announced that the Governor's reply had not been received and asked him to wait. After tea at 4-45, the President declared that the Governor had allowed discussion of the motion. Mr. Dixit in making the motion prefaced his speech by expressing gratitude to the President.

After Mr. Dixit's speech there were five speeches in 25 minutes. No Hindi summary was ordered by the President and the Hindi-speaking members did not, therefore, understand the speeches. At 5-10 p.m., Mr. Dixit moved for closure. The President put the closure motion only in English and the Hindi-speaking members did not understand what was being voted upon. The closure was lost. Mr. Dixit claimed a poll which the President refused and mentioned no reason. Within half a minute, Mr. Dixit put in his resignation of the Deputy Presidentship and a minute later he handed over to the President resignation of his membership also. Mr. Mitchell said that Mr. Dixit had only gone out to smoke and yet Sir Gangadhar had a famous victory of completing the discussion on Mr. Dixit's resolution and compelling the resolution being talked out. The President exercised his powers in granting 15 minutes more beyond 6 p.m.

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FINANCE AND ECONOMICS.

JOTTINGS.

(Continued from page 4)

insistently demanding a reduction of direct taxation of industrial profits that a more than 35 per cent tax does not seem materially or particularly to have affected the profits of British industry, and that the one industry apparently most heavily taxed—viz. brewing—has succeeded in maintaining still its war-time prosperity, and is actually second after the oil and petroleum industry a highly speculative business—from the point of view of profits. This, at least, is an incontrovertible proof that the outcry against direct taxes is mostly an interested and selfish demand. With the present position of Labour in British parliament there is no great fear of a tame submission to the demands of capital, but in other countries, like ours for example, the vital facts of industrial finance and prosperity are apt to be obscured unless properly emphasised from time to time.

The following is the analysis given in the "Times" Trade Supplement of principal British concerns:—

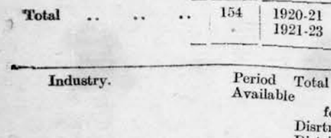
(1) Industry.	No. (2)	News. Department. (3) Period.	(4) Total paid-up Capital.	(5) Net profits.	(6) Ratio of to Capital Capital	(7) Average of ord. Dividend inc. Bonus Bonus if any.
			£	£	%	%
Coal, Iron & Steel ..	20	1920-21	74,762,796	5,813,925	7.8	10.3
		1921-22	75,188,821	1,912,449	2.5	5.7
Engineering	17	1920-21	36,892,532	3,416,129	9.3	9
MIndustry ..	8	1920-21	9,585,687 Dr.	50,977 Dr.	0.5	2.8
		1921-22	9,274,941 Dr.	711,763 Dr.	7.7	1.0
Electrical :—						
Manufacturing	12	1920-21	19,896,939	2,135,067	10.7	11.6
		1921-22	20,488,217	1,812,799	8.85	9.1
Power and Supply ..	10	1920-21	11,537,151	969,150	8.4	7.2
		1921-22	12,386,687	935,807	7.6	6.5
Textiles :—						
Cotton	9	1920-21	22,616,547	1,391,511	6.2	8.4
		1921-22	22,616,826	919,337	4.1	6.6
Woollen &c.	9	1920-21	9,384,429	581,072	6.2	7.6
		1921-22	9,411,651 Dr.	1,729Dr.	0.02	3.8
Shipping	12	1920-21	45,796,228	4,803,895	10.5	16.1
		1921-22	47,396,387	4,326,925	9.1	12.7
Chemicals	3	1920-21	11,755,341	1,001,182	8.5	9.5
		1921-22	14,324,541	1,083,154	7.6	9.5
Soap	4	1920-21	53,439,079	3,861,330	7.2	14.4
		1921-22	53,652,322	4,623,664	8.6	15.0
Oil and Petroleum ..	6	1920-21	36,274,018	14,908,714	41.1	33.8
		1921-22	41,004,222	12,228,224	20.8	26.5
Rubber	16	1920-21	4,245,272	17,790	0.4	1.6
		1.21-22	5,434,679	44,300	0.8	Nill
Tea	13	1920-21	2,268,961 Dr.	4,539 Dr.	0.2	2.5
		1921-22	2,338,081	586,379	25.1	18.1
Brewinr and Distilling..	15	1920-21	27,837,206	4,353,037	15.6	18.0
		1921-22	28,038,131	4,823,077	17.2	18.9
Total	154	1920-21	366,292,186	43,197,286	11.8	10.1
		1921-23	378,834,715	30,703,989	8.1	9.6

Industry.		Period Available	Total for Disrtribu-Distribution.	Appropriation. Dividends	Reserves	other Appropria-tions.	Carried Forward.
			£	£	£	£	£
Coal, Iron & Steel ..	20	1920-21	9,277,201	4,332,808	937,034	82,325	3,925,340
		1921-22	6,834,290	6,834,290	482,021	79,776	3,000,634
Engineering ..	17	1920-21	4,829,642	1,829,047	492,500	96,982	2,361,112
		1921-22	5,673,576	2,124,270	1,295,000	308,405	1,945,901
Motor Industry ..	8	1920-21	157,436	135,796	35,056	43,842Dr.	57,258
		1921-22Dr.	652,813	72,622	15,000	4,021Dr.	745,356
Electrical :—							
Manufacturing ..	12	1920-21	3,266,884	1,360,928	399,351	17,266	1,488,839
		1921-22	3,142,091	1,412,550	394,715	25,283	1,309,543
Power & Supply ..	10	1920-21	1,111,478	689,600	257,500	..	164,378
		1921-22	1,100,183	635,765	290,681	..	173,737
Textiles :—							
Cotton	9	1920-21	3,062,418	1,851,632	125,010	292,895	792,881
		1921-22	2,454,785	1,568,173	235,000	130,079	521,533
Wollen &c.	9	1920-21	704,346	507,722	123,879	15,578	57,167
		1921-22	126,097	417,303	175,000	.. Dr.	466,206
Shipping	12	1920-21	5,894,035	3,765,709	896,135	40,200	1191,982
		1921-22	5,543,911	3,786,350	425,000	100,0	1232,561
Chemicals	3	1920-21	1,141,462	932,674	....	50.000	158,788
		1921-22	1,238,942	1,077,982	....	50,796	110,164
Soap	4	1920-21	3,917,703	3,849,030	4,936	14,000	14,737
		1921-22	4,673,610	4,301,139	250,000	..	122,471
Oil & Petroleum ..	6	1920-21	18,002,959	13,176,991	423,296	9,957	4392,715
		1921-22	16,532,559	10,170,904	3,587,920	..	2773,735
Rubber	16	1920-21	184,010	19,375	13,328	1,121	150,186
		1921-22	205,786	..	5,000	1,121	199,665
Tea	13	1920-21	212,321	101,205	27,257	3,000	80,859
		1921-22	651,679	367,475	97,648	30,891	155,665
Brellinr and Dis-tiling	15	1920-21	5,314,861	3,284,216	1,056,754	72,000	891,891
		1921-22	5,752,650	3,589,978	729,635	88,505	1394,532
Total	154	1920-21	57,076,256	35,886,733	4,802,036	739,176	15,648,311
		1921-22	53,277,346	32,746,370	7,982,620	819,777	11,728,579

WAGES AND PROFITS IN THE LANCASHIRE COTTON TRADE.

According to recent telegrams the depression in the British cotton trade has assumed such dimensions that the authorities in that industry seem to be seriously contemplating a reduction of working hours to 24 per week as against 48 since 1919 and 55½ before the War. Coming as it does on the top of the latest Indian Trade returns, which record that in October "The imports of cotton piece-goods, mostly grey, increased in quantity from 114 million yards to 176 million yards and the value rose by 202 lakhs to 652 lakhs as compared with October last year", this information suggests a strain on the British cotton industry which needs to be explained. According to the "Economist" of November 4, 1922, "The Wages settlement of last April in the Lancashire cotton industry provided for an immediate reduction of 40 per cent on list rates, and a further reduction of 10 per cent on list rates in six months. The latter fall has come into operation this week, and means a reduction on present wages of 11.7d in the pound. The new wage rates are 95 per cent above the list, or 90 per cent higher than at the outbreak of War in July 1914. During the War and the Trade boom which followed, the operatives secured advances amounting to 210 per cent on list rates. Last year there was a fall of 70 per cent on list rates, and this year a reduction of 50 per cent on list rates." Though according to the April settlement no further changes can be made till next May, the telegrams about reduced working hours imply a pinch of depression of which outsiders can form no real idea. The profits of the 9 representative cotton concerns analysed by the "Times Trade Supplement" of the same date give a return of 6.2 per cent in 1920-21 and 4.1 per cent in 1921-22 in spite of such heavy cuts in the wages bill. Is the explanation to be found in the fright that the Lancashire manufacturers have taken from the actual or impending tariff legislation in countries like India or the U. S. A. or are we right in holding Mahatma Gandhi's Khaddar cult as explaining this nervousness in the British cotton industry?

"H & B.' English,
Motor Bulb Horns



Double Twist Bugle Horn. As sketch Has 5 ins. Oval bell. Length overall 20 ins. Quite a good horn at this low price.

No. 1105-E, Brass, Rs. 20-0 each.
No. 1105-F, Nickel, Rs. 24-8 each.

The Advance Motor Co.,
ACCESSORY HOUSE,
Lamington Road, BOMBAY.

COAL EXPORT EMBARGO.

In view of the facts that the present stocks of coal for industry and railways in India are considered to be sufficient, and that India instead of exporting, is now actually importing coal for her own requirements, the Government of India have decided to remove the embargo on the export of coal from the 1st of January next. From the stand-point of the coal mining industry this decision is bound to be welcomed, though they cannot but suffer from the handicap of more than two years' absence from the principal markets. From the point of view of Indian industry consuming coal for power resource, the matter does not look equally praiseworthy, though in spite of the embargo on exports of coal Indian industry has been obliged, particularly on the Western coast, to import and consume foreign coal. The fact that factories on the sea-coast centres of Western India could profitably import South African and Welsh coal in spite of the embargo on Indian coal exports—and in spite of the general suitability of that commodity for local use—argues not so much the unwisdom of a policy of restricted exports as the disadvantage of framing railway rates for coal transportation on lines independent of considerations affecting the general industrial position of the country. On this point the Fiscal Commission writes:—"This is however one of those cases in which we are convinced that the protection of the basic industry or raw material would not be to the advantage of the country as a whole. Cheap coal is essential to industries and we are not prepared to recommend any measures which will make coal dearer. . . . . Our general conclusion is that on principle there ought to be no import duty on coal, and we recommend that the present duty of 8 as. per ton be removed at the earliest opportunity." (para 114).

But this does not consider the question of free exports. Will not such a policy render coal dearer?

MCGRIGOR BANK.

Some people in this country are still so unshakeably infatuated with the legend of the superior efficiency and higher business ability of Europeans that no apology is needed for making the following excerpts from the "Financial News" of November 7, 1922 relating to the management of the McGrigor Banking concern. The Official Receiver of this concern pointed out in his report to the creditors' meeting that no accounts were prepared at the time (1890) when the present head of the business joined it, and that no balance sheets were ever prepared since. Cheques were honoured that ought not to have been honoured and customers were allowed to draw without any authority. The receiver said "he did not think he could use words too strong to express his views upon the omission to prepare balance sheets by persons carrying on business as bankers." The whole of the report is an unwarnished tale of unmitigated and uninterrpted inefficiency which would do good to many people in this country if properly circulated.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

[illegible] PRICES.

(Reuter's Telegrams)

Liverpool, Nov. 27th

Months.	To-day's prices
November	..
December	14·36
January	14·18—6
February	..
March	14.62—3
April	..
May	13.89—1
June	..
July	13.67 —3
August	..
September	..
Oct.	..

:—Steady.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET

New York, Nov. 27th

To-days Prices.

Futures at New York.	Dec	25 05—47
	Jan	25 01—54
	Mar	25 12—57
	May	25 03—54

Liverpool, Nov, 27th

Cotton Del. M.U.G.O.C. Liverpool	Jan	1400—24
	Mar.	1383—24
	May	1369—21
	July	1369—21

London, Nov. 27th.

Telegraphic Transfers 1/4 Firm.
Bar Gold. £ 4-11-7 quiet.
Bar Silver Spot 32 3/16quiet.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)

Nov. 28.

To-day Reuter reported 54 points lower in the New York market. The decline on that side was due to heavy long liquidation and lack of buying power. In sympathy with lower advices coming to hand from the Home markets, the Marwari Bazar here opened to-day at Rs. 5/6 lower than yesterday's closing quotation of Rs. 469½. Business in the Bazar went on only for an hour, the market having opened at 2 o'clock owing to a meeting of the Marwaris to adjust accounts amongst them and closed at 3 p.m. on account of the death of a prominent Muccadam. The opening quotation for Broach April-May delivery was Rs. 464 whilst closing quotation was Rs. 466½. The renewed rains in the Berar Districts are causing anxiety and Oomras for December-January have to-day gone up to a premium of Rs. 3 over the quotation for March delivery, as operators fear that the quality of arrivals just now is such that it will not pass, if tendered against forward sales. We look for the premium to go still further. December-January. Oomra opened at Rs. 412 and closed firm at Rs. 418 whilst March Oomras opened at Rs. 413 and closed at Rs. 415. F. G. M. G. Bengals for December-January and March were respectively quoted at Rs. 337 and Rs. 343 nominally.

The Ready market yesterday was steady with a good demand from Exporters for nice quality new crop cotton, and about 3,000 bales were reported to have changed hands.

PATEL BROTHERS' REPORT.

Nov. 28.

Liverpool due to open to-day about 5 to 4 down.

We have received the following cable from Messrs. Weld and Co., Liverpool, dated the 27th instant.

Market small, absence of buying power. Southern Products estimate 10,049,000 Bales. New York, considerable long liquidation catching stoploss orders, sympathy stock market.

COTTON STATISTICS.

WEEKLY REPORT.

Bombay, Nov. 28th.

	Year. 1922-23 Rs	Year. 1921-22. Rs
Receipts for the bi-week from 24th Nov. to 27th Nov. 1922 ..	27,865	34,089
Receipts from 1st Sept. 1922 to 27th Nov. 1922 ..	1,71,232	4,53,853
Shipments for the bi-week from 24th Nov. to 27th Nov. 1922 Europe ..	24,095	2,760
China, Japan and Coast Ports	21,181	19
Total ..	21,781	2,779
Total shipments from 1st Sept. 1922 to 27th Nov. 1922		
Europe	1,73,483	1,70,277
China, Japan and Coast Ports	2,16,490	2,73,006
Total ..	3,38,973	4,43,283
Afloat in Harbour Europe	24,421	7,830
China, Japan and Coast Ports	35,782	44,618

"NEEMBRA"

AN ALTERNATIVE TONIC SYRUP

Contains the well-known medical properties of "NEEM" with various Wholesome Indian Drugs and Aromatics.

This preparation acts specially on the diseases of the Chest and Lungs. It is a great boon to the consumptives and the weak-chested. By its use the low fever and the troublesome cough cease, and the patient experiences relief and is gradually restored to perfect health. The taste of the Neem Extract is so well disguised as to suit even a very fastidious palate.

As a tonic it is indispensable to the convalescents from Influenza, Pneumonia or from any long-standing disease. Highly beneficial for Cough, Asthma, Scrofula, Enlarged Glands and General Debility.

Price per quart bottle, Rs. 3-0: for pint Re. 1-12.

HERBAL PHARMACY, Opera House, Tram Terminus, Girgaum, BOMBAY.
LABORATORY, Pandy, BASSEIN

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS.

(THROUGH THE HINDUSTANI NATIVE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION.)

Bombay Nov. 28th.

	Rs. a. p.
Khaddi:—	
Textile	1 2 0
E. D. Sassoon	1 1 3
Tata	..
Elphinstone	1 1 0
Longcloth (Full weight) 36/40 inches :—	
Rachael per lb.	..
Standard per lb.	1 8 3
Century per lb.	1 8 6
Hindustan per lb.	1 9 6
Fazulbhai per lb	1 9 6
Textile per lb.	1 9 0
Phoenix	1 8 3
Pearl	1 9 0
Manekji (Gav mukh)	1 7 6
Elphinstone (Batti)	1 10 0
Jacob (Four minars)	1 9 6
Longcloth (Light weight) No. 8502/8238 :—	
Rachael per lb.	1 9 6
Swan Fulay per lb.	1 8 6
Pearl per lb.	1 9 0
E. D. Sassoon per lb.	1 9 0
Longcloth X quality :—	
Rachael per lb.	1 9 9
Fazulbhai per lb.	1 10 0
Kohinoor per lb	1 9 6
Pearl per lb.	1 9 0
Longcloth Satin Calender, 36/40 inches :—	
Textile (Hand) per lb.	1 8 0
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1 8 0
Century (Bugle) per lb.	1 7 0
Zenith (Drum) per lb.	..
E. D. Sassoon (Gun) per lb.	1 7 0
Jacob Rajkamar per lb.	1 8 0
Sallis —	
Century per lb.	1 7 9
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1 9 3
Grey Drill, Century Mill :—	
No. 1128 per piece	15 0 0
No. 1281 per piece	14 0 0
Dhooties :—7, 8 and 9 yards :—	
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1 10 6
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1 10 0
Dhooties :—10 yards :—	
Spring (Balance) per lb	1 11 6
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1 11 0
Check 8 lbs. Grey Drills :—	
Standard per piece	6 12 0
Phoenix per piece	6 12 0
Swan Finlay per piece	6 12 0
Hindustan per lb.	7 1 0
Check 8½ lbs. Grey Drills :—	
Textile per piece	7 2 0
Pearl per piece	7 8 0
Bleached Check :—	
Textile per piece	..
Kasturchand per piece	8 11 0
Bombay United per piece	8 6 0
Black Check 8 lbs :—	
Textile per piece	9 10 0
Spring per piece	9 10 0
E. D. Rachael	8 2 0

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Nov. 28th.

Market Rates.

Bank Telegraphic	1-3-15/16
Bank Demand	1-3-15/16
Doc Acceptance 3 m /s	1-3-3/32
Fcs. Demand	410
American Dollars	336
Honkong Dollars	179
Shanghai	239
Japan	161-1/2
Singapore	177-1/2
Market steady	..

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 3 p.m. on 27th Nov. 1922.

Cotton	10,710 Bales.
Wheat	6,905 Qrs.
Linseed	4,364 "
Rape, etc.	564 "
Gingellyseed	2,365 "
Poppyseed	130 "
Groundnuts	3,478 "
Castorseed	3,380 "
Rice	96,352 "
Myrabolams	1,809 "
Cottonseed	47,829 "
Mowrasseed	2,390 "
Grass	384 "
Jowar	3,295 "
Bajri	nil "
Barley	nil "
Coal	3,833 "
	503 Tons.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay, Nov. 28th.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Bombay Grain merchants' Association :—

Ready	Bazar Terms Rs. a. p.	Bail. Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Wheat White Delhi 70-30	50 0 0	7 10 8
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	48 0 0	7 8 0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	49 0 0	7 10 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	9 12 0	10 4 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	9 12 0	10 4 0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	10 12 0	11 4 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	12 2 0	12 10 0
Linseed Brown Thin	11 12 0	12 4 0
Teelseed, White 85-15	70 0 0	13 0 0
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25	68 0 0	
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50	64 0 0	
Teelseed Black	60 0 0	
Poppyseed, White	13 0 0	13 12 0
Groundnuts	61 0 0	12 0 0
Mowrassed	6 8 0	6 12 0
Barley	25 0 0	
Castorseed	32 0 0	10 4 0
Cotton Seeds-Ready	Delivery. 34 0 0	
Forward.	Rs. a. p.	
Wheat. May	.. ..	
Wheat, June-July	.. ..	
Wheat Aug.-Sept.	.. ..	
Wheat, Oct.-Nov,	.. ..	
Linseed. May	.. ..	

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Nov. 28.

Bars Gold ready Rs. 26-1-6.
Bars Gold forward Rs. 26-1-0.
Bars Gold 2nd settlement Rs. 25-14-6.
Bars Silver ready Rs. 83-4-0.
Bars Silver 1st settlement Rs. 83-1-0.
Bars Silver 2nd settlement Rs. 82-5-0.

EXCHANGE.

B. C. Rate Bank's selling D D 1/3 29/32.
B. C. Bank's selling D D 1/3 29/32.
On London Bank's selling T T 1/3 15/16.
On London Bank's selling D D 1/3 31/32.
On London Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/4 5/32.
On London Bank's buying T T 1/4.
On London Bank's buying D D 1/4 1/32.
Tone of Exchange: Steady Market.
On Paris Bank's selling D D Frcs. 415.
On Paris Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 445.
On Paris Bank's buying D D Frcs. 435.
On Japan Bank's selling T T Rs. 161½.
On Japan Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 157.
On Hongkong Bank's selling D D Rs. 179.
On Shanghai Bank's selling D D Rs. 239.
On Singapore Bank's selling D D Rs. 177½.
On New York Bank's selling D D Rs. 336.
London Gold ready sh. 91-7.
London Silver ready d. 32-9.
London Silver forward d. 31-13.
Tone of Silver Quiet America, China and India selling, Speculators bought.

CROSS RATES ON LONDON TO THE POUND STERLING.

American Exchange dollars 4.52 1/2.
French Exchange Frcs. 64.10.
Swiss Exchange Frcs. 24.20.
Belgium Exchange Frcs. 69.20.
Italian Exchange Liras 93.70.
German Exchange Mrks 35500.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

3½ per cent Paper Rs. 58/8.
5 per cent War Loan Rs. 84/8.
4 per cent Terminable Loan Rs. 98.
4 per cent Conversion Loan Rs. 78
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1923 Rs. 100/12.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1928 Rs. 101/4.
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1926 Rs. 100/12.
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1932 Rs. 100/12.
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935 Rs. 104/4.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 67.
6 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1930 Rs. 95.
4 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1974 Rs. 67.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1929 to 49 Rs. 95.
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 67.

SHARES.

Market closed weak owing to settlement.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

BANKS.

Imperial 1330, India 97/8. Central 33/4, Tata Bank 15/8 and Eastern 75.

COTTON MILLS.

Ah. Advance 2400, Alliance 240, Apollo 51/4, Birla Mills 60, By. Cotton 850, By. Dyeing 1185, Bradbury 950, Century 575, Cent.-India 3380, Colaba Land 1750, Coorla 190 x.d., Crescent 395, Edw. Sassoon 375, Elphinston 102/8, Fazulbhoy 1175, Gokak 210, Ind. Bleaching 205 Ind. Malwa 555, Kastoorchand 630, Khatao 405, Kohinoor 1610, Luxmi Cotton 4450, Mathuradas 650, Meyer Sassoon 217/8, Morarji 5025, New Great 542/8, New City 535, Pabani 640, Phoenix 735, Pearls 832/8, Shapurji 195, Simplex 495, Swan 940, Swadeshi 3260, Tata Mill 835 and Vishnu Cotton 1900.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 360, B. Burma 450, B. Burma N. I. 130 pr., Bt. Burma pet 7/4 D. Tramway 101/4, B. Steam 155, Bundi Cement 29 x.d., Ind. Cement 210, Katni Ord 217/8, Katni Defd. 1070, New India 16, Shivrajpur 36/4 Tata Iron Ord 36/4, Tata Iron Defd. 85, Tata Oil 25 and Scindia Steam 6/8.

FLUCTUATIONS.

Bombay, Nov. 28.

Name.	Opening rates	Maximum.	Minimum	Closing rates
Indore Malwa ..	570	..	560	..
Colaba ..	..	..	1750	..
Crescent ..	402-8	..	396-4-0	..
Kohinoor ..	1650	..	1615	..
Nagpore Ordy.	3400	..	3380	..
New Great ..	562-8	..	542-8-0	..
Pearl ..	845	..	832-8-0	..
Phoenix ..	..	..	735	..
Bombay Cotton ..	..	..	900	..
Bombay Dyeing ..	1217-4-0	..	1180	..
Sir Shapoorji	201-4-0	..	196-4-0	..
Simplex ..	507-8-0	..	495	..
Swan ..	..	..	900	..
Swadeshi ..	3270	..	3270	..
Century ..	602-8-0	..	575	..
Alcock ..	..	..	360	..
Indian Cement Ordy. ..	..	..	210	..
Katni Cement Ordy. ..	..	..	220	..
Katni Cement Defd. ..	..	..	1050	..
Tata Steel Defd. ..	100	..	85	..
Tata Steel Ordy. ..	..	..	36-4-0	..
Bundi Cement	..	..	29	..
Bombay Burma, Old ..	..	..	452-8-0	..
Bombay Burma, New ..	..	..	130	..
Bombay Steam, Ordy.	..	..	145	..
Bombay Electric Tramway.	107-8	..	102-8-0	..
Central India Mining ..	..	..	24	..
Shivrajpur ..	..	1	30	..

MILL STORES MARKET.

Nov. 28.

Quotations:—
Healds Rs. 2 d. 29 cif.
Reeds Rs. 0-5-3 4d. cif.
Sizing flannel Rs. 5-2-0 5/1d. cif.
Roller Cloth Rs. 9-4-0.
Clearer cloth Rs. 5-10-0.
Bandings Rs. 1-2-0.
Fillets Rs. 0-13-0.
Card Cans Rs. 4-9-0.
Shuttles Rs. 22-0-0.
Rovings Rs. 29-0-0.
Slubbings Rs. 31-0-0.
Conical pirn Rs. 6-0-0.
Weft pirn Rs. 8-0-0 (6 in.).
Ring Rabbeth Rs. 13-0-0 (5 in.).
There are no further changes in the market. The tone is rather dull.

CHEMICAL MARKET.

Nov. 28.

Brown Sugar Lead Rs. 30-0-0.
White Sugar Lead Rs. 40-0-0.
Caustic soda 98 per cent Rs. 33-0-0.
Sulphide soda Rs. 23-0-0.
Bichromate soda Rs. 46-0-0.
Bichromate potash Rs. 56-0-0.
Zinu chloride Rs. 23-0-0.
Magnesium chloride Rs. 4-8-0.
Lithage Rs. 25-0-0.
Epsom salt Rs. Rs. 4-0-0.
Aniline salt Rs. 0-7-6.
Antimony salt Rs. 0-13-6.
Glauber salt Rs. 5-0-0.
Acetic acid Rs. 0-9-0.
Sulphuric acid Rs. 14-0-0.

COLOUR MARKET.

Nov. 28.

Quotations:—
Alizarine 20 per cent Rs. 85 per cwt.
Congo Red Rs. 2 per lb.
Benzo Purpurine Rs. 3 per lb. (some business).
Delta Purpurine Rs. 4 per lb. (poor demand).
Magenta Crystals Rs. 7 per lb. (good business).
Fast Red Rs. 6 per lb. (good inquiries).
Methyl Violet Rs. 6 per lb.
Malachite Green. Rs. 7 per lb.
Nigrosene Crystals Rs. 2-8-0 per lb.
Hemetine Crystals Rs. 1-6-0 per lb
Sulpher Black Rs. 1-6-0 per lb. (fair business).

THE WEATHER.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 27th Nov. 1922

Means of observations taken at 6 a. m 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg.	
Fahr	29.910 Inches
Temperature of Air	83.6 degrees
Wet Bulb Thermometer ..	76.0 "
Dew Point	73.1 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.713 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	2.6 "
Maximum temperature of Air ..	90.8 "
Minimum temperature of Air ..	77.8 "
General direction of wind from midnight to midnight	ENE,NNW.
Movement of wind from midnight to midnight	161 miles.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 28th November 1922, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear and humidity is nearly normal. Temperature was nearly normal.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear and at Jhansi night temperature was below the average.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear and a Karachi humidity is in defect. Day temperature was below normal at Jacobabad be above it at Karachi. Night temperature wa lower than usual in north-east Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central Ind West.—Skies are lightly clouded and Ahmedabad humidity is in excess. Nigh temperature was above the average in south Gujarat and Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are mostly clear and humidity is nearly normal or in excess. Night temperature was above the average at most stations.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been insignificant. Skies are clear or lightly clouded and the air is damper than usual. Day temperature was nearly normal or slightly below the average. Night temperature was higher than usual.

General Remarks.—Rain has fallen nearly generally in the Madras Deccan and on the south Coromandel coast and locally in Mysore. The largest fall reported amounts to 0.74 in. at Cuddapah. Skies are moderately clouded in Madras, Malabar and Mysore and lightly clouded in the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad and Kathiawar. Fine weather prevails in the Punjab, the United Provinces, Sind, Rajputana and the Central Provinces. The air is damper than usual in and about the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad, and night temperature was above normal in the Peninsula and the adjacent parts of the Central Provinces, Gujarat and Kathiawar. The sea is moderate at Colombo and on the south Coromandel coast and weather remains somewhat unsettled in the extreme south.

Forecast.—Local rain is likely over the southern half of the Peninsula.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 27th November 1922.

The monsoon has retreated from the central parts of the country but has strengthened in the Bay and the south of the Peninsula. Rainfall has been local in the Bombay Deccan, north Hyderabad, south-east Madras and the Madras Deccan while a few falls have occurred in Tenaserin and the south Central Provinces.

The chief amounts not already shown in the Bombay Report are:—Port Blair one and a half inches; Victoria Point three-quarters; Pamban three-quarters; Cuddalore one and a half.

The disturbance on the north-west frontier is slightly more marked to-day.

OBSERVATIONS RECORDED AT 8 HOURS ON SATURDAY, THE 25TH OF NOV. 1922.

DIVISION	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hrs	Minimum of past 24 hrs.	Humidity At 8 hrs.	Rainfall. Past 24 hrs.	Total, 1st November to date	Departure 1st Nov. to date
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire' 27th	78.9	62.0	63	..	0	..
Lask	83.3	87.0	95	..	0	—1.34
Muskat ..	80.3	69.1	75	..	0	—0.26
Do. 22nd ..	..	..	..	..	0	—0.36
PUNJAB—						..
Multan ..	78.7	53.2	72	..	0	—0.07
Rawalpindi ..	75.3	41.1	81	..	0	—0.27
Lahore	77.4	46.4	81	..	0	—0.08
Hissar	79.7	45.7	72	..	0	—0.01
Ambala	80.0	46.4	76	..	0	—0.29
Delhi	76.0	54.6	60	..	0	—0.18
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	78.8	52.1	61	..	0	—0.13
Mainpuri	79.4	51.5	68	..	0	..
Jhansi	80.8	49.1	57	..	0	—0.74
Cawnpore	78.1	52.0	72	..	0	—0.37
Allahabad	81.4	52.6	74	..	0	—0.35
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobanad ..	76.2	48.8	71	..	0	—0.06
Karachi	86.2	62.8	41	..	0	—0.05
Ajmer	80.2	46.2	62	..	0	—0.17
Jaipur	80.5	48.1	50	..	0.51	+0.36
Kotah	81.6	52.6	52	..	0	—0.08
Mount Abu ..	70.0	54.9	40	..	0	—0.21
GUJRAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	88.6	53.5

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BENGAL COUNCIL.

RELEASE OF POLITICAL PRISONERS NEGATIVED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, Nov. 27.

At to-day's meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council the Hon. Mr. Stephenson in reply to a question said that no restriction had been imposed by the Government regarding wearing of the Gandhi caps. No person had been convicted in Bengal for wearing a Gandhi cap. In reply to another question regarding the non-cooperation prisoners in Pabna and Sirajganj jails the Hon. Mr. Stephenson said no special class prisoners in those jails had suffered from smallpox, influenza and typhoid.

Several questions were asked in connection with a case recently decided by the fourth Presidency Magistrate in which two constables of the Calcutta Police were convicted of assaulting a man and in which the Magistrate found that the conduct of the Inspector in that case showed his solicitude to save the culprits. The Hon. Mr. Stephenson replying said that the Inspector in question had been suspended and proceedings had been drawn up against him. The Inspector was appointed in 1898. His record contained several punishments as well as commendations. The Deputy Commissioner of Police enquired into the matter but only two constables were identified before him. Further enquiry is being made. The question of the desirability of taking steps for enhancement of sentences passed on the constables is under consideration.

RELEASE OF S. C. SEN GUPTA.

Replying to another question about the release of Suresh Chunder Sen Gupta, who was convicted for a political dacoity in 1911, the Hon. Mr. Stephenson said he was in the Andamans till February 1919 and in that month was brought to Madras and confined in a jail there. He was sentenced to transportation for life. He had earned over three years' total remission. He had not served out the full term of his sentence but only fourteen years including remissions. The Government of Madras had in the usual course enquired whether he should be released. The question had been considered and it was decided that he should not be released at present.

At to-day's meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council in reply to a question regarding the North Bengal flood the Hon. Maharajadhiraj of Burdwan said at present no one was getting relief in the centres opened by the Government in Royshahi and Pabna districts. A grant of gratuitous relief in those areas had been stopped as it was no longer required. In the district of Bogra, however, an average number of persons still receiving relief was about fifteen hundred daily so far as could be estimated at present by the local officers. This number would be in need of relief for some time. No relief centres were opened in the district of Ninajpur as distress there was only slight.

At to-day's meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council a resolution was moved that those political prisoners in Bengal who had not been convicted of violence or of destruction of property or of incitement thereto should be released immediately.

The Government opposed the motion which was negatived.

BURMA COUNCIL ELECTIONS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
RANGOON, Nov. 27.

Several nationalists have been returned from Lower Burma rural constituencies and two moderates and one nationalist from Moulmein urban. Mr. Tyabji, a candidate for Rangoon Municipal Mahomedan constituency, has withdrawn under instructions from the Central Khilafat Committee.

A Nagpur message of November 27, states:—The Reception Committee of the 5th All-India Liberal Federation greeted the Right Hon. tion Committee for the welcome and accept the presidentship of the Liberal Conference. Mr. Sastri on his return and offered him Mr. Sastri has replied thanking the receping the presidentship with diffidence—(A. P.)

The Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Mormagao Harbour wires:—On the 26th instant at 11/4 hours No. 135 up goods derailed at mile 23 near Dudhsagar Station W. and P. section of the M. S. M. Railway. Traffic was interrupted and transhipment was necessary. The line is expected to be cleared by 12 hours on Tuesday.—(A. P.)

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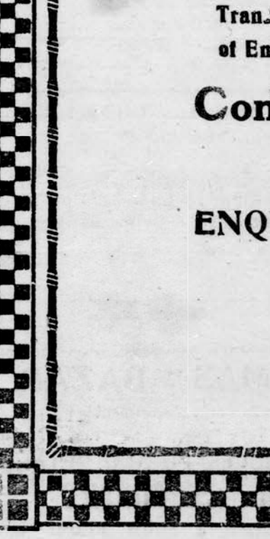

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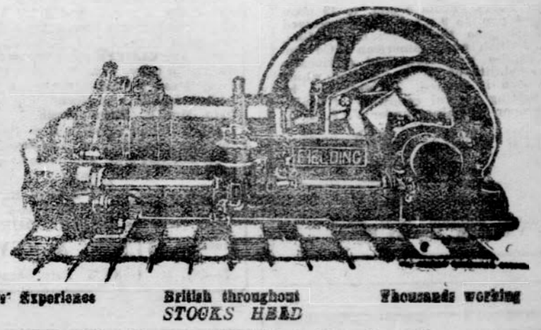

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